

NO	Name of the poet or author	The name of the poem or novel	Note1	Note2
1	William Shakespeare 16th Century	Sonnet 18	he was an English poet& playwright	born in the Elizabethan period
2	Andrew Marvell 17th century	A Garden	poet and Politician	civil war was happen in 1642-1651 it was between forces of parliament and the forces of the king
3	John Locke 17–18th Century	Two Treatises on Government	English philosopher and political thinker enlightment thinker 17–18th century thinkers father of classic liberalism	<b>Liberalism</b> is a political philosophy or worldview founded on ideas of liberty and equality. <b>Enlightenment:</b> A 17 <sup>th</sup> and 18 <sup>th</sup> Century European movement of thought that saw human reason and empiricism (getting theories from observable facts) as the way to get to truth.
4	Adam Smith 18–19th Century	The Wealth of Nations	Scottish Moral Philosopher and Economist. the „Father of Modern Economics	<b>Capitalism</b> is an economic system in which trade, industry and the means of production are controlled by private owners with the goal of making profits <b>free market</b> is a market economy in which the forces of supply and demand are not controlled by a government or other authority.
5	William Wordsworth 18–19th Century	The Daffodils	was a major English Romantic poet. Lived in the „Lake District“	The Lake District of North Western England is a very beautiful area with deep lakes surrounded by mountains.
6	William Blake 18–19th Century	The Tyger	was an English poet, painter and printmaker. He wasn't famous during his lifetime and died very poor.	The Industrial <b>Revolution</b> was the transition to new manufacturing processes in the period from about 1760 to sometime between 1820 and 1840.

7	<b>Jane Austen 18–19th Century</b>	<b>Pride and Prejudice</b>  The main characters are Mr Darcy and Elizabeth Bennet	was an English novelist whose wrote works of romantic fiction. one of the most loved novelists in the English language.	<b>The three classes:</b> the upper classes, the middle classes and the working classes. <b>Etiquette</b> is the rules of how people should behave in a particular social situation The period of time from 1714 to 1837 is called the „Georgian Era' because it is the time of the reign of George I, George II, George III and George IV.
8	<b>Charles Dickens 19–20th Century</b>	<b>A Tale of Two Cities</b> It has sold over two hundred million copies.	the greatest novelist of the Victorian period and his name is used to describe the period. We talk of 'Dickensian London' or we talk of a 'Dickensian Scene' to describe a situation of great poverty.	The Victorian Era (or age) was named after Queen Victoria who reigned from 1837 to 1901.
9	<b>George Washington</b> was born in 1731 and died in 1799.	<b>The American Declaration of Independence</b>  John Adams and Thomas Jefferson were important in writing the document	was the first President of the United States. was the Commander-in-Chief of the American army during the Revolutionary War.	In 1776 the United States of America declared independence from Britain. The American Revolutionary War (1775–1783), is sometimes called the American War of Independence
10	<b>Abraham Lincoln</b> Was born in 1809 and was assassinated in 1865.	<b>The Gettysburg Address</b> The speech was between two and three minutes. at the opening of a graveyard for soldiers at the sight of a large Civil War battle	Became president of the USA in March 1861. he was well known for being anti-slavery.	<b>The American Civil War</b> Fought between 1861 and 1865 in the USA. Fought between the Unionists (the North) and the Confederates (the South). It resulted in the death of 750,000 soldiers and an unknown amount of civilians.
11	<b>Edward Morgan Forster</b> 1879 –7th June 1970	<b>A Passage to India'</b> It is one of the greatest novels	was an English novelist, short story writer and	<b>British India</b> •From 1757 to 1858 the 'British

		about the British experience in India.	essayist.	East India Company' ruled India. •From 1858 to 1947 there was the 'British Raj' or the 'Indian Empire'. •The word 'Raj' is a Hindi word for 'reign'.
12	<b>Joseph Conrad</b> lived from 1857 until 1924.	<b>Heart of Darkness'</b> A very short novel the main character Charles Marlow who captains a river boat on the Congo river. Kurtz, an ivory hunter who is going mad in the centre of the African jungle.	is seen as one of the best writers in the English language though he was of Polish origin and always spoke English with an accent. Seen as the first 'Modernist' writer.	In the late 19thCentury the 'Scramble for Africa' lead to many European powers competing to build African Empires
13	<b>James Joyce</b> 1882-1941	<b>Ulysses</b> A very long, 260,000 words, he said. Ireland, they say, has the honour of being the only country which never persecuted the jews.	Irish novelist and poet.	<b>Modernism</b> was a movement in literature in the late 19th/early 20thCentury. •It was an attempt to break with traditional styles of poetry and writing. •They were influenced by new ideas in philosophy and psychology by thinkers like Friedrich Nietzsche and Sigmund Freud.
14	<b>Rupert Brooke</b> •Was born in 1887 and died on 23rdApril 1915 at the age of 27.	<b>The Soldier</b>	Died of an infected mosquito bite on his way to the battlefield of Gallipoli in Ottoman Turkey.	The 1stWorld War was fought between 1914-1918 The war was fought between the powers of the 'Triple Entente': France, The Russian Empire and Great Britain and the 'Central Powers': Germany and Austria-Hungary. Italy, Japan and the USA joined with the 'Triple Entente' and the Ottoman Empire and Bulgaria joined with the 'Central Powers.'