**[مدخل اللغويات اسئله الاختبار](http://www.e1500.com/vb/t33434.html)**

**السلام عليكم ورحمه الله وبركاته  
  
اخباركم ؟؟  
بما اني كنت متاكده من حمل ماده** [**مدخل اللغويات**](http://www.e1500.com/vb/t33434.html) **كتبت الاسئله   
وتبعا راح تلقون اخطاء في بعض الكلمات وهكا من الاستعجال وعشان المراقبين لو شافوني بيخلوني امسح اللي كتبته   
كل ماعليكم الحين تاخذون الاسئله وتحلونها لي وتسدحونها[[مدخل اللغويات اسئله الاختبار](http://www.e1500.com/vb/t33434.html) موفقين ...  
  
1-The element ceive in the word receive I sa ?  
2-The earliest writing for which we have clear evidence is the kind that Geoffrey?  
3- ----------------is away of writing in which each symbol epresents aconceept an idea?  
4-Asyllable is ounit of sound consisting of?  
5-Aphone me is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_??  
6- Is physically produced speech sound repress enting one version of aphone me?  
7-All affixes(prefixe sand suffixes)inEnglish are??  
8-The elemant "dress"in the word dressed is a\_\_\_\_\_\_??  
9-The word minand me bebng to word class of??  
10-The study of how words are comined to form sentences is colled??  
11-Our ancestors made avery sign ficant transition to an upright whith bi pedal locomotion Bipedal means?  
12-English has about \_\_\_\_\_inflectional morphemes?  
13-Asyllable is??  
14-The words\_\_\_\_ form aminimal pair ??  
15- \_\_\_\_\_ is the process of combining tow(nomor)words form anew word??  
16-\_\_\_\_is the process of changing the function of aword.such as nouna verb asa way of forming new word??  
17-The tow types of free morphemes are??  
18-The initial consonant in pat is??  
19-The uspect of the relation shipbet weenlirgu is ticsigns and abjects in the world is described as.??  
20-Bee communication has in an extremely limited form??  
21-Because of the absence of direct physical evidence??  
22-Arbitrariness is property of language??  
23-Duality is upropenty of language?  
24-I deograms are.??  
25-The use of the word Kleenex refer all brands of tissuspaper is agood example  
================================================](http://www.e1500.com/vb/t33434.html)**[**حل السؤال الاول   
1-The element ceive in the word receive I sa**](http://www.e1500.com/vb/t33434.html) **In words such as *receive, reduce and repeat, we can identify the bound morpheme re- at the* beginning, but the elements *-ceive, -duce and -peat are not separate word forms* and hence cannot be free morphemes. These types of forms are sometimes described as ‘bound stems’ to keep them distinct from ‘free stems’ such as *dress and care***

**حليت 6 اسئله وان شاء الله بكمل الباقي اول ما القى فرصه واتمنى تتاكدون من الاجابات   
============================  
2-The earliest writing for which we have clear evidence is the kind that Geoffrey?  
Is referring to as cuneiform marked on clay tables about 5,000 years ago  
جواب السؤال الثاني في المحاضره الثالثه في المقدمه التمهيديه لتطور الكتابه**

**===  
3- ----------------is away of writing in which each symbol epresents aconceept an idea?  
Ideogram  
جواب السؤال الثالث في المحاضره الثالثه في جزئيه pictograms and ideograms  
===**

**4-Asyllable is unit of sound consisting of?  
Avowel and optional consonant befor or after the vowel  
جواب السؤال في المحاضره الخامسه في جزئيه Syllables and cluster  
===**

**5-Aphone me is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_??  
Is the abstract unit or sound type in the mind  
جواب السؤال الخامس في المحاضره الخامسه في جزئيه phones and allophones   
===**

**6- Is physically produced speech sound repress enting one version of aphone me  
A phone  
جواب السؤال السادس في المحاضره الخامسه في جزئيه phones and allophones  
===**

**7-All affixes(prefixe sand suffixes)inEnglish are  
It is the most word foration process to to be fund in the production of new English word  
جواب السؤال السابع في المحاضره السادسه في جزئيه Derivation  
===**

**English has about \_\_\_\_\_inflectional morphemes-12  
Eight   
جواب السؤال في المحاضره السابعه في جزئيه Derivational and inflectional morphemes  
=====**

**13-Asyllable is??  
is unit of sound consisting of Avowel and optional consonant befor or after the vowel  
جواب السؤال في المحاضره الخامسه**

**===**

**14-The words\_\_\_\_ form aminimal pair ??  
بالنسبه لسؤال هذا اتوقع انه حاط كلمات ونختار الكلمات الي تمثل aminimal pair  
اذا كان السؤال كذا راح تلقون الجواب في المحاضره الخامسه في جزئية minimal pairs and sets**

**====**

**15- \_\_\_\_\_ is the process of combining tow(no more)words form anew word??  
Compounding  
جواب السؤال في المحاضره السادسه**

**====**

**16-\_\_\_\_is the process of changing the function of aword.such as nouna verb asa way of forming new word??  
Conversion  
جواب السؤال في المحاضره السادسه**

**===**

**17-The tow types of free morphemes are??\  
That is morphemes that can stand by themselves as single words  
جواب السؤال في المحاضره السابعه في جزئيه free and bound morphemes are  
===**

**22-Arbitrariness is property of language??  
is property of language describing the fact that there is no natural connection between a linguistic form and its meaning   
جواب السؤال في المحاضره الثانيه  
====**

**23-Duality is property of language?  
Duality is property of language whereby linguistic forms have two simultaneous level of sound production and meang also called double articulation  
جواب السؤال في المحاضره الثانيه   
===**

**24-I deograms are.??  
Is a way of writing in which each symbol represente a concept/ an idea  
جواب السؤال في المحاضره الثالثه**

**5-Aphone me is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_??  
هذا السؤال اذا المقصود aphone means :  
او المقصود phoneme**

**phoneme: the smallest meaning-distinguishing sound unit in the abstract  
representation of the sounds of a language  
aphone: a physically produced speech sound, representing one version of  
a phoneme  
phones: are phonetic units and appear in square brackets**

**7- ...All affixes(prefixe sand suffixes)inEnglish are  
a bound morphemes**

**minimal pair (set): two (or more) words that are identical in form except for a  
contrast in one phoneme in the same position in each word (e.g. bad, mad)  
  
يعني**

**Minimal pairs- two different words which are identical in every way except for one sound sound segment that occurs in the same place in the string.**

**E.gs.: mat met ray lay**

**15- اتوقع السوال فيه خطاء الى هية no اتوقها or   
compounding: the process of combining two (or more) words to form a new  
word (e.g. waterbed)**

**17-The tow types of free morphemes are??\  
- free morphemes  
- *bound* morphemes**

[**1-The element ceive in the word receive I sa**](http://www.e1500.com/vb/t33434.html) **In words such as *receive, reduce and repeat, we can identify the bound morpheme re- at the* beginning, but the elements *-ceive, -duce and -peat are not separate word forms* and hence cannot be free morphemes. These types of forms are sometimes described as ‘bound stems’ to keep them distinct from ‘free stems’ such as *dress and care.***