Questions

1-What is meant by the word genre?

- 1. Food
- 2. Type
- 3. Literary type

2-a child means any human being between birth and puberty this means that the child is

- 1. any person
- 2. <u>A human being</u>
- 3. A mature person

3-In the field of literature, the word letters means:

- 1. Sounds
- 2. Linguistics
- 3. Works of art

4-A man of letters is

- 1. the teacher of phonetics
- 2. The one who sells letters
- 3. An author or a writer of creative works

5-The word literature is originally:

- 1. Arabic
- 2. English
- 3. Italian
- 4. <u>Latin</u>

6-The word literature has one meaning only

- 1. True
- 2. Untrue
- 3. We have no idea

7-The body of written works and accompanying illustrations produced in

order to entertain and instruct young people is called:

- 1. Drama
- 2. The novel
- 3. Children's literature

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Children's Literature

8-Definitions Children's literature covers the period of time from

- 1. Birth to death
- 2. Birth till the age of ten
- 3. 5 to 18
- 4. Birth to the age of 18

9-Children's literature is:

- 1. read only by children
- 2. Read by children and adults
- 3. Read only at schools
- 4. Read only before going to sleep

10-Children's literature dates back to

- 1. <u>The year 600 A.D.</u>
- 2. 1600
- 3. 1700
- 4. 1800
- 11-Why did children prefer reading *Gulliver's Travels* and *Robinson Crusoe* to reading books by scholars and preachers?
 - 1. The latter books were dull
 - 2. The former books were available
 - 3. Both novels were a must at schools
- 12-in the 1800s, why were books for children published without any name attached?
 - 1. Writers were ashamed of them
 - 2. That was the habit with all books
 - 3. No one knows

13-What did Charles and Mary Lamb write for children in the 19th century?

- 1. a novel
- 2. A poem
- 3. a children's version of Shakespeare's plays

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Children's Literature

14-Charles and Mary Lamb were?

1. Husband and wife

2. Brother and sister

15-What is the first novel to have been written for the pure pleasure and enjoyment of

children?

- 1. Alice in the Wonderland
- 2. Robinson Crusoe
- 3. Gulliver's Travels
- 4. Animal Farm

16-Children's literature can be read and enjoyed by:

- 1. children only
- 2. Adults only
- 3. Both adults and children

17-Literature for children

- 1. must use fantasy only.
- 2. Must mix fantasy and realism
- 3. Must never use logic or realism

18-Which is more preferable for children, fables or allegories?

- 1. Fables
- 2. <u>Allegories</u>
- 3. None of the above

19-Whose point of view should be dominant in a book for children?

- 1. That of children
- 2. The point of view of grown ups
- 3. The author's point of view.

20-Children's Literature:

- 1. must always be simplistic
- 2. Should be easy and acceptable
- 3. Must be difficult to understand

21-Children's Literature Focuses on action:

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- 1. it should never deal with ideas
- 2. It has to have action all the time
- 3. It does provide action which helps to understand ideas.

22-Children's literature is didactic:

- 1. It teaches children readers a moral lesson
- 2. It only provides fun no more
- 3. It teaches children politics

23-Repetitions in children's literature means:

- 1. Repeating some words only
- 2. Repeating words, phrases, and situations
- 3. Repeating adjectives only
- 4. Repeating adverbs only

24-Children's Literature Tends to balance the idyllic and the didactic:

- 1. it mixes teaching and delighting
- 2. It prefers teaching to delighting
- 3. It prefers delighting to teaching

25-Mother in the novel is almost an exact copy of:

1. The writer

- 2. The writer's sister
- 3. One famous woman in the 19th century
- 4. Any woman in any age

26-Father is falsely accused of selling state secrets to the Russians. This crime is called:

1. High treason

- 2. Forgery
- 3. Greed

27-How many chapters does The Railway Children consist of?

- 1. <u>14</u>
- 2. 15

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3. 16

4. 17

28-Why has Father been imprisoned?

- 1. He has been accused of selling state secrets to the Russians
- 2. He killed his boss
- 3. He stole money from the government

29-The novel is called the *Railway Children* and yet it begins with a negation of this fact:

- 1. To arouse the interest of children
- 2. Because the writer is fond of negation
- 3. To show that children hate trains
- 4. To attract attention to trains

30-Does the writer support feminism in the novel?

- 1. Yes she does, in an indirect way
- 2. She is very realistic.
- 3. She does that in a direct way
- 4. No she does not

31-the narrative voice is an important aspect of the novel:

- 1. It creates an atmosphere of story telling
- 2. It is just there for fun
- 3. It has nothing to do with the story

32-Mother was almost always there:

- 1. She never slept
- 2. She was always with her kids
- 3. She spent most of her time with her kids

33-For the children, Father was just perfect :

- 1. He used to get high marks at school
- 2. He wanted his chldren to be perfect
- 3. He knew what his kids needed so they considered him perfect

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34-Peter had a birthday--his tenth. This sentence:

- 1. Explains the real change that has taken place in the life of the children
- 2. <u>Is a very fine technique used by the writer to explain the change gradually</u> <u>to children</u>
- 3. Has no meaning
- 35-The novel indirectly talks about the call for the emancipation of women, what is regarded as the Feminist movement.
 - 1. Directly
 - 2. Indirectly
 - 3. Casually

36-Peter's way of dealing with his sisters suggests

- 1. that he is like all boys who do not trust in the power of girls
- 2. He does not have trust in himself
- 3. His sisters do not like him
- 37-The novel hasverisimilitude.
 - 1. <u>A lot of</u>
 - 2. No
 - 3. Some
 - 4. No trace of

38-The way the novel is narrated ismethods of narration in the 19th century novel

- 1. Similar to
- 2. Different from
- 3. Superior to
- 4. Has nothing to do with

39-In the novel, there is a lot of repetition that is:

- 1. Redundant
- 2. Boring
- 3. Useless
- 4. Funny and important

40-("Wassermarrer?"/ basiny washing/ Germ of endearment) These are ways in which the writer emphasizes the.....of the novel.

- 1. Verisimilitude
- 2. Breadth
- 3. Length
- 4. Power

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