Composition 2 D. Ibrahim Almahboob Review questions

- 1. The language that belongs to a country that is not your own
 - a- Creole
 - b- foreign language
 - c- Conjugate
 - d- Proficiency
- Language is defined as a language that developed from the fusion of two cultures.
 a- Creole
 - b- foreign language
 - c- Conjugate
 - d- Proficiency

3. Criterion

- a- a quality used to make a judgment
- b- a person who speaks more than one language
- c- being very good at something
- d- the language you want to learn
- 4. crucial
 - a- a school or organization where learning takes place
 - b- extremely important
 - c- a condition of being very good at something
 - d- the language you want to learn
- 5. institute
 - a- a person who does not speak a second language
 - b- a person who speaks more than one language
 - c- a course of learning something you can use very soon
 - d- a school or organization where learning takes place
- 6. Cabdriver
 - a- Taxi driver
 - b- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.
 - c- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention
 - d- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one
- 7. Immersion
 - a- Taxi driver
 - b- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.
 - c- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention
 - d- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one

- 8. Conjugate
 - a- Taxi driver
 - b- Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.
 - c- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention
 - d- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one
- 9. Bargain
 - a- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.
 - b- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention
 - c- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one
 - d- To be attention on something
- 10. Emphasize
 - a- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.
 - b- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention
 - c- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one
 - d- To be attention on something
- 11. Experts
 - a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something
 - b- Separately one by one
 - c- Booth for using a telephone
 - d- The ability to do something well.
- 12. Individual
 - a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something
 - b- Separately one by one
 - c- Booth for using a telephone
 - d- The ability to do something well.
- 13.telephone booth
 - a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something
 - b- Separately one by one
 - c- A small enclosure containing a public telephone
 - d- The ability to do something well.
- 14. Proficiency
 - a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something
 - b- Separately one by one
 - c- Booth for using a telephone
 - d- The ability to do something well.

15. Technique

- a- Benefit
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well.

16. Dialogue

- a- Discussion between people who have different opinion
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well.

17. Participate

- a- Discussion between people who have different opinion
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well.

18. Advantages

- a- Benefit
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well.

19. private tutoring

- a- Costing a lot of money
- Education that not owned for the government(this kind of education is not free you have to pay money)
- c- An informal talk
- d- A chance to do something that you would like to do.

20. Opportunity

- a- Costing a lot of money
- b- Education that not owned for the government(this kind of education is not free you have to pay money)
- c- An informal talk
- d- A chance to do something that you would like to do.

21. Likely

- a- Has a good chance of being the case or of coming about
- b- Costing a lot of money
- c- Education that not owned for the government(this kind of education is not free you have to pay money)
- d- An informal talk

22. Conversation

- a- Discussion between people who have different opinion
- b- Costing a lot of money
- c- Education that not owned for the government(this kind of education is not free you have to pay money)
- d- An informal talk

23. Expensive

- a- Benefit
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- Costing a lot of money

24. Institute

- a- a school or organization where learning takes place
- b- Costing a lot of money
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well

25. Polyglot

- a- A person who speak more than one language
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

26. Native speakers

- a- A person who speak more than one language
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

27. Nonnative

- a- A person who speak more than one language
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

28. Total immersion

- a- A person who speak more than one language
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

29. Practical program

- a- a course for learning something that you can use immediately, in a real situation
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language
- 30. Chris is proficient three languages : Spanish, English, and Japanese.
 - a- With
 - b- At
 - c- In
 - d- From
- 31. Jake has made a lot of progress French this year because he attended every class. a- With
 - b- At
 - c- In
 - d- From
- 32. If you want to succeed speaking a foreign language, you must practice, practice, practice!
 - a- With
 - b- <mark>At</mark>
 - c- In
 - d- From

33. Anxiety can keep studentsbecoming proficient a foreign language.

- a- With from
- b-At in
- c-In at
- d- From in

34. The class had a lot of success the lesson because they did their homework.

- a- With
- b- At
- c- In
- d- From
- 35. Ardent
 - a- Climb
 - b- passionate; enthusiastic
 - c- had a very strong desire
 - d- effort; an attempt
- 36. Ascent
 - a- the top of a mountain
 - b- had a very strong desire
 - c- Climb
 - d- effort; an attempt

37. Endeavor

- a- the top of a mountain
- b- effort; an attempt
- c- had a very strong desire
- d- the top of a mountain
- 38. Summit
 - a- Famous
 - b- obviously not present
 - c- the top of a mountain
 - d- had a very strong desire

39. Notably absent

- a- Famous
- obviously not present
- c- the top of a mountain
- d- had a very strong desire

40. Legendary

- a- someone who is the first to explore a new place
- b- far away from civilization
- c- person who is competing against another
- d- famous

41. Pioneer

- a- someone who is the first to explore a new place
- b- far away from civilization
- c- person who is competing against another
- d- famous

42. Remote

- a- someone who is the first to explore a new place
- b- person who is competing against another
- c- far away from civilization
- d- famous

43.rival

- a- person who is competing against another
- b- someone who is the first to explore a new place
- c- far away from civilization
- d- famous

44. Anonymous

- a- Speaking with confidence
- b- Unknown; not named
- c- Related to or caused by
- d- Have control or power over

45. Assertive

- a- Unknown; not named
- b- Speaking with confidence
- c- Related to or caused by
- d- Have control or power over

46. Associated with

- a- Related to or caused by
- b- Unknown; not named
- c- Speaking with confidence
- d- Have control or power over

47. Dominate

- a- Have control or power over
- b- Unknown; not named
- c- Speaking with confidence
- d- Related to or caused by

48. Empathy

- a- Feeling what another person feels
- b- Results of research
- c- Closeness
- d- Freeing

49. Findings

- a- Feeling what another person feels
- b- Results of research
- c- Closeness
- d- Freeing

50. Intimacy

- a- Closeness
- b- Feeling what another person feels
- c- Results of research
- d- Freeing
- 51. Liberating
 - a- Feeling what another person feels
 - b- Results of research
 - c- Closeness
 - d- Freeing
- 52.Rapport
 - a- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding
 - b- Ways of speaking
 - c- Connect with; interact with another person
 - d- Stay with

53. Relate

- a- Connect with; interact with another person
- b- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding
- c- Ways of speaking
- d- Stay with

54. Speech characteristics

- a- Connect with; interact with another person
- b- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding
- c- Ways of speaking
- d- Stay with

55. Stick to

- a- Stay with
- b- Connect with; interact with another person
- c- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding
- d- Ways of speaking
- 56. Varying
 - a- Connect with; interact with another person
 - b- different
 - c- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding
 - d- Ways of speaking
- 57.abstract
 - a- Show of loyalty
 - b- Nonrepresentational
 - c- Signs indicating achievement or status
 - d- Sentenced to die

58. Show of allegiance to

- a- Nonrepresentational
- b- Show of loyalty
- c- Signs indicating achievement or status
- d- Sentenced to die

59. Badges of honor

- a- Nonrepresentational
- b- Sentenced to die
- c- Show of loyalty
- d- Signs indicating achievement or status

60. Condemned

- a- Nonrepresentational
- b- Sentenced to die
- c- Show of loyalty
- d- Signs indicating achievement or status

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61. Emulate

- а- Сору
- b- Experienced with difficulty
- c- Fierceness
- d- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one

62. Endured

- а- Сору
- b- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one
- c- Fierceness
- d- Experienced with difficulty

63. Ferocity

- a- Fierceness
- b- Copy
- c- Experienced with difficulty
- d- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one
- 64. Fringe cultures
 - a- Copy
 - b- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one
 - c- Experienced with difficulty
 - d- Fierceness

65. Indelible

- a- Impossible to remove
- b- statement
- c- detailed
- d- Rebellious

66. Intricate

- a- Rebellious
- b- Impossible to remove
- c- statement
- d- detailed
- e-
- 67. Expression
 - a- Impossible to remove
 - b- statement
 - c- detailed
 - d- Rebellious
- 68. Subversive
 - a- Impossible to remove
 - b- detailed
 - c- statement
 - d- Rebellious

69. Don't look a gift horse in the mouth

- a- Don't bring up that topic
- b- Don't criticize a gift or an opportunity
- c- Don't take unnecessary chances
- d- Don't exaggerate a situation
- 70. Don't make waves
 - a- Don't jump in the water
 - b- Don't take unnecessary chances
 - c- Don't exaggerate a situation
 - d- Don't make plans before tou have all the necessary information
- 71. Don't make a federal case out of it
 - a-Don't interfere; don't cause problems
 - b- Don't exaggerate a situation
 - c-Don't make plans before tou have all the necessary information
 - d- Don't let other people see your faults
- 72. Don't stick your neck out
 - a-Don't buy expensive stuff
 - b- Don't interfere; don't cause problems
 - c-Don't give people money.
 - d- Don't help people who didn't ask for your help
- 73. Don't wash your dirty linen in public

 a-Don't listen to what is said in public
 b- Don't let other people see your faults
 c-Don't listen to other people talking about you
 d- Don't wash your clothes outside your home
- 74. Don't count your chickens before they hatch
 - a-Don't count chickens
 - b- Don't make plans before tou have all the necessary information
 - c-Don't eat eggs
 - d- Don't exaggerate a situation
- 75. Don't beat around the bush
 - a-Don't let other people see your faults
 b- Don't talk about unrelated issues, get to the point
 c-Don't bring up that topic
 d- Don't let other people see your faults
- 76. Don't go there
 - a-Don't interfere; don't cause problems
 - b- Don't bring up that topic
 - c-Don't talk about unrelated issues
 - d- Don't let other people see your faults

- 77.travel at <u>high elevations</u> a-high altitude b- Elevator c-Falling from the top
 - d- High ladders

78. figure out a way to a-To discover or decide b- Find the picture c-Elevator

d- Falling from the top

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