الشعر الانجليزي المحاضرة الخامسة

1)	The daffodils also illustrates Wordsworth's:
	(a)Interest in weather situations.
	(b) Theory of poetic creation.
	(c) Theory of knowledge.
	(d)All false
2)	Wordsworth write poetry about the emotion being felt at
-,	the time of writing.
	(a) <u>Did not</u>
	(b)Chose to
	` '
	(c) Intended to
	(d)All false
2)	According to Mandagenth a promise the compaction of an
3)	According to Wordsworth, a poem is the expression of an
	emotion 'recollected in tranquility'. 'recollected in tranquility'
	means:
	(a)Remembered in a sad moment.
	(b)Remembered in a moment of peace and quietness.
	(c)Remembered in moment of risk.
	(d)All false
4)	The Daffodils was written:
-	(a)At the time the poet saw the daffodils.
	(b) Two years later after he saw the daffodils.
	(c) After the poet read a book about the daffodils.
	(d)All false
5)	Wordsworth felt that the elapse of a certain span of time was
•,	necessary for an emotion to getof undesirable frills and
	trappings and be fit for poetic creation.
	(a)Certain
	(b)In charge
	· · ·
	(c)Full
6)	(d) <u>purged</u>
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I wander'd lonely as a cloud - The first line makes nice use of:

(a) Personification and simile.(b) Wonder of feeling lonely.(c) How lonely is a cloud.

(d)All false

- 7) The personification in (poet as a cloud) is:
 - i) Where an inanimate object (cloud) possesses the quality of a human enabling it to see the daffodils.
 - ii) Where a cloud is very high in the sky.
 - iii) Where he feels like a daffodil.
 - iv) All false
- 8) When the poet says in the line "Ten thousand saw I at a glance", this is called in poetry:
 - (a)An exaggeration
 - (b)A hyperbole
 - (c) A metaphor
 - (d)A and B
- 9) Repetition of the letter (h) in the words (high and hills) is called in poetry:
 - (a)Metaphor
 - (b)Alliteration
 - (c) Exaggeration
 - (d)All false
- 10) The breeze which makes the daffodils dance and flutter is symbolic of the poet's:
 - (a)Instable mode
 - (b) Happiness.
 - (c) Sadness.
 - (d) Creative activity.
- 11) The poet's heart dancing with the daffodils signifies theof joy offered by Nature and the participation of human being in that joy.
 - (a)Temporariness
 - (b) Permanence
 - (c) Taste
 - (d)All false

Wordsworth- THE RAINBOW

MY heart leaps up when I behold
A rainbow in the sky:
So was it when my life began;

So is it now I am a man;
So be it when I shall grow old,
Or let me die!
The Child is father of the Man;
I could wish my days to be
Bound each to each by natural piety.

- 12) My Heart Leaps Up, also known as, is a poem by the British Romantic Poet William Wordsworth.
 - (a) The Rainbow
 - (b) The Child Is Father of The Man.
 - (c) Natural Piety.
 - (d)All false
- 13) Noted for its simplicity of structure and language, "The Rainbow" describes the joy that he feels when he sees:
 - (a)A child
 - (b)A father
 - (c) A rainbow
 - (d)All false
- 14) The poet in "The Rainbow" concludes the poem by noting how his childhood has:
 - (a) Spoiled his manhood.
 - (b)Been very different that the other children.
 - (c) Shaped his current views.
 - (d)All false
- 15) In this very short poem consisting of only 9 lines, the speaker begins by declaring that he is moved by:
 - (a) Memories.
 - (b) Nature beauty
 - (c) Sadness.
 - (d)All false
- 16) In "So was it when my life began; / So is it now I am a man.", he goes on to say that he has always felt the impact of nature, even when he was
 - (a)An infant
 - (b) Not born yet.
 - (c)A teenager
 - (d)A man

- 17) In the line: :"So be it when I shall grow old, / Or let me die!", the poet wants to show:
 - (a) He is certain of his connection to nature.
 - (b)He is eager to die soon.
 - (c) He is happy to get old.
 - (d)All false
- 18) The speaker in "The Rainbow" is so certain of his connection with nature that he says it:
 - (a) Is his only interest.
 - (b) Will be constant until he becomes an old man, or else he would rather die.
 - (c) Always makes him happy.
 - (d)All false
- 19) In the line "The Child is father of the Man.", he declares that children are superior to men because:
 - (a)Of their innocence.
 - (b)Of their happy life.
 - (c) Of their proximity to nature.
 - (d)All false
- 20) The seventh line of the poem "The Child is father of the Man." Is:
 - (a) The key line.
 - (b)A proverb.
 - (c) A humor.
 - (d)All false
- 21) "The Child is father of the Man." This line is often quoted because of its ability to:
 - (a)Fix the mistakes in one's life.
 - (b) Show the importance of respect towards fathers.
 - (c) Express a complicated idea in so few words.
 - (d)All false
- 22) The speaker believes that children are closer to heaven and God, and through God, nature, because:
 - (a) They have recently come from the arms of God.
 - (b)They learn faster than old people
 - (c) They know the secrets of nature.
 - (d)All false

- 23) In "I could wish my days to be / Bound each to each by natural piety.", the speaker understands:
 - (a) That the past never return.
 - (b) The importance of staying connected to one's own childhood.
 - (c) The freedom of children to enjoy the beauty of nature
 - (d)All false
- 24) In this short lyric, the 'rainbow' symbolizes the life sustaining and life nourishing goodness of:
 - (a)Childhood.
 - (b) Nature.
 - (c) Health
 - (d)All false
- 25) The sight of thebow which he saw when he was only a child is deeply etched in his memory and the same joy that he experienced when he saw it as a child continues to remain with him through his adulthood.
 - (a)Rainbow
 - (b)Child
 - (c) Father
 - (d)All false
- 26) The poem" The Rainbow" is:
 - (a) Simple but details complex ideas.
 - (b) Simple and all the ideas are simple too.
 - (c) Complex
 - (d)All false
- 27) The common theme in all of Wordsworth's work is:
 - (a)Childhood.
 - (b)Nature.
 - (c) Sorrow
 - (d)All false
- 28) The last three lines "The Child is father of the Man; / And I could wish my days to be / Bound each to each by natural piety" (7-10) contain one of Wordsworth's:
 - (a)Beautiful imaginations.
 - (b) Most famous phrases.
 - (c) Most useful experiences.
 - (d)All false