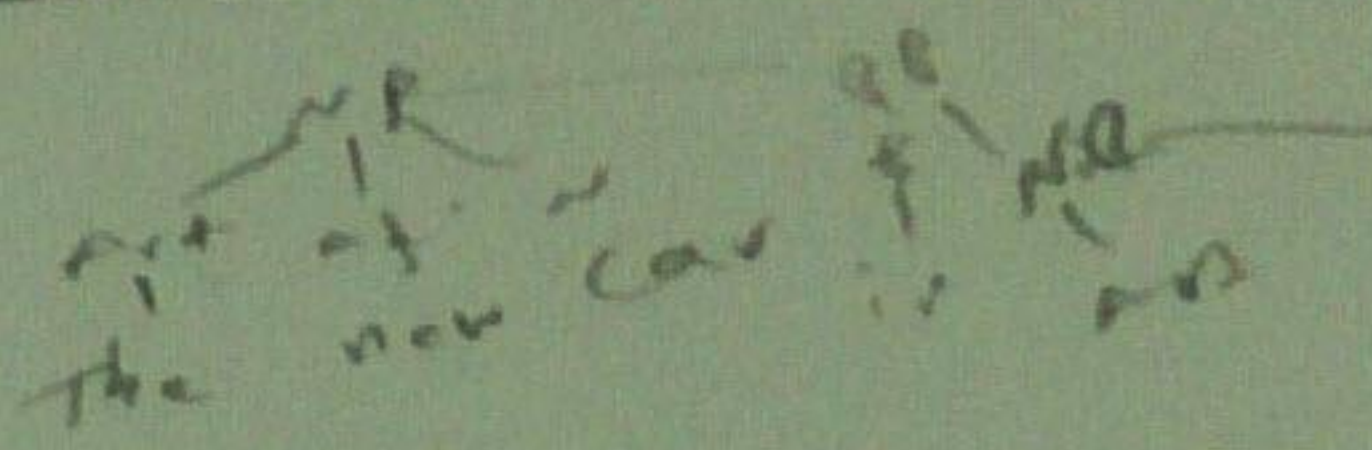


1) The noun phrase in 'The new car in the garage is mine' generates this rule:

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- a. NP ----> Adj Cco Art
- b. NP ----> PP VP NP
- c. NP ----> Art Adj N PP
- d. NP ----> Art Adv N PP

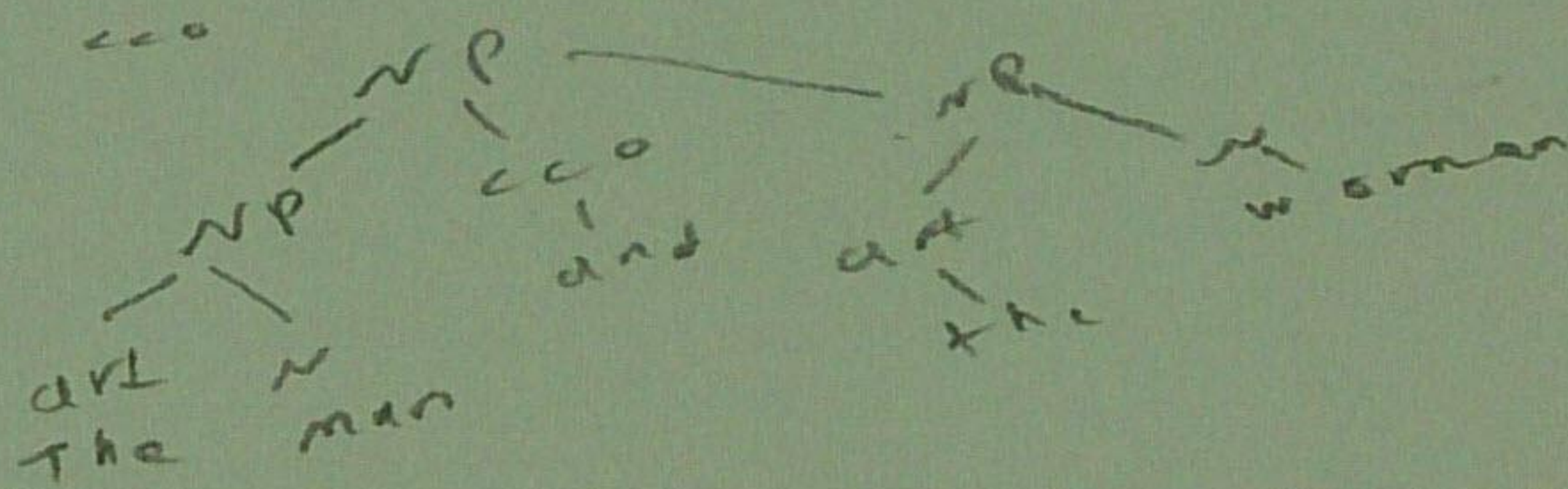


2) The analysis of the structure of phrases and sentences is:

- a. Syntax
- b. Grammar
- c. Morphemes
- d. Morphology

3) The noun phrase in 'The man and the woman sang a sad song' generates this rule:

- a. NP ----> VP Cco VP
- b. NP ----> NP Cco NP
- c. NP ----> VP Adj Cco
- d. NP ----> Cco Adv NP

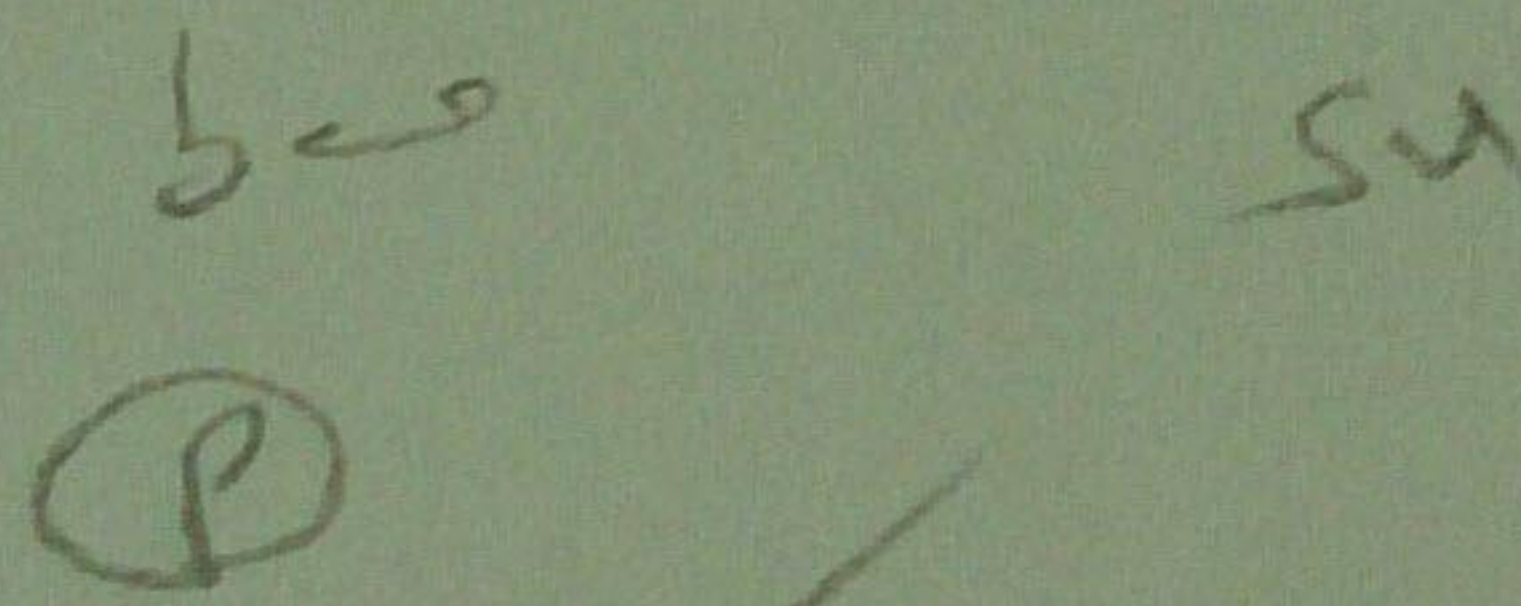


4) The noun phrase in 'Ali saw a snake' generates this rule:

- a. NP ----> VP NP
- b. NP ----> PP NP
- c. NP ----> Np
- d. NP ----> Nc

Handwritten note: To say 'saw a tiger'

- 5) A phrase consists of:
- a. Suffixes and prefixes
 - b. One or more words
 - c. Clauses and stems
 - d. Inserts



6) The morpheme attached to the end of a word is:

- a. Stem
- b. Prefix
- c. Affix
- d. Suffix

- 7) The verb phrase in 'David loved Susan but married Sandra' generates this rule:
- a. VP → NP Cco NP
 b. VP → VP Cco PP
 c. VP → VP Cco VP
 d. VP → Adj Cco Adv

- 8) The lexical words can be subdivided into:
- a. Nouns and prepositions
 b. Auxiliary verbs and pronouns
 c. Adverbs and prepositions
 d. Nouns, lexical verbs, adjectives, and adverbs

- 9) The noun 'boy' and its plural 'boys' is an example of:
- a. Prefix
 b. Inflection
 c. Compounding
 d. Derivation

- 10) This rule 'S → NP V_i' generates this sentence:
- a. A leopard ate a deer.
 b. The lion died.
 c. It was not good.
 d. Ali traveled to London last year.

- 11) The prepositional phrase in 'Mark admired the lady with the blue dress' modifies:
- a. Noun 'Mark'
 b. Noun 'lady'
 c. Preposition 'with'
 d. Adjective 'blue'

- 12) The main carriers of information in a text or a speech act:
- a. Inserts
 b. Function words
 c. Lexical words
 d. Pronouns and adverbs

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They normally precede nouns and are used to help clarify the meaning of a noun.

- a. Coordinators
- b. Auxiliary verbs
- c. Determiners
- d. Prepositions

'Abdullah' and 'Jeddah' are:

- a. Proper nouns
- b. Common nouns
- c. Articles
- d. Pronouns

This rule $S \rightarrow NP VP NP$ generates this sentence:

- a. The saw deer a lion.
- b. A lion deer saw.
- c. A saw lion deer.
- d. The lion saw a deer.



This rule $S \rightarrow S Coo S'$ generates this sentence:

- a. It rains in December.
- b. I locked lunch and my sister brought the sweet.
- c. We are going to the mall.
- d. That David remembered the appointment amazed the doctor.

The adjective 'small' and its comparative 'smaller' and superlative 'smallest' is an example of:

- a. Inflection
- b. Derivation
- c. Compounding
- d. Affix

'teach' and 'present' are:

- a. Lexical verbs
- b. Pronouns
- c. Adjectives
- d. Auxiliary verbs

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- 19) 'wow, huh' are:
 a. Pronouns and articles
 b. Auxiliary verbs
 c. Inserts
 d. Lexical words

- 20) Prepositions and pronouns are:
 a. Function words
 b. Inserts
 c. Prefixes
 d. Lexical words

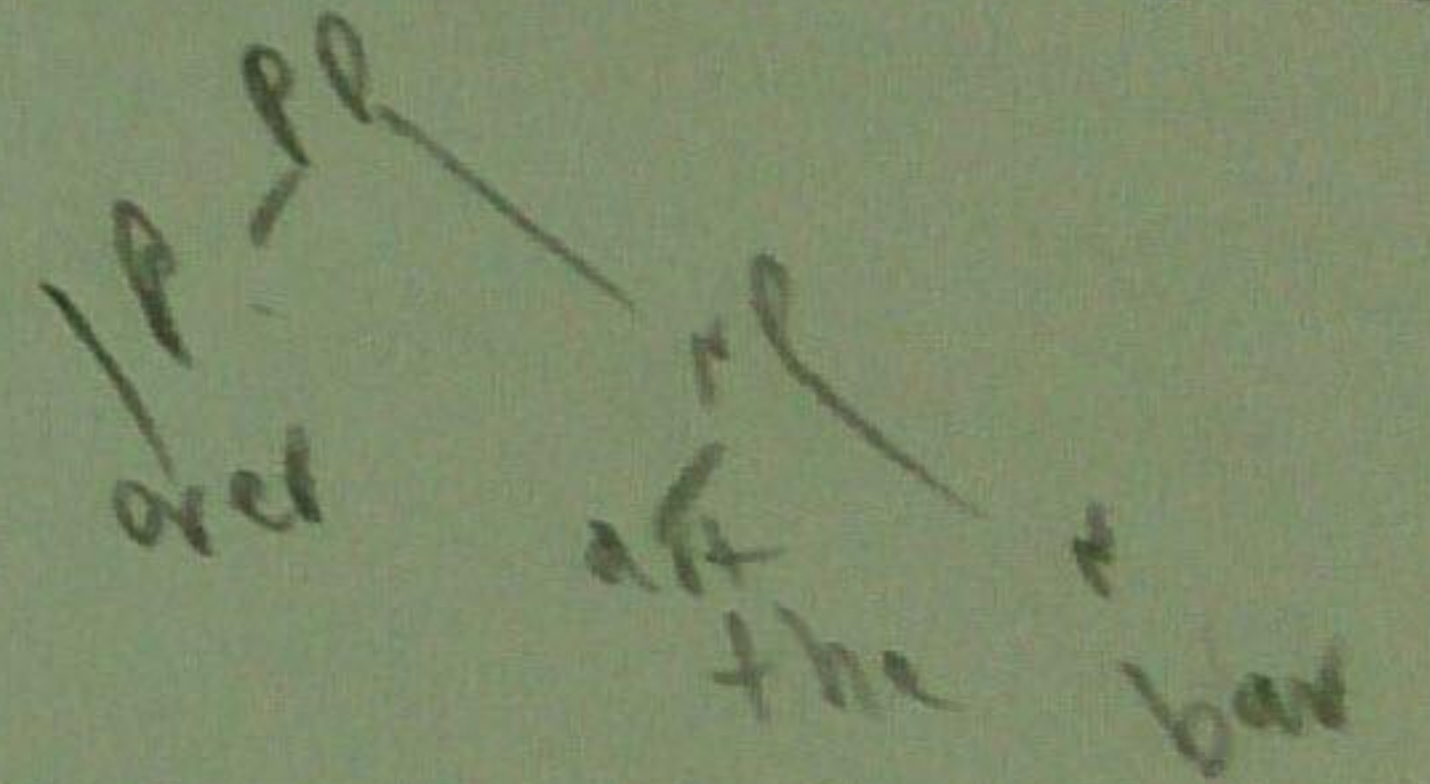
- 21) Personal pronouns refer to:
 a. Modals
 b. Adjectives
 c. Adverbs
 d. The speaker, the addressee(s), and other entities

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- 22) They express 'modality' such as possibility, necessity, and prediction.
 a. Proper and common nouns
 b. Adjectives and adverbs
 c. Pronouns
 d. Modals auxiliary

- 23) The prepositional phrase in ' Linda scrambled over the bar ' generates this rule:

- a. PP ----> NP P
 b. PP ----> NP VP
 c. PP ----> P VP
 d. PP ----> P NP



- 24) The three major families of words are:
 a. Verbs, nouns and adverbs
 b. Lexical words, function words and inserts
 c. Prepositions, pronouns, and inserts
 d. Adjectives, adverbs and modals

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26) This code: S → NP VP VP → V_{fin} Vt Adv generates this sentence:

a. The old town is beautiful.
 b. I called him yesterday.
 c. You need to work day and night.
 d. Riyadh is a crowded city.

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26) The description of how words, phrases, and clauses are constructed and combined in a language is:

a. Syntax
 b. Morphology
 c. Grammar
 d. Phonology

27) The 'CompP' in 'That David remembered the appointment amazed the doctor' can be written as:

a. CompP → Adj CCI
 b. CompP → CCI PP
 c. CompP → PP VP
 d. CompP → CCI S

28) Morphemes are:

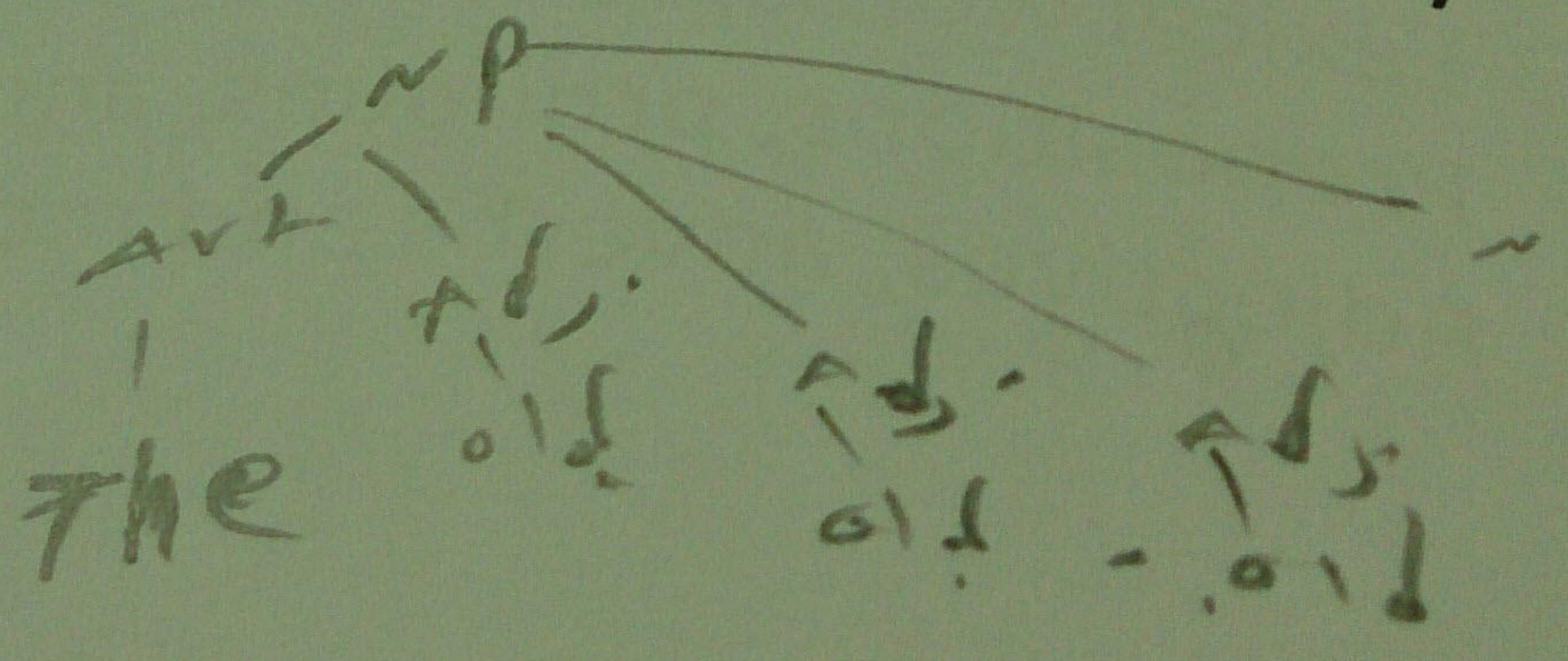
- a. Suffixes
- b. Prefixes
- c. Parts of words, i.e. stems, prefixes, and suffixes
- d. Stems

29) The prepositional phrase in 'Mansour kicked the ball with the racket' modifies:

- a. Noun 'Mansour'
- b. Noun 'ball'
- c. Article 'the'
- d. Verb 'kicked'

30) The noun phrase in 'The old old old building belongs to my family' generates this rule:

- NP → PP Art
- NP → Adj VP
- NP → (Art) (Adj)+ N
- NP → (Art) (N)+ VP



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31) The process that substitutes one non-morphemic segment for another as in (fight ----> fought, run ----> ran) is called.

- a. Compounding
- b. internal change
- c. suffix
- d. prefix

32) The adjectival phrase in 'They were angry that the neighbors threw a wild party' generates this rule:

- a. AdjP ----> VP (CompP)
- b. AdjP ----> Adv NP
- c. AdjP ----> Adj (CompP)
- d. AdjP ----> NP (CompP)

33) Grammatical units are described in terms of four factors:

- a. Role, meaning, suffixes and prefixes
- b. Meaning, use, stem and prefixes
- c. Use, Role, suffixes and prefix
- d. Structure, role, meaning and use

34) The noun phrase in 'Severe storms battered Manila' generates this rule:

- a. NP ----> Adj N
- b. NP ----> Art N
- c. NP ----> Art Adv
- d. NP ----> Adj V

35) The noun phrase in 'She amazed the crowd' generates this rule:

- a. NP ----> PP V
- b. NP ----> Art V
- c. NP ----> Art adj
- d. NP ----> Prop

36) The verb phrase 'The tiger died' generates this rule:

- a. VP ----> VT
- b. VP ----> VI
- c. VP ----> VP PP
- d. VP ----> NP PP

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