### English 101

### Lecture (30)

Revision 2. Touchstone 2
Units (7&8)

### Unit 7: going away

### New Vocabulary

- Pack: to put things into cases, bags etc. ready for a trip somewhere
- Suitcase: a large case with a handle, used for carrying clothes and possessions when you travel.
- Cap: a taxi
- Cheap: low price. [ + expensive]
- Flight: a journey in a plane
- · Bargain: something you buy cheaply or for less than its usual price.
- Relative: a member of your family
- Snorkeling: when you swim under water using a snorkel. A snorkel is a
  tube that allows someone who is swimming to breathe air under water.
- Schedule: a list that shows the times that buses, trains etc. leave or arrive
  at a particular place [= timetable]

### **2 Grammar** Infinitives for reasons; It's + adjective + to .

I'm going to Puerto Rico to see my relatives.
I need to go shopping to get a suitcase.
I have to go online to find a flight.

Is it easy to find bargains online?
It's easy to do.
It's not hard to do.

#### Grammar

Affirmative statements

It's + adjective + to . . .

It's easy to find cheap flights.

It's fun to meet new people.

It's good to know a little of the language.

• Negative statements

It's + not + adjective + to . . .

It's not hard to do.

Questions with "Is it"

Is it + adjective + to-infinitive?

Is it easy to find parking spaces here?

### 3 Grammar Advice and suggestions 🥯

What should I take? Should I take these shoes? You should take a hat.

You shouldn't take high heels. You could borrow your dad's hat.

You need to have warm clothes.

Do you want to pack some other shoes?

Why don't you take a hat?

It's a good idea to pack a jacket. In conversation . . .

Take a flashlight.

Don't forget to pack some batteries.

You should . . . can be very strong. People sometimes soften it by saying:

I think you should . . .

Maybe you should (just) . . .

You should probably . . .

# Advice and Suggestions

### Strong Advice

Should

Subject + should (not) + base verb

You should take some insect repellant. You shouldn't carry a lot of cash with you.

· Need to

Subject + need to + base verb

You need to take a cap

Imperatives

Take a hat Don't forget to pack a jacket

### Suggestions

· Could

Subject + could (not) + base verb

You could borrow your dad's hat You couldn't go without a camera

Questions with: Why don't you ....?

Why don't you take my jacket

Questions with: Do you want to ...?

Do you want to pack some other shoes?

The expression: It's a good idea to ...

It's a good idea to take your sunglasses.

### Unit 8

### Order of Adjectives:

Before a noun, the usual order of types of adjectives is:

Opinion	Size	Color	Shape	Nationality	Material	Noun
Beautiful	big	blue	square	Thai	wool	Carpet
Awesome	little	red	rectangular	Iraqi	metal	
Pretty	small	black	round	English	plastic	
Ugly	tiny			American	cotton	
Disgusting						

#### Usual adjective order:

opinion, size, color, shape, nationality, material

They have beautiful Turkish rugs.

I like the big red rug.

I want those cute little round speakers

I like the green rug. Which one do you like?

I like the blue one in the middle.

Those speakers are cool. Which ones do you like?

I like the silver ones on the right.

# AGREEING TO REQUESTS

# Answer **Yes** to agree to requests with Can and Could:

Can I use your phone?
Yes. / Sure. / Go (right) ahead.

Could you chop the onions? Yes. / Sure. / OK. / No problem.

# Answer NO to agree to requests with mind:

Do you mind if I use your phone?

No, go (right) ahead. / No, not at all.

Would you mind helping me in the kitchen? No, not at all. / Oh, no. No problem.

### WHOSE . . . ?

• Whose . . . ? = Who does this belong to?

### **Form**

- Whose + singular / plural noun + be + pronoun? Whose coat is this? Whose earrings are they?
- Whose can be used in other patterns: Whose jacket did you borrow?

### Possessive Adjectives

We use possessive adjectives to show who owns or "possesses" something, the possessive adjectives are:

number	person	gender	possessive adjective	example sentence
	1st	male/female	my	This is my book.
	2nd	male/female	your	I like your car.
singular	3rd	male	his	His name is "John".
		female	her	Her name is "Mary".
		neuter	its	The dog is eating its food.
plural	1st	male/female	our	We like our house.
	2nd	male/female	your	Your children are nice.
	3rd	male/female/neuter	their	The students thanked their teacher

### Possessive adjectives Exercise

0	Complete the sentences with the right possessive adjective:
1.	Two students didn't do mathematics homework.
2.	I have a car My car is black.
3.	We have a doglt's name is Poncho.
4.	Nancy is from England Her husband is from Australia.
5.	Sarah and Nadia go to a high schoolTheir little brother goes
	to primary school.
6.	Mr. O'Brian has a van His van is very old.
7.	We go to a high school. Our high school is fantastic.
8.	I like swimming brother swims with me.
9.	Frank and Alan are French Their family are from France.
10	Many likes Her grandmother She often visits her

### NOTES

### Compare:

- your = possessive adjective you're = you are
- its = possessive adjectiveit's = it is *OR* it has
- their = possessive adjective they're = they are there = adverb (I'm not going there / look over there / there is a car outside)
- whose = possessive adjective who's = who is OR who has

## Possessive pronouns

We use possessive pronouns depending on:

- o number: singular (e.g.: mine) or plural (e.g.: ours)
- person: 1st person (e.g.: mine), 2nd person (e.g.: yours) or 3rd person (e.g.: his)
- o gender: male (his), female (hers)

number	person	Gender (of "owner")	possessive pronouns
	1st	male/female	mine
singular	2nd	male/female	yours
	9.1	male	his
	3rd	female	hers
	1st	male/female	ours
plural	2nd	male/female	yours
pratur	3rd	male/female/neuter	theirs

### Possessive 's

• When we want to show that something belongs to somebody or something, we usually add 's to a singular noun and an apostrophe ' to a plural noun, for example:

Ahmad's car - Sami's pen - Mary's house - the boy's ball

- The friend of my father
- o My father's friend

	one ball		more than one ball	
one boy	the boy's ball	<b>∱</b> •	the boy's balls 🍖	
more than one boy	the boys' ball	<b>∱</b> ∱∱•	the boys' balls 🕻✝🔭	

### Irregular Plurals

singular noun	plural noun
my child's dog	my children's dog
the man's work	the men's work
the mouse's cage	the mice's cage
a person's clothes	people's clothes

# Vocabulary

Nouns Places at Home Bathroom Bedroom Closet Kitchen Living room  Furniture Armchair Cabinet Coffee table Drawer Dresser Lamp Nightstand Shelf / shelves	Things at Home Bathtub Box Carpet Curtain Cushion Dishwasher Faucet Microwave Mirror Oven Sink Stove Toilet rug	Verbs Food and eating Chop onions Help with the dishes Set the table  Adjectives Square Rectangular Round Wooden Wool Plastic metal
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# The Irregular Verbs

# Sample Test for Final Exam

# End Of Revision

Thank you

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مجهود شخصي / Focus