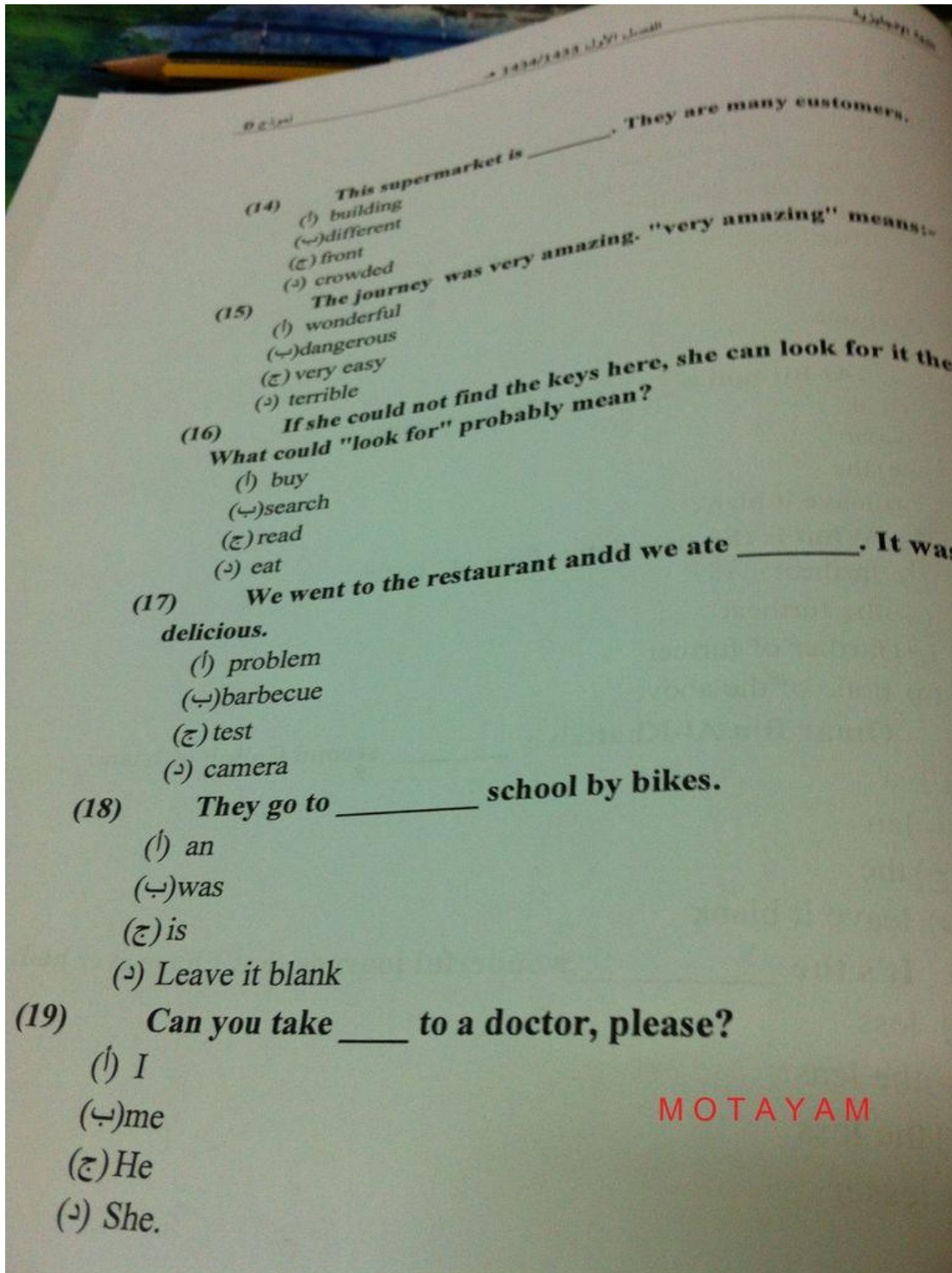


- امتحان اللغة العربية 1434/1433
- 24/05/2014
- (8) Yes, Julian is a teacher.
 (أ) is Julian a teacher?
 (ب) was Julian a teacher?
 (ج) have Julian been a teacher?
 (د) are Julian a teacher?
- (9) I live in Karak city near _____ Dead Sea.
 (أ) the
 (ب) a
 (ج) an
 (د) one
- (10) Al-Birouni is _____ Muslim scientist.
 (أ) a
 (ب) an
 (ج) the
 (د) leave it blank
- (11) What is the superlative form of "far"?
 (أ) farthest
 (ب) the furthest
 (ج) farther of further
 (د) none of the above
- (12) Omar Bin Al-Khattab is _____ second Caliph in Isl
 (أ) a
 (ب) an
 (ج) the
 (د) leave it blank
- (13) It's the _____ wonderful journey that I have
 (أ) less
 (ب) the least
 (ج) the less
 (د) lesser



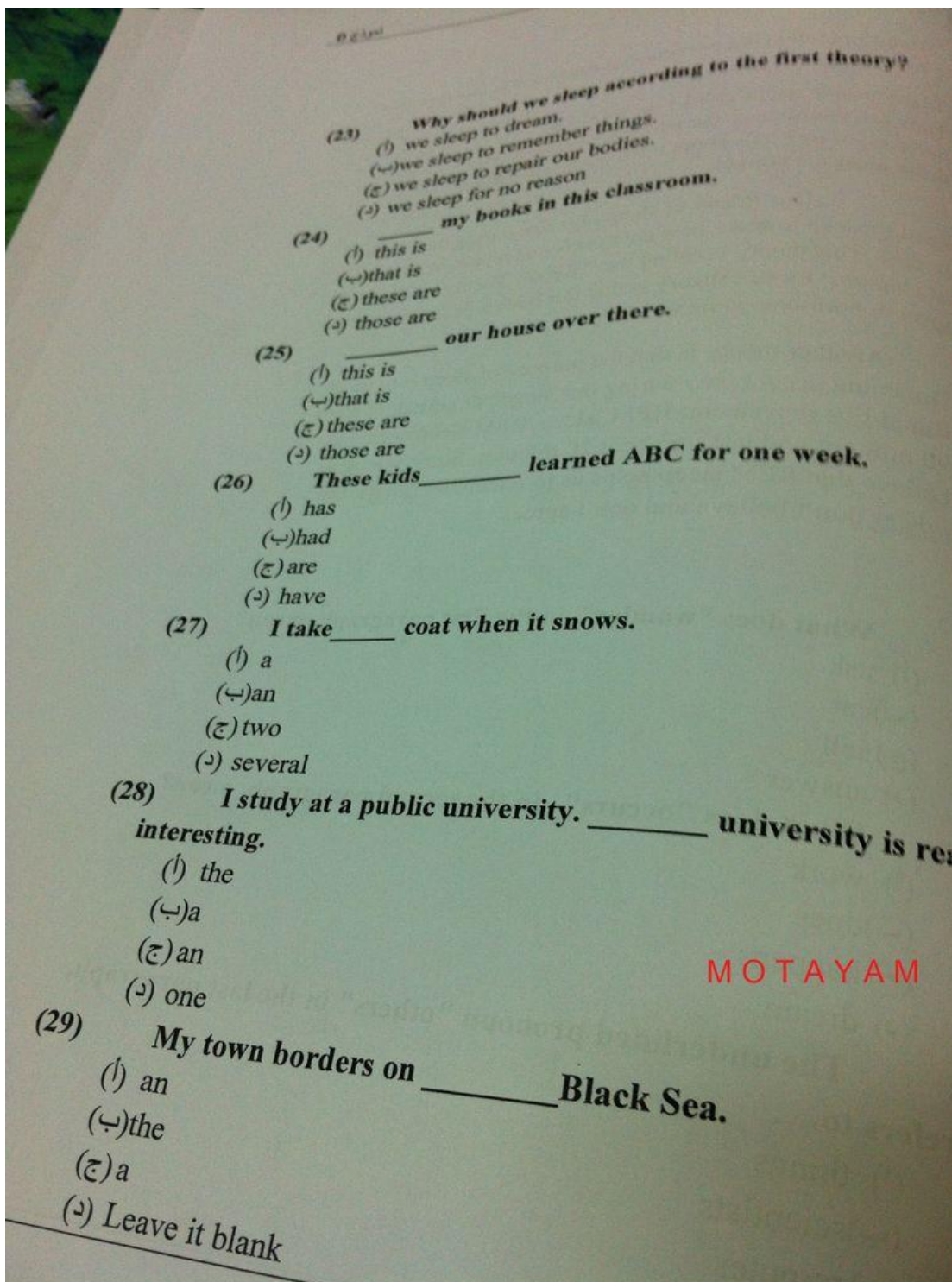
Read the following passage and then answer the questions below.

Many people wonder: Why do we sleep? Why do we dream? They ask themselves the purpose, or reason. There are many theories, or opinions about this, but scientists don't know if these ideas are correct.

One theory of sleep says that during the day, we need to sleep to make new chemicals and repair, or fix our bodies. This theory is called the "Repair Theory". One piece of evidence for this theory is that our bodies produce more of growth hormone while we sleep.

Another theory is that the purpose of sleep is to dream. Dreaming occurs only during one stage, or period, of sleep (Rapid Eye movement- REM) sleep. REM sleep occurs about 90 minutes and last for about 20 minutes. Some scientists believe that REM sleep helps us to remember things, but others don't believe and don't agree.

- (20) What does "wonder", in the first paragraph, mean?
- (ا) ask
 - (ب) eat
 - (ج) sell
 - (د) answer
- (21) What does "occurs", in the second paragraph, mean?
- (ا) work
 - (ب) does
 - (ج) happens
 - (د) dream
- (22) The underlined pronoun "others" in the last paragraph refers to....
- (ا) things
 - (ب) scientists
 - (ج) minutes
 - (د) occurs



e.g. and

(23) Why should we sleep according to the first theory?
(1) we sleep to dream.
(2) we sleep to remember things.
(3) we sleep to repair our bodies.
(4) we sleep for no reason.

(24) _____ my books in this classroom.
(1) this is
(2) that is
(3) these are
(4) those are

(25) _____ our house over there.
(1) this is
(2) that is
(3) these are
(4) those are

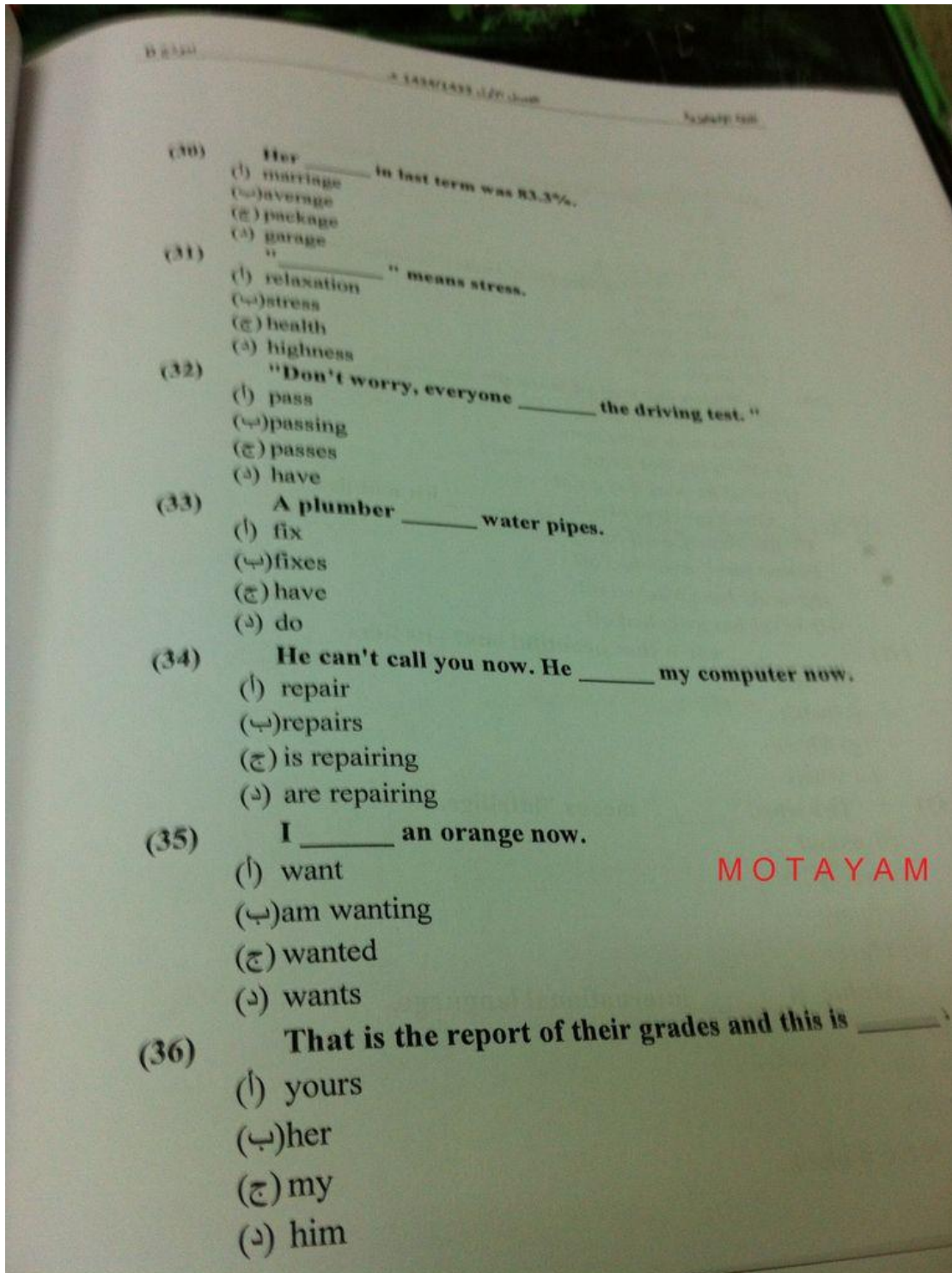
(26) These kids _____ learned ABC for one week.
(1) has
(2) had
(3) are
(4) have

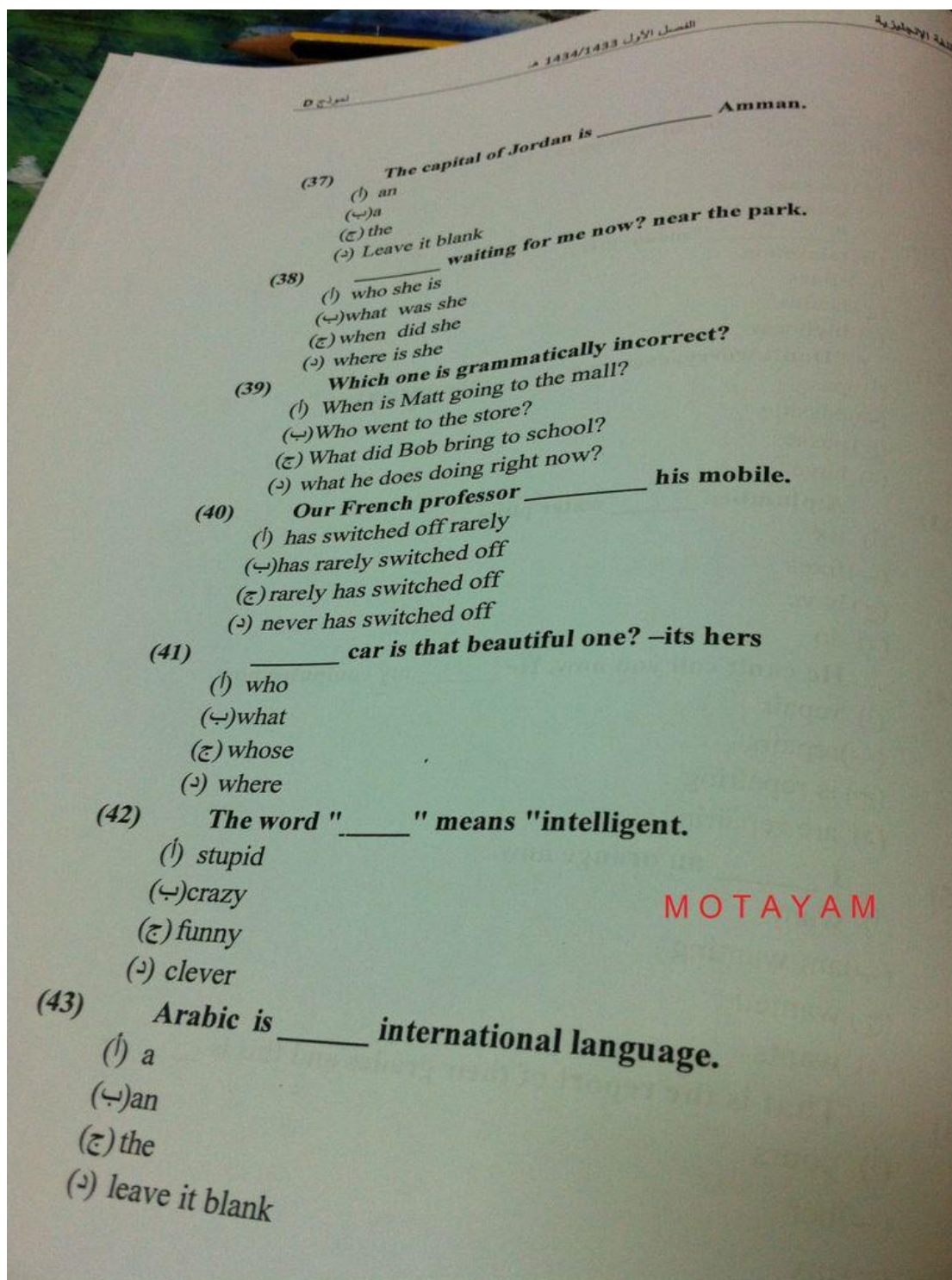
(27) I take _____ coat when it snows.
(1) a
(2) an
(3) two
(4) several

(28) I study at a public university. _____ university is really interesting.
(1) the
(2) a
(3) an
(4) one

MOTAYAM

(29) My town borders on _____ Black Sea.
(1) an
(2) the
(3) a
(4) Leave it blank

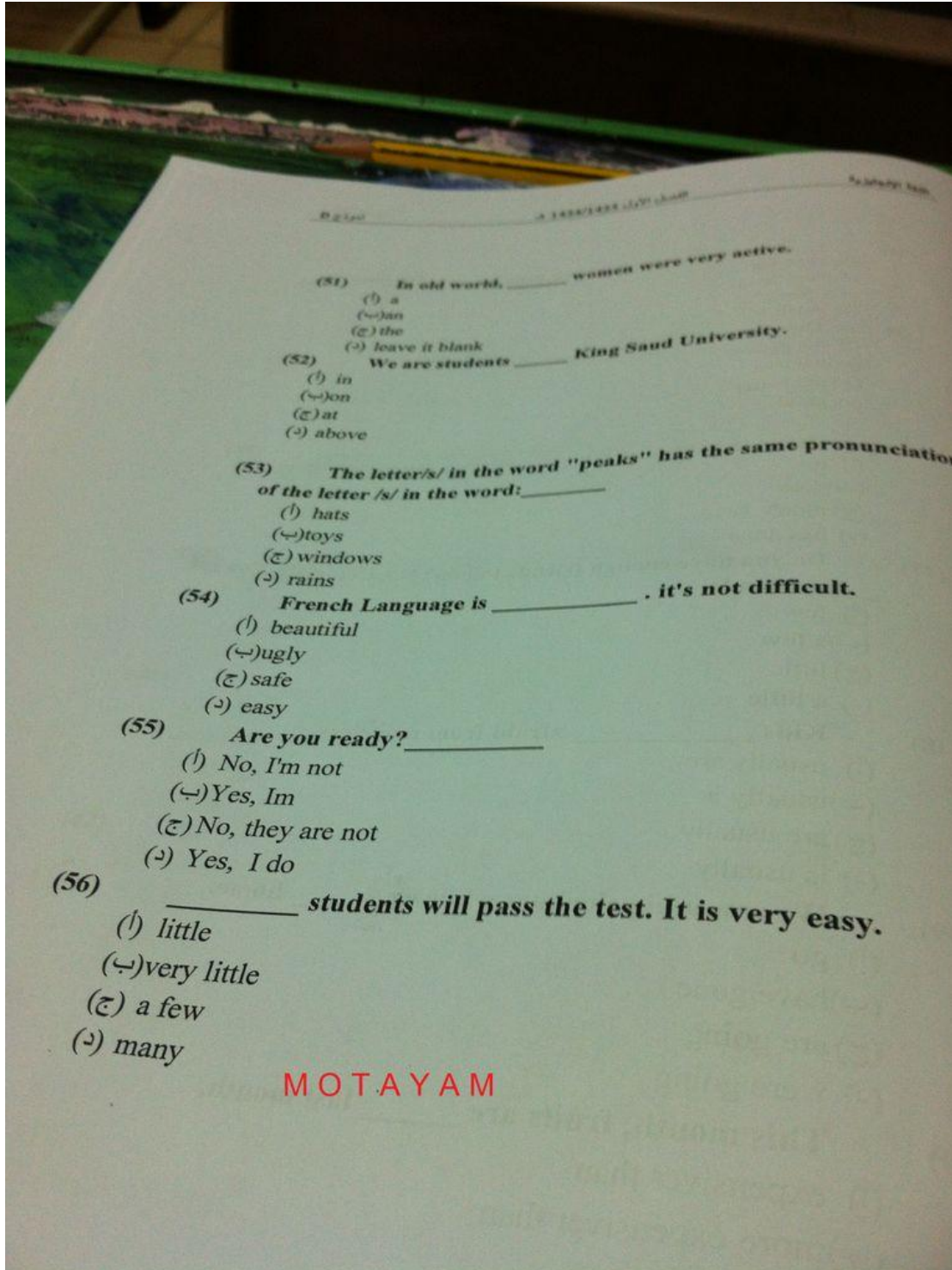




AHAATY

1434

- (44) _____ is your school from your home? _____ it's 200 meters.
(أ) How far
(ب) How long
(ج) often
(د) much
- (45) **The more relaxed you are _____ your health is.**
(أ) the gooder
(ب) the best
(ج) the better
(د) good
- (46) **Omer and Othman _____ a driving test yesterday.**
(أ) do
(ب) does
(ج) didn't have
(د) has done
- (47) **Do you have enough friends to join? No, Unluckily, I've got _____ friends.**
(أ) few
(ب) a few
(ج) little
(د) a little
- (48) **Kids _____ afraid from monsters.**
(أ) usually are
(ب) usually is
(ج) are usually
(د) is usually
- (49) **We saw a big elephant while we _____ home.**
(أ) go
(ب) have gone
(ج) are going
(د) were going
- (50) **This month, fruits are _____ last month.**
(أ) expensiver than
(ب) more expensiver than
(ج) most expensive
(د) more expensive than



(51) In old world, _____ women were very active.

- (A) a
- (B) an
- (C) the
- (D) leave it blank

(52) We are students _____ King Saud University.

- (A) in
- (B) on
- (C) at
- (D) above

(53) The letter/s/ in the word "peaks" has the same pronunciation of the letter /s/ in the word: _____

- (A) hats
- (B) toys
- (C) windows
- (D) rains

(54) French Language is _____, it's not difficult.

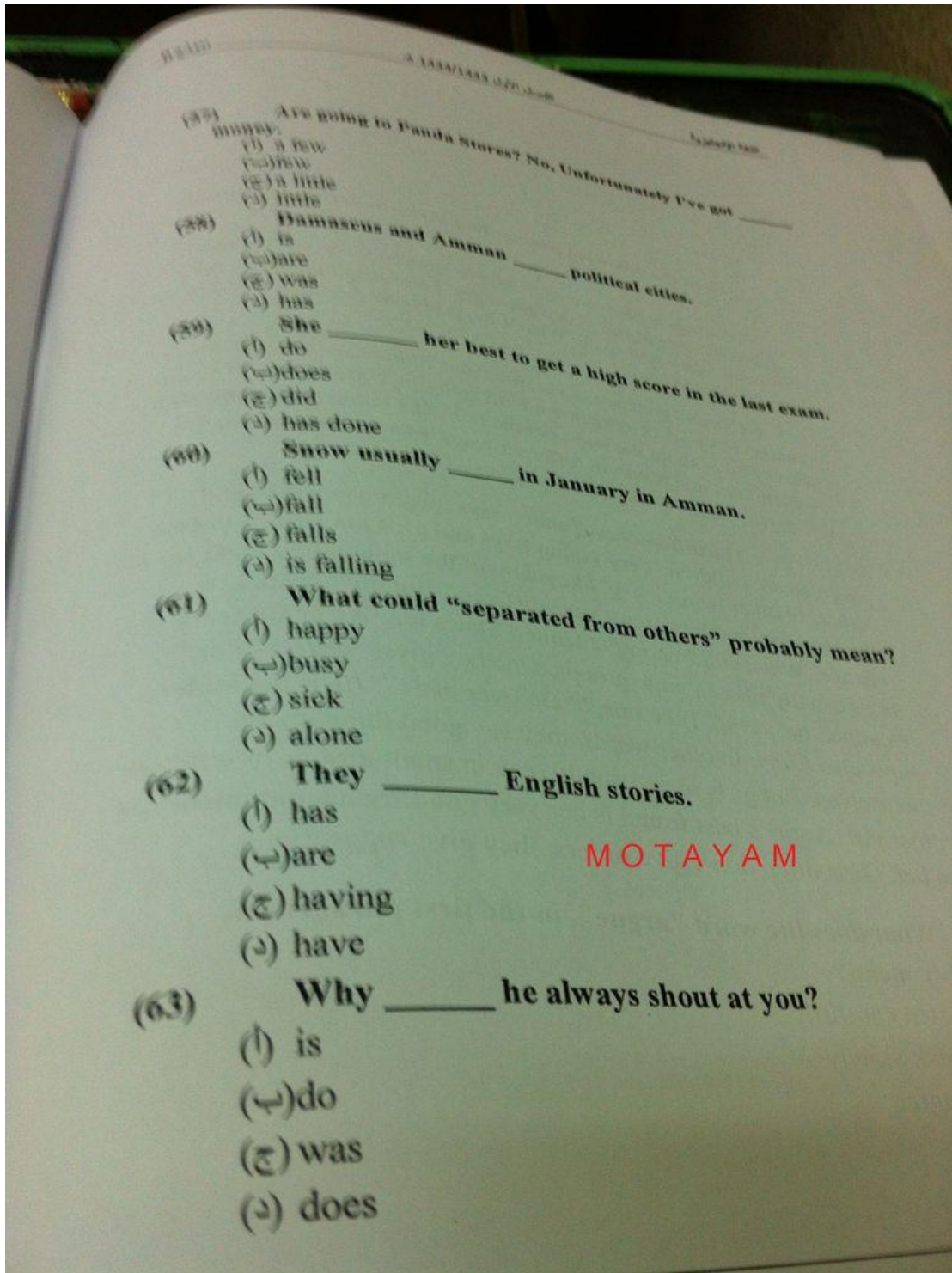
- (A) beautiful
- (B) ugly
- (C) safe
- (D) easy

(55) Are you ready? _____

- (A) No, I'm not
- (B) Yes, Im
- (C) No, they are not
- (D) Yes, I do

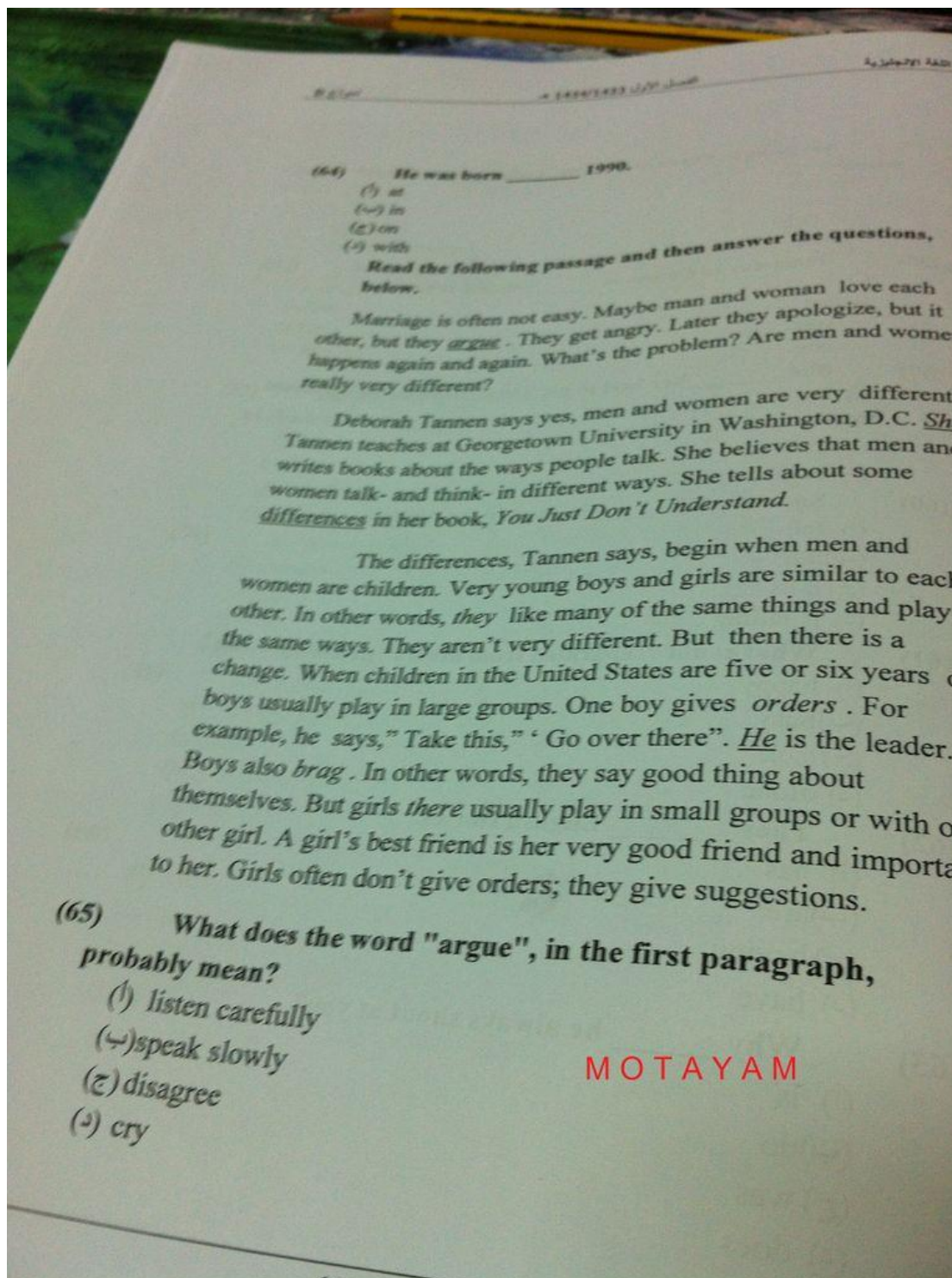
(56) _____ students will pass the test. It is very easy.

- (A) little
- (B) very little
- (C) a few
- (D) many



AHAATY

1434

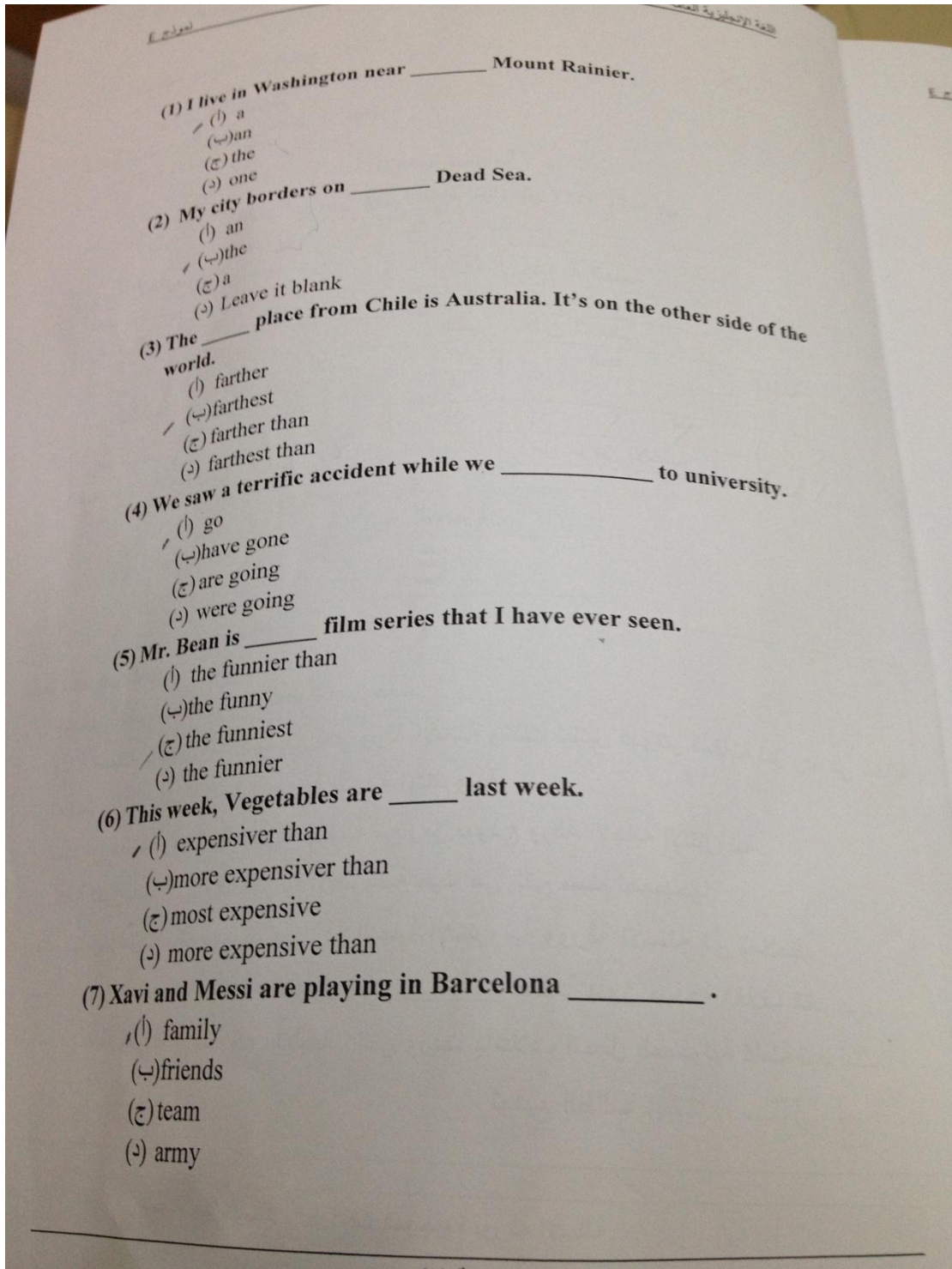


- 1434/1433 هـ
- 1434/1433 هـ
- (66) The underlined pronoun "she", in the 2nd paragraph, refers to
- (أ) women
(ب) Georgetown
(ج) Washington
(د) Tannen
- (67) The word "differences", in the second paragraph, DOES NOT mean...
- (أ) dissimilarity
(ب) not similar
(ج) similarities
(د) not like
- (68) _____ give suggestions while playing in groups.
- (أ) a man
(ب) a girl
(ج) a boy
(د) old people
- (69) The underlined pronoun "he", in the last paragraph, refers to
- (أ) Tannen
(ب) one boy
(ج) boys
(د) girl
- (70) Professor Mosleh is going to visit us _____ July .
- (أ) in
(ب) on
(ج) in
(د) on

MOTAYAM

أسف على قلة جودة الصور

مع التمنيات الطيبة بالتوفيق



(1) I live in Washington near _____ Mount Rainier.

- (a) a
- (b) an
- (c) the
- (d) one

(2) My city borders on _____ Dead Sea.

- (a) an
- (b) the
- (c) a
- (d) Leave it blank

(3) The _____ place from Chile is Australia. It's on the other side of the world.

- (a) farther
- (b) farthest
- (c) farther than
- (d) farthest than

(4) We saw a terrific accident while we _____ to university.

- (a) go
- (b) have gone
- (c) are going
- (d) were going

(5) Mr. Bean is _____ film series that I have ever seen.

- (a) the funnier than
- (b) the funny
- (c) the funniest
- (d) the funnier

(6) This week, Vegetables are _____ last week.

- (a) expensiver than
- (b) more expensiver than
- (c) most expensive
- (d) more expensive than

(7) Xavi and Messi are playing in Barcelona _____ .

- (a) family
- (b) friends
- (c) team
- (d) army

- (8) In ancient Egypt _____ cats were considered sacred.
✓ (أ) a
(ب) an
(ج) the
(د) leave it blank
- (9) I am a student _____ King Faisal University.
✓ (أ) in
(ب) on
(ج) at
(د) above
- (10) The word " _____ " is closest in meaning to the phrase " very clever".
✓ (أ) interesting
(ب) easy
(ج) enjoyable
(د) intelligent
- (11) _____ house is that beautiful one? – Its mine
✓ (أ) who
(ب) what
(ج) whose
(د) where
- (12) If you didn't find the keys, you can look for it in the other room. What could "look for" probably mean?
✓ (أ) buy
(ب) search
(ج) read
(د) eat
- (13) English language is not difficult. It is _____.
✓ (أ) beautiful
(ب) ugly
(ج) safe
(د) easy
- (14) What could "separated from others" probably mean?
✓ (أ) happy
(ب) busy
(ج) sick
(د) alone

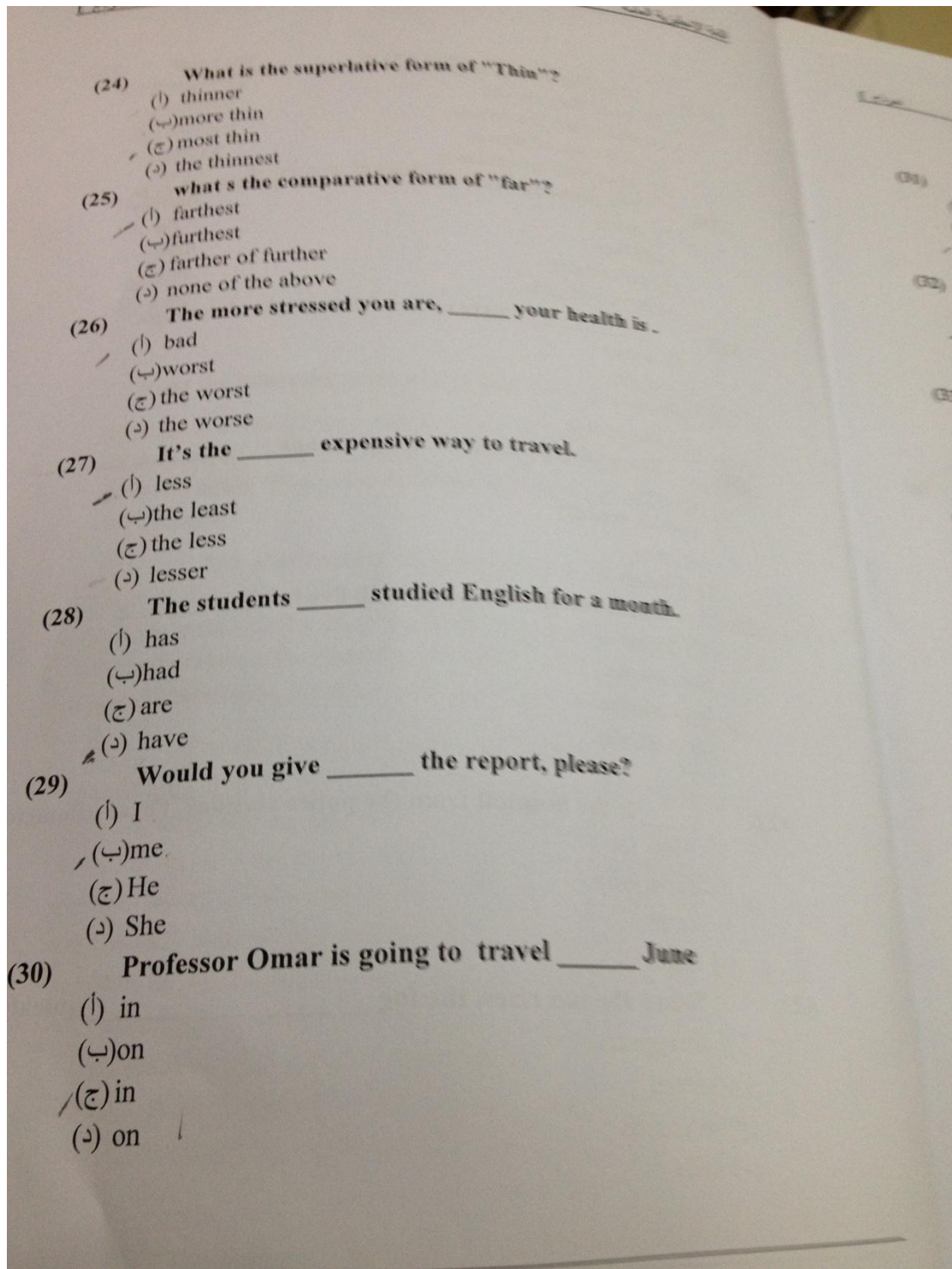
- (15) Her total _____ in this semester is 84.3 %.
- (أ) marriage
(ب) average
(ج) package
(د) garage
- (16) We _____ to launch. We had a _____. It was very delicious.
- (أ) go
(ب) went
(ج) goes
(د) gone

Read the following passage and then answer the questions.

Marriage is often not easy. Maybe man and woman love each other, but they *argue*. They get angry. Later they apologize, but it happens again and again. What's the problem? Are men and women really very *different*?

Deborah Tannen says yes, men and women are very different. Tannen teaches at Georgetown University in Washington, D.C. *She* writes books about the ways people talk. She believes that men and women talk- and think- in different ways. She tells about some differences in her book, *You Just Don't Understand*.

The differences, Tannen says, begin when men and women are children. Very young boys and girls are similar to each other. In other words, *they* like many of the same things and play in the same ways. They aren't very different. But then there is a change. When children in the United States are five or six years old, boys usually play in large groups. One boy gives *orders*. For example, he says, "Take this," "Go over there". *He* is the leader. Boys also *brag*. In other words, they say good things about themselves. But girls *there* usually play in small groups or with one other girl. A girl's best friend is her very good friend and important to her. Girls often don't give orders; they give suggestions.



AHAATY

1434

- (31) Mrs. Lee was born _____ October.
(ا) at
(ب) in
(ج) on
(د) with
- (32) Snow usually _____ in January in Jordan.
(ا) fell
(ب) fall
(ج) falls
(د) is falling
- (33) Why _____ she always call you "TomTom"?
(ا) is
(ب) do
(ج) was
(د) does
- (34) "Don't worry, everyone _____ the test yesterday."
(ا) passed
(ب) passing
(ج) passes
(د) work
- (35) A technician _____ most technical problems.
(ا) fix
(ب) fixes
(ج) travel
(د) coat
- (36) _____ living now? – near the Bank.
(ا) who she is
(ب) what was she
(ج) when did she
(د) where is she
- (37) Which one is grammatically wrong?
(ا) When is Matt going to the mall?
(ب) Who went to the store?
(ج) what did Bob bring to school?
(د) what he does doing right now?

- (38) Are going to Cinema? Yes, fortunately I've got _____ money.
- (أ) a few
 (ب) few
 (ج) a little
 (د) little

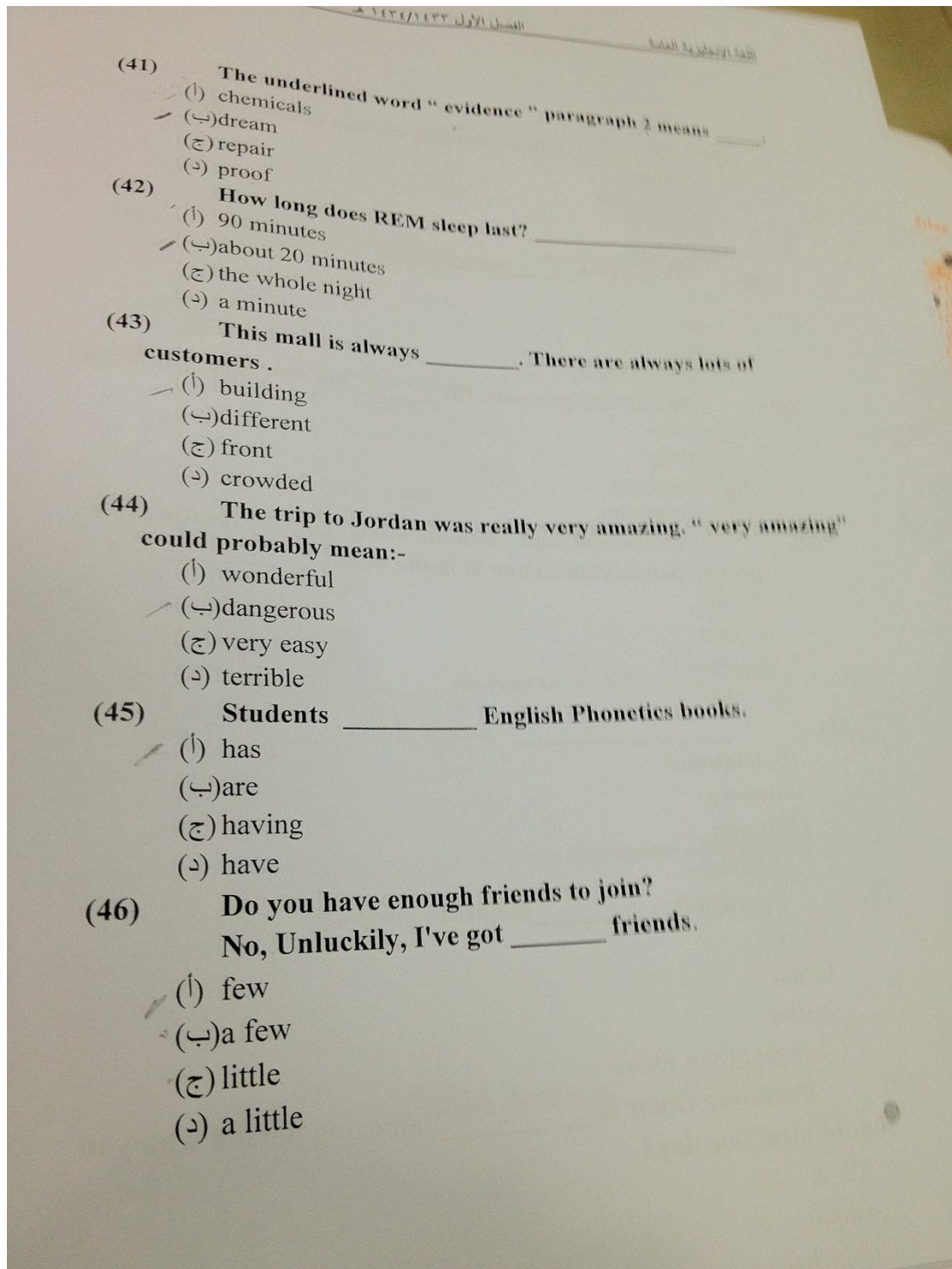
Read the following passage and then answer the questions.

Many people *wonder*: Why do we sleep? Why do we dream? They ask themselves the purpose, or reason. There are many theories, or opinions about this, but scientists don't know if these ideas are correct.

One theory of sleep says that during the day, we need sleep to make new chemicals and repair, or fix, our bodies. This theory is called the "Repair Theory". One piece of evidence for this theory is that our bodies produce more of growth hormone while we sleep.

Another theory is that the purpose of sleep is to dream. Dreaming occurs only during one stage, or period, of sleep (Rapid Eye movement- REM) sleep. REM sleep occurs about 90 minutes and last for about 20 minutes. Some scientists believe that REM sleep helps us to remember things, but *others* don't believe and don't agree.

- (39) The underlined pronoun "themselves" refers to: _____.
- (أ) reasons
 (ب) dreams
 (ج) purposes
 (د) people
- (40) The underlined pronoun "this" paragraph 1 refers to _____
- (أ) purposes of dreaming and sleeping
 (ب) scientists of dreaming
 (ج) theories of sleeping and dreaming
 (د) people who sleep



(41) The underlined word "evidence" paragraph 2 means _____
✓ (أ) chemicals
(ب) dream
(ج) repair
(د) proof

(42) How long does REM sleep last? _____
✓ (أ) 90 minutes
(ب) about 20 minutes
(ج) the whole night
(د) a minute

(43) This mall is always _____. There are always lots of customers .
✓ (أ) building
(ب) different
(ج) front
(د) crowded

(44) The trip to Jordan was really very amazing. "very amazing" could probably mean:-
✓ (أ) wonderful
(ب) dangerous
(ج) very easy
(د) terrible

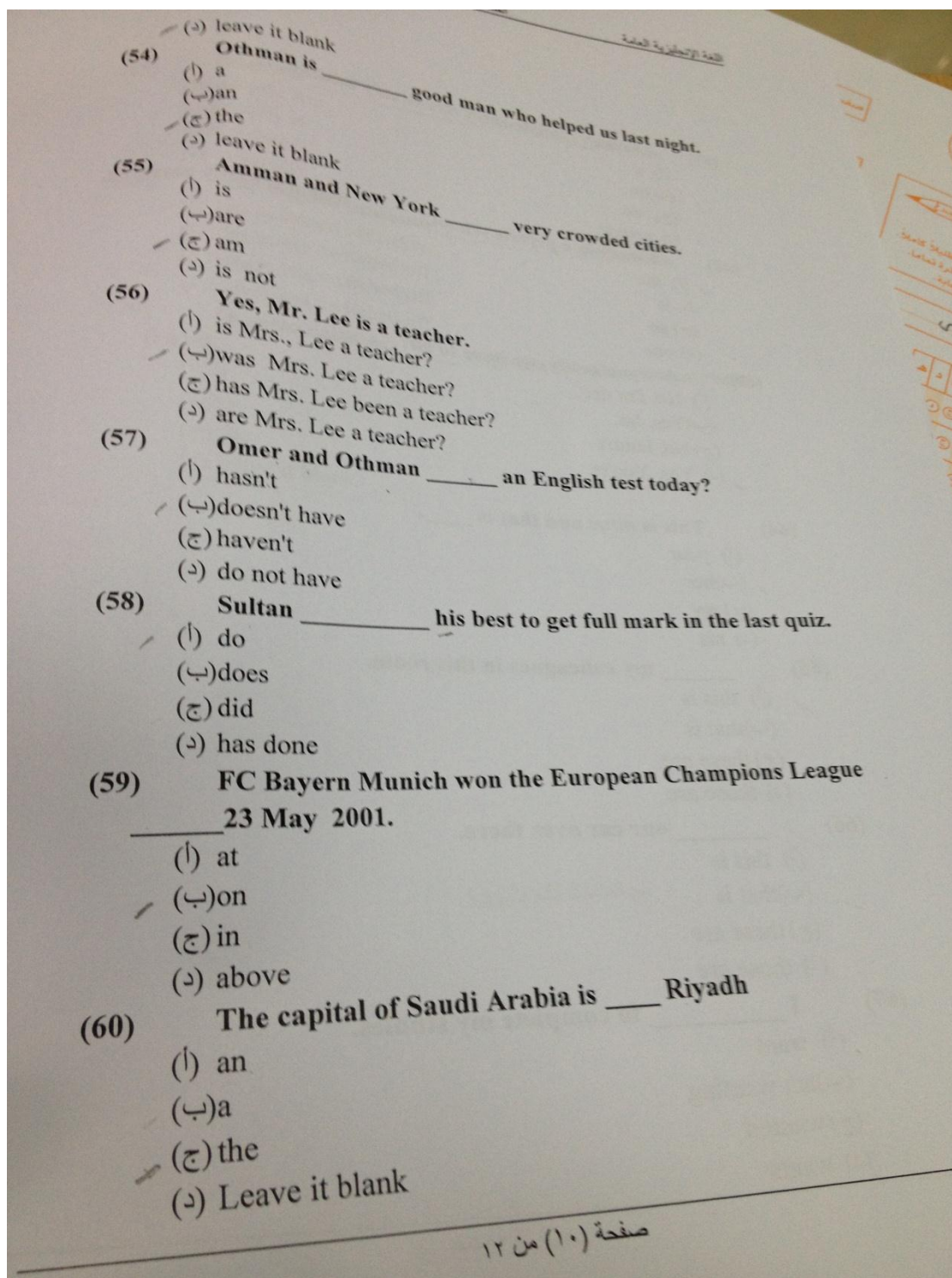
(45) Students _____ English Phonetics books.
✓ (أ) has
(ب) are
(ج) having
(د) have

(46) Do you have enough friends to join?
No, Unluckily, I've got _____ friends.
✓ (أ) few
(ب) a few
(ج) little
(د) a little

AHAATY

1434

- (47) _____ students will pass the test. It is very easy.
(أ) little
(ب) very little
(ج) a little
(د) many
- (48) He comes to _____ work by taxi.
(أ) a
(ب) an
(ج) the
(د) Leave it blank
- (49) He can't call you now. He _____ the sink right this second.
(أ) repair
(ب) repairs
(ج) is repairing
(د) are repairing
- (50) The underlined letter /s/ in the word 'peaks' has the same pronunciation of the letter /s/ in the word: _____
(أ) hats
(ب) toys
(ج) windows
(د) rains
- (51) " _____ " means stress.
(أ) relaxation
(ب) worry
(ج) health
(د) highness
- (52) Spanish is _____ beautiful language.
(أ) a
(ب) an
(ج) the
(د) none of the above
- (53) Professor Omar is _____ amazing person who you should meet one day?
(أ) a
(ب) an
(ج) what



AHAATY

1434

- التميز الأول ١٤٣٣/١٤٣٤ هـ
- الجمهورية العربية السورية
- (61) I take ___ apple every day to stay healthy.
(أ) a
(ب) an
(ج) two
(د) several
- (62) I study in a private school. ___ school is really amazing.
(أ) the
(ب) a
(ج) an
(د) one
- (63) Are you ready, we have to go? _____
(أ) No, I'm not
(ب) Yes, Im
(ج) No, Iamn't
(د) Yes, You're
- (64) This is mine and that is _____.
(أ) your
(ب) her
(ج) my
(د) his
- (65) _____ my colleagues in this room.
(أ) this is
(ب) that is
(ج) these are
(د) those are
- (66) _____ our car over there.
(أ) this is
(ب) that is
(ج) these are
(د) those are
- (67) I _____ to complete my studies.
(أ) want
(ب) am wanting
(ج) wanted
(د) wants

- (68) **Students** _____ **afraid from final tests.**
- (أ) usually are
(ب) usually is
(ج) are usually
(د) is usually
- (69) **Our English professor** _____ **his mobile.**
- (أ) has switched off rarely
(ب) has rarely switched off
(ج) rarely has switched off
(د) never has switched off
- (70) **In some cultures** _____ **dogs are considered man's best friend.**
- (أ) a
(ب) an
(ج) the
(د) leave it blank