#### **Applied Linguistics**

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#### **Lecture 3**

- 1. Studying learners' errors is important because:
  - a. It provides data from which inferences about the nature of the language learning process can be made>
  - b. It indicates which part of the target language students have most difficulty producing correctly.
  - c. It indicates which error types detract most from a learner's ability to communicate effectively.
  - d. All true
- 2. In the example: (He hit his car), the error belongs to:
  - a. Double marking
  - b. Omitting grammatical morphemes
  - c. Regularizing rules
  - d. Using archiforms
- 3. Adding (s) to woman to make a plural is an error which belongs to:
  - a. Double marking
  - b. Omitting grammatical morphemes
  - c. Regularizing rules
  - d. Using archiforms
- 4. In the example: (I see her yesterday. Her dance with my brother), the error belongs to:
  - a. Double marking

- b. Omitting grammatical morphemes
- c. Regularizing rules
- d. Using archiforms

#### 5. In the example: (She didn't went back.), the error belongs to:

- a. Misordering items in constructions
- b. Omitting grammatical morphemes
- c. Regularizing rules
- d. Using archiforms

#### 6. In the example: (what you are doing?.), the error belongs to:

- a. Double marking
- b. Omitting grammatical morphemes
- c. Regularizing rules
- d. Misordering items in constructions

### 7. In the example: (They are all the time late.), the error belongs to:

- a. Misordering items in constructions
- b. Omitting grammatical morphemes
- c. Regularizing rules
- d. Using archiforms

## 8. Error analysis studies claim that the majority of learner's errors were intralingual. Intralingual means:

- a. Caused by the structure of L2
- b. Caused by the structure of L1
- c. Caused by both
- d. Neither

9. One of the following is NOT one of the causes of errors:	
	a. <u>Literal translation</u>
	b. Intralingual factors
	c. Transfer of training
	d. Learning strategies
10.	One of the following is NOT one of the causes of errors:
	a. Language transfer
	b. Intralingual factors
	c. Transfer of training
	d. Articulation difficulties
11. th	In respect to learners' errors, there areschools of ought.
	a. <u>Two</u>
	b. Three
	c. Four
	d. Five
	One of the two schools dealing with errors supposes at errors would not be committed while the other school upposes that:
	a. Errors will not be committed if we try our best.

b. Errors will be committed only if we ignore rules.

d. All true

c. Errors will always occur in spite of our best efforts