

For each of the following multiple-choice questions, select the correct answer.

1. A minimal unit of meaning or grammatical function is called a(n) _____.
A. Metonymy
B. Collocation
C. Morpheme
D. Homophone
2. _____ allows language users to talk about things and events not in the immediate environment.
A. Cultural transmission
B. Productivity
C. Displacement
D. Arbitrariness
3. The two words alive/dead are _____.
A. Antonyms
B. Prototypes
C. Synonyms
D. Hyponyms
4. Which of the following sounds is a bilabial sound?
A. /w/
B. /j/
C. /r/
D. /l/
5. What are the two labiodental fricative sounds?
A. /t/ and /k/
B. /l/ and /r/
C. /m/ and /n/
D. /f/ and /v/
6. The study of what speaker's mean, or "speaker meaning," is called _____.
A. Coherence
B. Discourse analysis
C. Acquisition
D. Pragmatics
7. The idea of "the characteristic instance" of a category is known as _____.
A. Hyponym
B. Prototype
C. Antonym
D. Synonym

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8. When the vocal folds are spread apart, the air from the lungs passes between them unimpeded. Sounds produced in this way are described as _____
A. Rhyme
B. Syllables
C. Voiceless
D. Voiced

9. _____ is the study of the principles and processes by which sentences are constructed in particular languages.
A. Syntax
B. Semantics
C. Discourse analysis
D. Co-operative principle

10. _____ are new words formed from the initial letters of a set of other words.
A. Acronyms
B. Suffixes
C. Synonyms
D. Infixes

11. The underlined parts in this sentence "The child's wildness shocked the teachers" are described as.
A. -s functional, -ness derivational and -ed functional
B. -s inflectional, -ness derivational and -ed inflectional
C. -s inflectional, -ness functional and -ed inflectional
D. -s derivational, -ness inflectional and -ed derivational

12. The underlined part of the word resend is known as a _____
A. Suffix
B. Phoneme
C. Prefix
D. Allomorph

re- - again, repeatedly

في صفحة 10 ملخص
خوخ وزهر

13. The study of the characteristics of speech sounds is called _____
A. Syntax
B. Semantics
C. Phonetics
D. Linguistics

14. One of the following sounds is an affricate sound.
A. /dʒ/
B. /k/
C. /f/
D. /v/

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15. When two or more different (written) forms have the same pronunciation, they are described as _____.
- A. Polysyms
 - B. Collocations
 - C. Metonyms
 - D. Homophones
16. The underlined vowels of the both words bad and wrap are described as _____.
- A. [a]
 - B. [u]
 - C. [i]
 - D. [æ]
17. The underlined letter in the word nature is pronounced as _____.
- A. /tʃ/
 - B. /s/
 - C. /t/
 - D. /ʃ/
18. _____ is a relationship between words that frequently occur together.
- A. Collocation
 - B. Cohesion
 - C. Presupposition
 - D. Anaphora
19. The study of the origin and history of a word is known as _____.
- A. Etymology
 - B. Blending
 - C. Borrowing
 - D. Coinage
20. The grammatical connection between two parts of a sentence, as the connection between a subject (Ahmad) and the form of a verb (is), is known as _____.
- A. Agreement
 - B. Antecedent
 - C. Agent
 - D. Babbling
21. _____ is the study of the meaning of words, phrases and sentences.
- A. Traditional analysis
 - B. Semantics
 - C. Grammar
 - D. Pragmatics

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نموذج D

22. The initial letters in the word *shop* are pronounced as _____
A. /dʒ/
B. /ʃ/
C. /k/
D. /ʃ/

23. _____ is the study of how speech sounds are made or articulated.
A. Acoustic phonetics
B. Phonetic alphabet
C. Articulatory phonetics
D. Auditory phonetics

24. The two words *animal/dog* are _____
A. Synonyms
B. Prototypes
C. Antonyms
D. Hyponyms

25. The relationship between linguistic signs and objects in the world is described as _____
A. Cultural transmission
B. Productivity
C. Arbitrariness
D. Displacement

26. A _____ is a sound produced through the vocal folds without constriction of airflow in the mouth.
A. consonant
B. coda
C. syllable
D. vowel

27. The initial and final sounds in the words *cook* and *coke* are _____
A. Voiced glottals
B. Voiceless velars
C. Voiced stops
D. Voiceless palatals

28. _____ is the process whereby a language is passed on from _____ to the next.
A. Displacement
B. Productivity
C. Arbitrariness
D. Cultural transmission

29. The word *man* is considered as a _____
A. Lexical morpheme
B. Bound morpheme
C. Functional morpheme
D. Allophone

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30. _____ is the study of forms.
A. Syntax
B. Morphology
C. Polysemy
D. Etymology
31. _____ is the word formation process in which a word from one language is borrowed directly into another language.
A. Blending
B. Borrowing
C. Compounding
D. Coinage
32. _____ is the process whereby a feature of one sound becomes part of another during speech production.
A. Aspiration
B. Conversion
C. Assimilation
D. Backformation
33. Creating new expressions and novel utterances by manipulating their linguistic resources to describe new objects and situations is called _____.
A. Arbitrariness
B. Productivity
C. Cultural transmission
D. Displacement
34. Which of the following words is NOT considered as a minimal pair?
A. site and kite
B. bet and hat
C. might and fight
D. right and bite
35. _____ are words such as run or jump used to refer to various actions.
A. Verbs
B. Nouns
C. Adverbs
D. Adjectives
36. The combination of two separate forms to produce a single new form is present in the process called _____.
A. Derivation
B. Blending
C. Clipping
D. Coinage

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37. A combination of two vowel sounds as [aɪ] is _____
 A. Triphthongs
 B. Vowels
 C. Consonants
 D. Diphthongs

38. These sounds [θ] and [ð] are _____
 A. Velars
 B. Dentals
 C. Palatals
 D. Bilabials

39. _____ is essentially the description of the systems and patterns of speech sounds in a language.
 A. Phonology
 B. A minimal pair
 C. A phoneme
 D. An allophone

40. The word **workroom** is an example of _____
 A. Compounding
 B. Conversion
 C. Derivation
 D. Clipping

41. _____ is the process of describing the structure of phrases and sentences.
 A. Semantics
 B. Traditional analysis
 C. Pragmatics
 D. Grammar

42. The underlined parts in this sentence "The girl has written a story" are considered as _____
 A. Adjectives
 B. Articles
 C. Nouns
 D. Verbs

43. Which of these words has a derivational morpheme?
 A. Tiger
 B. Laughing
 C. Spoken
 D. Quickly

44. The underlined letters in the words photo and laugh are pronounced as _____

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45. _____ are two words with very closely related meanings.

- A. Synonyms
- B. Metonyms
- C. Homonyms
- D. Antonyms

46. The initial sound of zoo and the final sound of bags are _____

- A. Voiceless glottals
- B. Voiced velars
- C. Voiceless dentals
- D. Voiced alveolars

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نحتج عليه لان Z اهتزازية وS غير اهتزازية

47. _____ are words or phrases used to indicate that we are not really what we are saying is sufficiently correct or complete.

- A. Deixis
- B. Implicatures
- C. Hyponyms
- D. Hedges

48. The two sets of words (can/juice) and (house/roof) are _____

- A. Antonyms
- B. Synonyms
- C. Metonyms
- D. Homonyms

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49. The underlined letter in the word city is pronounced as _____

- A. /s/
- B. /z/
- C. /f/
- D. /k/

50. A set of bound morphemes used to show if a word is plural or not, a comparative or a possessive form is called as _____

- A. Bound morphemes
- B. Free morphemes
- C. Inflectional morphemes
- D. Derivational morphemes