



King Faisal University e- Learning Deanship & Distance Education

Course: Grammatical Rules and Systems Instructor: Abdulrahman A. Alsayed

Exercises "Lectures 1-14"

السآحر: by



Grammatical Rules and Systems- Exercises

 I dentify the type of each of the following sentences. How often do you come here? 				
•	b. question	c. command	d. exclamation	
2. How interesting a. statement		c. command	d. exclamation	
3. Hurry up before a. statement	e the train's depar b. question	ture! c. command	d. exclamation	
4. How interesting a. statement	-	c. command	d. exclamation	
5. This article is v a. statement	•	c. command	d. exclamation	
 2 - Identify whether the underlined verb is the main verb or the helping verb of each sentence below: 1. Students like fast food. a. main verb b. helping verb 				
2. He <u>has</u> enough money for the trip.a. main verbb. helping verb				
3. Khaled <u>does</u> not want to go to school today.a. main verb b. helping verb				
4. He is <u>helping</u> me wash the dishes.a. main verbb. helping verb				
5. He <u>will</u> arrive s a. main verb	shortly. b. helping v	verb		
3 - Decide whether the underlined verbs are:				
1. The student <u>ne</u> a. intransitive	eds a pen. b. monotra	nsitive	c. ditransitive	
2. Ali <u>told</u> his frie a. intransitive	end a joke. b. monotra	nsitive	c. ditransitive	

3. Students <u>study</u> . a. intransitive	b. monotransitive	c. ditransitive		
4. Students <u>study</u> boo a. intransitive		c. ditransitive		
1. The children went	of <u>the underlined NP</u> . to bed late. al group c. pronoun d. pron	ominal group		
	a group c. pronoun a. pron	ommar group		
2. I made this cake my a. noun b. nomina	y <u>self</u> . al group <mark>c. pronoun</mark> d. pron	ominal group		
3. Ahmed owns <u>an ex</u> a. noun b. nomina	pensive car . al group c. pronoun d. pron	ominal group		
4. <u>Khaled</u> bought a bo a. noun b. nomina	ook. al group c. pronoun d. pron	ominal group		
5. The book is <u>his</u> . a. noun b. nomina	al group <mark>c. pronoun</mark> d. pron	ominal group		
	fice forgot to lock the door. al group c. pronoun d. pron	ominal group		
5 - Identify whether <u>the underlined noun</u> is: 1. Mohammed gave me a <u>pen</u> .				
a. a common noun (ex b. a common noun (ge	cample of a class) eneric) c. a proper no	oun		
 2. A <u>pen</u> is an instrument used for writing. a. a common noun (example of a class) b. a common noun (generic) c. a proper noun 				
3. Khaled's <u>car</u> is new a. a common noun (ex b. a common noun (ge	ample of a class)	oun		
4. <u>Khaled</u> has a new car. a. a common noun (example of a class)				
b. a common noun (ge	eneric) c. a proper no	oun		

5. **Fruit** is good for you. a. a common noun (example of a class) b. a common noun (generic) c. a proper noun 6 - Decide whether the following NPs can be followed by: 1. Ahmed's young brother a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 2. his family a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 3. juice a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 4. the company a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 5. men a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 7 - In the following phrases, decide which of the underlined words is: 1. a big store a. the head b. a post-modifier c. a pre-modifier 2. the **store** manager a. the head b. a post-modifier c. a pre-modifier 3. the leader <u>of the group</u> b. a post-modifier a. the head c. a pre-modifier 4. the group leader a. the head b. a post-modifier c. a pre-modifier 5. someone in my office a. the head b. a post-modifier c. a pre-modifier

 8 - Identify the type of the underlined determiner in the following sentences: 1. <u>This</u> exercise is easy. a. article b. demonstrative c. possessive d. quantifier 				
 2. <u>Their</u> friend is here. a. article b. demonstrative c. possessive d. quantifier 				
 3. <u>The</u> visitor came early. a. article b. demonstrative c. possessive d. quantifier 				
4. <u>Many</u> people watch the show every week.a. articleb. demonstrative c. possessived. quantifier				
5. <u>These</u> sentences are interesting.a. article b. demonstrative c. possessive d. quantifier				
 9 - Choose the appropriate pronoun: 1. 1st person plural pronoun a. he b. we c. they d. you 				
2. 3rd person singular masculine pronoun a. they b. it c. you d. he				
3. 2nd person singular pronouna. youb. Ic. wed. she				
 10 - What is the form of the finite verb in each sentence? 1. The manager <u>talked</u> to the employees. a. base form b. 3rd person singular form c. past form 				
 2. <u>He</u> drinks coffee every morning. a. base form b. 3rd person singular form c. past form 				
3. Ahmed and Khaled usually study together.a. base formb. 3rd person singular formc. past form				
4. I <u>went</u> to the mall yesterday.a. base formb. 3rd person singular formc. past form				
5. At eight o'clock every morning, my father goes to work.a. base formb. 3rd person singular formc. past form				

11 - Decide whether the underlined verbs are:

1. He was able to <u>walk</u> after physical therapy. a. finite b. non-finite

2. He is **making** a chair out of wood. a. finite **b. non-finite**

3. He **made** a chair yesterday in his workshop. a. finite b. non-finite

4. You should <u>spend</u> more time studying.a. finite <u>b. non-finite</u>

5. They **<u>spend</u>** time together every Thursday morning.

a. finite b. non-finite

12 - Choose the <u>correct order</u> for each verbal group:

1. a. have seen could	b. could seen have
c. could have seen	d. seen could have

2. a. have should been doing	b. doing should have been
c. have been should doing	d. should have been doing

3. a. has been studying	b. studying has been
c. been studying has	d. studying been has

13 - Decide whether the type of the verbal group in each sentence is:

h Tune 2 (hous + post
b. Type 2 (have +past
d. Type 4 (be +past participle)
b. Type 2 (have +past
0. Type 2 (nave +past
d. Type 4 (be +past participle)

 3. He is fixing the machine. a. Type 1 (modal +infinitive) participle) c. Type 3 (be +present participle) 	b. Type 2 (have +pastd. Type 4 (be +past participle)		
 4. He has fixed the machine. a. Type 1 (modal +infinitive) participle) c. Type 3 (be +present participle) 	b. Type 2 (have +pastd. Type 4 (be +past participle)		
14 - Decide whether <u>the underlin</u> 1. They <u>do</u> not come here often.	ned verb is:		
a. a main verb operator c. not an operator	b. a helping verb operator		
2. I <u>have</u> not seen this movie yet.a. a main verb operatorc. not an operator	b. a helping verb operator		
 3. Do you <u>have</u> a copy of the mov a. a main verb operator c. not an operator 	ie? b. a helping verb operator		
 4. He <u>is</u> not here. a. a main verb operator c. not an operator 	b. a helping verb operator		
5. He isn't going, <u>is</u> he?a. a main verb operatorc. not an operator	b. a helping verb operator		
 15 - Choose (a) if the given term refers to a form and (b) if it refers to a function. 1. pronominal group a. form b. function 			
2. indirect objecta. formb. function			

- 3. complement a. form b. function

4. subject a. form b. function

5. noun phrase a. form b. function

16 - Choose the correct function for the underlined NPs:
1. His father gave him some important advice.
a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

2. <u>Ahmed's uncle lives in Riyadh.</u>a. <u>Subject</u> b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

3. Ahmed's uncle is <u>a successful businessman</u>. a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

4. Khaled has a lot of books in <u>his room</u>.a. Subject <u>b. Object</u> c. Complement d. Appositive

5. The teacher gave <u>the students</u> exercises. a. Subject <u>b. Object</u> c. Complement d. Appositive

6. My brother <u>Saleh</u> studies at King Faisal University. a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

7. The manager found him <u>a hard working employee</u>. a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

17 - Decide whether the appositive in the following sentences is restrictive or non-restrictive:

1. The shopkeeper Othman is a hard working man. a. restrictive b. non-restrictive

2. Dr. Omar, my Linguistics professor, published a book.a. restrictiveb. non-restrictive

3. Majid and Saleh, my cousins, will visit us tomorrow.a. restrictiveb. non-restrictive

18 - Choose the meaning expressed by the Prepositional Phrase in the following sentences:

1. My office is located <u>on Riyadh Road</u>. a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

2. He graduated college <u>with a good GPA</u>. a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

3. He fixed the door <u>with a hammer</u>. a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

4. They will visit us <u>on Monday</u>. a. place <u>b. time</u> c. manner d. instrument

5. The artist finished the sculpture with great talent.

a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

19 - Choose the correct function for the underlined PP.

- 1. We finished our exam <u>in 2 hours</u>.
- a. complement of subject+BE b. complement of an adjective

c. adjunct d. post-modifier in an NP

2. We visited the big shop <u>in the mall</u>.
a. complement of subject+BE
b. complement of an adjective

c. adjunct d. post-modifier in an NP

3. Mohammed is fluent in English.

a. complement of subject+BE

b. complement of an adjective

c. adjunct

d. post-modifier in an NP

4. Ahmed was *in his uncle's house*.

a. complement of subject+BE

b. complement of an adjective

c. adjunct d. post-modifier in an NP

- 5. Ahmed's uncle has a big TV <u>in his house</u>. a. complement of subject+BE c.
- b. complement of an adjective

c. adjunct

d. post-modifier in an NP

 20 - Decide whether the underlined adjective can be used only attributively, only predicatively or both. 1. He is a smart student. a. only attributively b. only predicatively c. both 			
2. The child is <u>asleep</u>.a. only attributively b. only predicatively c. both			
3. One of the main causes of lung cancer is smoking.a. only attributively b. only predicatively c. both			
 4. Are you <u>afraid</u> of the dark? a. only attributively <u>b. only predicatively</u> c. both 			
5. This runner is <u>fast</u> . a. only attributively b. only predicatively c. both			
 21 - Identify the function of each of <u>the underlined adjective</u> phrases below. 1. The driver <u>responsible</u> for the accident paid the fine. a. complement <u>b. modifier in NP</u> c. head of NP 			
2. The driver was <u>careless</u>.a. complementb. modifier in NPc. head of NP			
 3. He is a <u>careless</u> driver. a. complement b. modifier in NP c. head of NP 			
4. The police found the driver <u>guilty</u>.a. complement b. modifier in NP c. head of NP			
5. The <u>elderly</u> must be respected. a. complement b. modifier in NP c. head of NP			
 22 - Identify the form of the underlined adverbials. 1. He visited me in my house. a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause 			
 2. He is studying <u>to pass the exam</u>. a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause 			
 3. Ali has an exam <u>this morning</u>. a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause 			

4. I will give you my homework <u>after it is done</u>.a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause

5. They walked together, **smiling widely**. a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause

 23 - Choose the type of the underlined adverbials. 1. He <u>always</u> drinks tea in the morning. a. adverbial of frequency c. adverbial of degree b. adverbial of manner d. adverbial of relative time 			
2. The climbers <u>barely</u> madea. adverbial of frequencyb. adverbial of manner		legree	
3. He finished the exam <u>quic</u>a. adverbial of frequencyb. adverbial of manner		legree relative time	
 4. My friends just arrived from their trip. a. adverbial of frequency c. adverbial of degree b. adverbial of manner d. adverbial of relative time 			
 5. They bravely climbed the mountain. a. adverbial of frequency b. adverbial of manner c. adverbial of degree d. adverbial of relative time 			
 24 - Identify the function of each of the underlined adverbials. 1. Are you <u>absolutely</u> sure? a. adjunct b. complement c. object d. modifier 			
2. The child followed his fath a. adjunct b. complement	ner <u>very closely</u> . c. object	d. modifier	
3. He told him <u>when</u> to come a. adjunct b. complement		d. modifier	
4. The show ended <u>very</u> quic a. adjunct b. complement		d. modifier	

5. It was <u>all right</u>.

a. adjunct b. complement c. object d. modifier

25 - Which of <u>the underlined elements</u> is NOT a necessary element of the following clauses? If all elements are necessary, then choose "d".

1. He was in my home yesterday. (1)(2)(3) b. (2) c. (3) d. all elements are necessary a. (1) a good student. 2. Maha is (2)(1)(3) d. all elements are necessary b. (2) c. (3) a. (1) 3. The **angry man waited** impatiently. (1)(2) (3) b. (2) c. (3) d. all elements are necessary a. (1)

26 - Identify the basic clause structure type for each of the following simple sentences.

1. Faisal wrote a a. BE + C +C		c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
2. He is a good v a. BE + C +C		c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
3. He gave me th a. BE + C +C		c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
4. I found the bo a. BE + C +C	U	c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
5.The book is in a. BE + C +C	~ ~	c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO

27 - Choose the type of conjunction in the sentences below:

- 1. My brother and sister went to Dammam.
- a. Coordinating Conjunction

b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction

2. They are <u>both</u> polite <u>and</u> friendly.

a. Coordinating Conjunction

b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction

3. I <u>not only</u> like swimming <u>but also</u> diving.

a. Coordinating Conjunction

b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction

4. I like swimming but not diving.

a. Coordinating Conjunction

b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction

28 - Decide whether the following sentences are:

1. My neighbor and his family are going on a trip.

a. simple sentences b. compound sentences

2. My neighbor is going on a trip but his family are not going with him.

a. simple sentences b. compound sentences

3. Either I lost my wallet or someone stole it. a. simple sentences b. compound sentences

4. The wallet was either lost or stolen. a. simple sentences b. compound sentences

29 - Decide whether the subject in the second clause is:

1. My neighbor is going on a trip and his family are going with him too.

a. Optional (can be deleted) b. Obligatory (cannot be deleted)

2. My neighbor is going on a trip and he will take his family with him.

a. Optional (can be deleted) b. Obligatory (cannot be deleted)

3. Sara will study hard for the exam, and <u>she will</u> try to get high grades.

a. Optional (can be deleted) deleted) b. Obligatory (cannot be

4. Sara will study hard for the exam, and Maha will do the same.a. Optional (can be deleted)b. Obligatory (cannot be deleted)

30 - Decide whether the underlined clause is:

1. It was obvious to everyonethat he wanted to leave.a. dependentb. independent

2. <u>He wanted to leave</u> and this was obvious to everyone. a. dependent b. independent

3. My friends came to visit me when I was in Dammam.a. dependentb. independent

4. My friends came to visit me, but <u>I was in Dammam</u>.a. dependentb. independent

31 - What is the function of the underlined clause?

1. The fact is <u>that</u> a. subject	no one could do i b. object	t. c. complement	d. appositive	
2. <u>What he discov</u> a. subject	1	nt for science. c. complement	d. appositive	
3. The fact <u>that no</u> a. subject		lisappointed me. c. complement	d. appositive	
4. Everyone knows <u>that he made a great discovery</u>.a. subject b. object c. complement d. appositive				
5. The workers re a. subject	ly on <u>what the ma</u> b. object	nager has to say. c. complement	d. appositive	

32 - Which of the subordinate clauses in each of the following sentences is a relative clause?

1. The machine <u>which makes plastic</u> bottles is broken.

a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

2. The manager is upset about <u>what the worker told him</u>.a. relative clauseb. not a relative clause

3. The problem is <u>that he didn't oil the machine</u>. a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

4. The worker <u>that forgot to oil the machine</u> is speaking with the manager.

a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

5. They called a technician <u>who could fix the machine</u>. a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

33 - Which of the following is a pronoun?

nice

34 - Which of the following is NOT an article?

a. them b. the c. a	d. an
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35 - What is the function of the underlined phrase?

"<u>The students are attending a lecture.</u>" a. subject b. direct object c. indirect object d. complement

36 - "He will come tomorrow." The adjunct in this sentence is: a. He b. will c. come d. tomorrow

37 - Nouns which cannot be preceded by "one" and have no plural form are called:

a. count nounc. mass nounb. countable nound. collective noun

38 - The name of someone or something that is usually imagined to be unique is called:

a. proper noun b. generic noun c. common noun d. collective noun

39 - Which of the underlined pronouns in the following sentences is a reflexive pronoun.

c. I did the homework myself. a. He is here. b. This car is <u>mine</u>. d. Everyone came on time.

40 - Which of the following is NOT one of the types of pronouns?

a. personal pronounsb. generic pronounsc. reflexive pronounsd. indefinite pronouns

- d. indefinite pronouns

41 - Which of the following that-clauses has an obligatory subordinating conjunction.

a. That they had an exam last week was reason enough for the students not to go on the trip.

b. The students didn't know that Ahmed was not notified about the time of the exam.

c. The reason is that no one told him about it.

d. They all noticed that he did not attend the exam.

نسألكم الدعاء

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