

محاضرة 1

Question 1 of 10

english is a west..... language

A) Italian

B) germanic

C) Indian

Question 2 of 10

.... english first spoken in

A) England

B) Germany

C) India

Question 3 of 10

English is the most common native language in the world

A) first

B) second

C) third

Question 4 of 10

English is widely learned as a... language

A) first

B) second

C) third

Question 5 of 10

English is an official language of the

A) European Union

B) Commonwealth

C) United Nations

D) all true

Question 6 of 10

.... English arose in the.... kingdoms of

A) Anglo-Saxon - England

B) anglo saxon- canda

C) anglo saxon- ireland

Question 7 of 10

English has been widely propagated around the world in

A) from 16th century to mid 20th century

B) from 17th century to mid 20th century

C) from 17th century to mid 21th century

Question 8 of 10

any mental or intellectual involving an individuals subjective consciousness

A) thought

B) Culture

Question 9 of 10

that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief,art,law,morals,custom,and any other capabilities acquired by man as a member of society

A) thought

B) Culture

Question 10 of 10

the beliefs, social forms, features, and traits of a racial, religious or social group

A) thought

B) culture

م 2 و 3

Question 1 of 6

Germanic invaders entered Britain on the east and south coasts in the

A) 5th century

B) 6th century

C) 7th century

Question 2 of 6

many cultural, social, economic, military and political events led to ... of English from its Germanic roots

A) Undeveloped

B) development

Question 3 of 6

is Anglo-saxon another name for

A) modern English

B) old English

C) middle English

Question 4 of 6

the old English between

A) 450-1100

B) 460-1100

C) 450-1110

Question 5 of 6

the old English came from where

A) Indian tribes

B) spanish tribes

C) germanic tribes

Question 6 of 6

native English speakers now would have great.... understanding
old English

A) difficulty

B) Easily

محاضرہ 4

Question 1

English became dominant in Britain again with many French
word added this language is called

|

A) old English

✓ B) middle English

C) modern English

Question 2

the middle English between the 11th to

|

A) 14th century

- ✓ B) 15th century
- C) 16th century

Question 3

in the middle English upper classes spoke

|

- ✓ A) french
- B) Spanish
- C) Italian

Question 4

in the middle English lower classes spoke

|

- A) french
- B) Italian
- ✓ C) English

Question 5

the early modern English between 15th ti

| |

- A) 16th century
- B) 17th century
- ✓ C) 18th century

Question 6

the great vowel shift which took place in

|

- A) old English

B) middle English

✓ **C)** early modern English

Question 7

the first English dictionary was published in

|

✓ **A)** 1604

B) 1600

C) 1504

Question 8

late modern English

|

A) 1700-present

B) 1600-present

✓ **C)** 1800-present

Question 9

William the conqueror ,duke of normandy invades and conquers
England

|

✓ **A)** old English

B) middle English

C) modern English

Question 10

the main difference between early modern English and late
modern English is vocabulary

| |

✓ A) true

B) false

Question 11

english replaces latin as the language of instruction in most in most school in

|

A) old English

✓ B) middle English

C) modern English

Question 12

.... establishes the first English printing press in....

|

A) william-old English

✓ B) william-early modern English

C) shakespeare0early modern English

Question 13

hakespeare is born

A) old English

B) middle English

✓ C) modern English

Question 14

.... first folio is published in....

|

✓ A) shakespeare-early modern English

B) william-early modern English

C) william-old English

Question 15

.... publishes his English dictionary

|

A) shakespeare

B) william

✓ **C)** samule

Question 16

....writes the American Declaration of independence

|

✓ **A)** thomas

B) shakespeare

C) william

Question 17

the British Broadcasting corporation is founded

|

A) early modern English

✓ **B)** late modern English

C) middle English

Question 18

the oxford English dictionary is published

- A) early modern English
- ✓ B) late modern English
- C) old English

Question 18 of 18

محاضرة 5

Question 1 of 17

ancient Greek philosophy arose in the

- A) 5th century BCB
- B) 6th century BCB
- C) 7th century BCB

Question 2 of 17

ancient Greek deal with a wide variety of subjects including

- A) political philosophy
- B) ethic-metaphysics
- C) logic-biology
- D) all true

Question 3 of 17

was classical Greek Athenian philosopher....

A) socrates

B) plato

C) aristole

Question 4 of 17

many would claim that socrates dialogues are the most comprehensive accounts of platos to survive from antiquity

A) true

B) false

Question 5 of 17

socrates has becom renowned for his contribution to the field of

A) philosophy

B) physical science

C) ethics

Question 6 of 17

pedagogy; which a series of questions are asked not only to draw individual answer but also to encourage fundamental insight into the issue at hand

A) true

B) false

Question 7 of 17

classical greek philosopher , mathematician

A) socrates

B) aristotle

C) plato

Question 8 of 17

founder of the academy in athens....

A) socrates

B) plato

C) aristotle

Question 9 of 17

student of socrates

A) plato

B) aristotle

Question 10 of 17

is one of the most important founding figures in western
philosophy

A) socrates

B) plato

C) aristotle

Question 11 of 17

a student of plato and teacher of alexander the great ...

A) socrates

B) aristotle

Question 12 of 17

Aristotle's writings cover many subjects including

A) physics-metaphysics

B) theater-music

C) linguistics-politics

D) all true

Question 13 of 17

Who were the first to create a comprehensive system of
western philosophy

A) Socrates

B) Plato

C) Aristotle

Question 14 of 17

views on the physical sciences profoundly shaped medieval ... scholarship and their influence extended well into the renaissance

A) socrates

B) plato

C) aristotle

Question 15 of 17

the greece had a massive influence on life today,they were the first to develop democracy

A) true

B) false

Question 16 of 17

Roman law provided the basis of the law of most european and american nation

A) true

B) false

Question 17 of 17

became the state religion of the roman empire in 380ad....

A) Islam

B) christianity

C) Judaism

محاضرہ 6

Question 1

..... law provided the basis of the law of most Europe and American nation

|

✓ A) Roman

B) french

C) indian

Question 2

... become the state religion of the Roman empire in 380 AD

|

A) islam

✓ B) christianity

C) Judaism

Question 3

one of the supposed watersheds in history is the conversion of the Roman emperor constantine to christianity in or about...AD

|

✓ A) 312

B) 313

C) 321

Question 4

the council of nicaea was the second ecumenical council of the catholic church

|

A) true

✓ **B) false**

Question 5

the council declared that ... the son was true God

|

A) Gabriel

B) Rafael

✓ **C) jesus**

Question 6

the council of nicaea is main accomplishments was settlement of the Trinitarian issue of the nature of the son and his relationship to God the father

|

✓ **A) true**

B) false

Question 7

...populations had existed in Europe, especially in the area of the former Roman Empire from early times

|

- A) Muslims
- B) Christians
- ✓ C) judaism

Question 8

andalusia al-andalus became the center or torch of light, knowledge ,sciences for all Europe

|

- ✓ A) true
- B) false

محاضرة 7

Question 1 of 5

israel joined in worshiping baal,and the lords anger buned against them

A) True

B) False

Question 2 of 5

the lord was happy he had ever made of human and put them on the earth

A) True

B) False

Question 3 of 5

god wrestled with jacob

A) True

B) False

Question 4 of 5

on the Sixth Day God rested,and was refreshed

A) True

B) False

Question 5 of 5

the God said,let us make man in our image,in our likeness

A) True

B) False

C9

// religions and beliefs have tremendous effect on thought and culture

true

// believing in or worshipping
idols, plants, rocks, mountains, animals, or other objects

hinduism

paganism

atheism

// rejection of belief in the existence of deities

hinduism

paganism

atheism

// belief in one God for them only

Christianity

Judaism

Buddhism

// trinity (god the father + god the son + god the holy spirit)

christianity

Judaism

Islam

// belief in one true God for all

christianity

Judaism

Islam

// natural selection - chance - human evolution from ape

A) Darwins theory of evolution

B) atheism

C) paganism

// buddha was taken as god

Christianity

Buddhism

Judaism

C10=

// the renaissance :acltural movement from...to... century

A) 13-17

B) 14-17

C) 14-18

// the renaissance beginning in....

A) italy

B) england

C) paris

// the Enlightenment in....century

A) 16

B) 14

C) 18

// during the last half of the 18th century in which 30 colonies in north america joind together to break free from the british empire

A) true

B) false

// its purpose was to reform society using reason and advance knowledge through science

- A) the enlightenment
- B) the french revolution
- C) the american revolution

// Darwins theory:
natural selection, chance, chimpanzee, atheism

- A) true
- B) false

C11-12

// benefits for breaking the ice

- A) gift
- B) speak the truth
- C) love and respect
- D) all true

// breaking the ice (building bridges)

- A) sincere smile
- B) names and background
- C) seek the truth

// people view God differently based on their....
backgrounds

- A) religious
- B) cultural
- C) A+B

// islam answers important and critical questions

- A) Unclear

B) clearly

C) Mysterious

// a pure creed and belief in the one true God,allah alone

A) monotheism

B) buddhism

C) christianity

// islam answers important and critical questions like

A) who is the true God?

B) who created us?

C) how to get eternal life?

D) all true

// trinity

A) buddhism

B) islam

C) christianity