

1. . Noun + is/are + adjectives

- a. Mrs. Moore is kind and friendly.
- b. Francisco and Mrs. Moore are busy.
- c. The classroom is clean and colorful.

2. Irrelevant ideas

My name is Greg Mandel. I am fifteen years old. I live at 16 West 7th Street in Chicago. I am a student. My father plays tennis in his free time. X

My name is Greg Mandel. I am fifteen years old. I live at 16 West 7th Street in Chicago. I am a student. ✓

3. What is the correct order of the following sentences:

- 1. First, I brush my teeth and wash my face.
- 2. Everyday I wake up at 5:00 in the morning.
- 3. After that, I have a big breakfast.
- 4. Then I leave for work at 6:30 a.m.

A. 2, 1, 3, 4

B. 3, 2, 1, 4

C. 2, 3, 4, 1

D. 4, 3, 2, 1

4. Number the sentences in sequential order. Then write them in the correct order.

- a. 3 Next, Mrs. Garcia reads the shopping list.
- b. 1 First, the Garcia go to the supermarket.
- c. 4 After that, Maria and Mr. Garcia go get the groceries.
- d. 2 Then Francisco gets a shopping cart.

5. Get _____ bread at the store.

A. many

B. six

C. a

D. some

6. Cut an apple. Put _____ apple in a bowl.

- A. an
- B. the**
- C. a
- D. some

7. **The classroom** is not a big room. It is a small room. It is clean and colorful.

8. **Francisco** Garcia is a student. He is fifteen years old. He is from Los Angeles, California.

9. The classroom is not a big room. _____ is a small room.

- a. he
- b. it**

10. _____ sun is shining today.

- a. a
- b. the**
- c. X

11. The classroom is

- a. clean colorful.
- b. clean and colorful.**
- c. clean, colorful.

12. Add the correct end punctuation mark.

1. (statement) The Garcia family goes grocery shopping every Saturday (.)
2. (question) Do they go to Al's Supermarket (?)
3. (question) Is it near their apartment (?)
4. (Strong statement) The shopping list is very long (!)
5. (statement) Mrs. Garcia is a great cook (.)
6. (Strong statement) Finally, the family relaxes and eats lunch (!)

13. I am sitting on a beach and _____ in my journal.

- a. write
- b. writes
- c. wrote
- d. **writing**

14. Some people are _____, and some are short.

- a. short
- b. young
- c. **tall**
- d. straight

15. We were on the train all day. _____

- a. it was terrible.
- b. it was amazing.
- c. it was OK
- d. **it was exhausting.**

16. Choose the sentence with the correct order of words:

- 1. A. The party everyone left early.
B. Left everyone the party early.
C. **Everyone left the party early.**
- 2. A. She home drives after work
B. **She drives home after work.**
C. Home she drives after work.
- 3. A. Met my friend I in the park.
B. In the park met my friend I.
C. **I met my friend in the park.**

17. Then I had a big breakfast. I was _____.

- (A) fine
- (B) bored
- (C) tired
- (D) Hungry**

18. Find the adjective in the first sentence and fill the gap with the adverb.

- 1) Joanne is happy. She smiles happily.
- 2) The boy is loud. He shouts loudly.
- 3) Her English is fluent. She speaks English fluently.
- 4) Our mum was angry. She spoke to us angrily.
- 5) My neighbor is a careless driver. He drives carelessly.

19. Connecting words: And

And joins two or more similar things in POSITIVE sentences.

Examples:

I like Chinese **and** Italian food.

We have class on Mondays, Wednesdays, **and** Fridays.

I speak **and** write English well.

I speak **and** write English **and** Arabic well.

20. Connecting words: or

1. Or joins two or more similar things in NEGATIVE sentences.

I don't like warm milk **or** cold coffee.

We don't have class on Tuesdays **or** Thursdays.

I don't like pizza **or** hamburgers

2. Or also connects two or more CHOICES or ALTERNATIVES

I would like to go to Jeddah, Abha, **or** Taif.

My father **or** my brother will drive me to the airport.

Is this sentence true **or** false?

21. Connecting words: (and , or)

Combine each pair of sentences to make one sentence:

1. I like chocolate ice cream. I like coffee ice cream.

I like chocolate ice cream **and** coffee ice cream.

2. I can speak English. I can understand English.

I can speak **and** understand English

3. I can't speak French. I can't speak Japanese.

I can't speak French **or** Japanese.

4. You can eat your pizza here. You can take it home.

You can eat your pizza here **or** take it home.

22 Choose the sentence with the correct order of words

1. Ken went to school. Fred went to school.

A. Ken went to school and Fred went to school.

B. Ken and Fred went to school.

C. Ken, Fred went to school.

2. Harry went to the bathroom. Harry washed his hands.

A. Harry went to the bathroom and washed his hands.

B. Harry went to the bathroom and Harry washed his hands.

C. Harry went to the bathroom, washed his hands.

23. The Compound Sentence: Coordinating Conjunctions

Logical Relationship	Coordinating Conjunction
Addition	And
Contrast	But
Choice	Or
Result	So

Ahmad is a scientist, **and** he travels often.

He works in Dammam, **but** he lives in Al-Ahssa.

He didn't study for the test, **so** he failed the exam.

Next year we will go to the beach, **or** we will stay at home.

24. And connects two sentences with similar ideas. The sentences can be positive or negative:

My friend is a teacher, **and** his sister is a doctor.

He doesn't like music, **and** she doesn't like art.

But connects two sentences with opposite ideas:

She likes art, **but** she doesn't like music.

25. Or connects two sentences that express alternatives or choices:

Every Friday, they go to a mall, **or** they visit some friends.

So connects a reason and a result:

My friend and his sister work a lot, **so** they don't go out very often.

26. Insert the correct coordinating conjunction. Use *and*, *or*, *but*, or *so*.

1. We are going to have spaghetti for dinner, ___ **and** ___ we are going to have ice cream for dessert.

2. It is my birthday, ___ **but** ___ I have to go to work. I wish that I could stay home and relax.

3. Would you like to play tennis, ___ **or** ___ would you like to go to the golf course?

4. It is raining, ___ **so** ___ she is wearing a raincoat.

5. It is cold outside, ___ **so** ___ we can't go swimming.

6. I'm hungry, ___ **but** ___ I don't have time to eat.

7. I enjoy opera, ___ **and** ___ I like the ballet.

8. She's a trustworthy friend, ___ **so** ___ I tell her my secrets.

9. I want to go to school, ___ **but** ___ I don't have enough money.

10. We can go to the movies, ___ **or** ___ we can rent a video.

27. Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly?

- A. They are running and jumping happily and their mother is watching them quietly.
- B. They are running and jumping happily, and, their mother is watching them quietly.
- C. They are running and jumping happily, and their mother is watching them quietly.**
- D. They are running and jumping happily and, their mother is watching them quietly.

28. Which of the following sentences contains a compound subject?

- A. Francisco and Maria watch a movie every Saturday.**
- B. Francisco watches a movie every Saturday.
- C. Maria watches a movie every Saturday.
- D. Francisco watches a movie and plays tennis every Saturday.

29. Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly?

- A. Ali is tired, so, he would like to go to bed.
- B. Ali is tired so, he would like to go to bed.
- C. Ali is tired so he would like to go to bed.
- D. Ali is tired, so he would like to go to bed.**

30. run-on

A run-on is two simple sentences incorrectly joined with no coordinating conjunction and no comma.

Subject + verb + subject + verb

Example:

Francisco worked out Maria cleaned her room. X

The first test was difficult the second one was easy. X

31. comma splice

The comma splice is two simple sentences incorrectly joined with a comma alone.

Subject + verb + , + subject + verb

Examples:

Some people like cats, others prefer dogs. X

Francisco worked out, Maria cleaned her room. X

The first test was difficult, the second one was easy. X

32. Which of the following is a comma splice ?

- A. Some people like cats others prefer dogs.
- B. Some people like cats, others prefer dogs.**
- C. Some people like cats, and others prefer dogs.
- D. Some people like cats. Others prefer dogs.

33. Which of the following is a run-on?

- A. My father is an engineer, and my mother is a doctor.
- B. My father is an engineer my mother is a doctor.**
- C. My father is an engineer, my mother is a doctor.
- D. My father is an engineer. my mother is a doctor.

34. Compound sentences with Conjunctive Adverbs

Coordinating conjunctions حروف العطف	Conjunctive Adverbs ظروف العطف
And	= furthermore = Moreover = In addition
But	= However = Nevertheless
So	= Therefore = As a result
Or	= otherwise

35. Which is the best way to rewrite the following sentence ?

"I'm hungry, but I don't have time to eat"

- a. I'm hungry; as a result, I don't have time to eat.
- b. I'm hungry; however, I don't have time to eat.
- c. I'm hungry; Therefore, I don't have time to eat.
- d. I'm hungry; Moreover, I don't have time to eat.

36. Which is the best way to rewrite the following sentence ?

"We are going to have spaghetti for dinner, and we are going to have ice cream for dessert.

- a. We are going to have spaghetti for dinner; in addition, we are going to have ice cream for dessert.
- b. We are going to have spaghetti for dinner; as a result, we are going to have ice cream for dessert.
- c. We are going to have spaghetti for dinner; however, we are going to have ice cream for dessert.
- d. We are going to have spaghetti for dinner; Nevertheless, we are going to have ice cream for dessert.

37. Which is the best way to rewrite the following sentence ?

"It is raining, so she is wearing a raincoat. "

- a. It is raining; however, she is wearing a raincoat.
- b. It is raining; as a result, she is wearing a raincoat.
- c. It is raining; moreover, she is wearing a raincoat.
- d. It is raining; nevertheless, she is wearing a raincoat.

38. You need to work harder; _____, you'll not succeed.

- a. as a result
- b. moreover
- c. in addition
- d. otherwise

39. The following are subordinating conjunctions that we use to make complex sentences;

After	I will go to bed after I finish my homework.
Before	I will finish my homework before I go to bed.
As soon as	I will go to bed as soon as I finish my homework.
Since	I have been doing my homework since I came from school.
Until	I can't go to bed until I finish my homework.
When	I will go to bed when I finish my homework.
While	I had a sandwich while I was doing my homework.
Although	Although he finished his homework, he couldn't go to bed.
if	If you finish your homework, you can go to bed.
Unless =	You cannot go to bed unless you finish your homework.
Because	You can go to bed because you finished your homework.

40. I will go to bed _____.

- a. after I finish my homework.
- b. as I finish my homework.
- c. until I finish my homework.
- d. unless I finish my homework.

41. " Abdullah speaks and understands English" is

- a. a compound sentence.
- b. a simple sentence
- c. a complex sentence
- d. not a sentence

42. "Faisal lives and works in Jeddah" is

- a. a compound sentence.
- b. a simple sentence
- c. a complex sentence
- d. not a sentence

43. " Abdullah speaks English because he works with American people" is

- a. a compound sentence.
- b. a simple sentence
- c. a complex sentence
- d. not a sentence

44. " Ahmed lives in Dammam because he works there" is

- a. a compound sentence.
- b. a simple sentence
- c. a complex sentence
- d. not a sentence

45. " Faisal lives in Dammam, but he works in Khobar" is

- a. a compound sentence.
- b. a simple sentence
- c. a complex sentence
- d. not a sentence

46. " My father speaks English. But he cannot write in English" is

- a. a compound sentence.
- b. a simple sentence
- c. a complex sentence
- d. not a sentence

47. Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly?

- a. Although he finished his homework, he couldn't go to bed.
- b. Although, he finished his homework he couldn't go to bed.
- c. Although he finished his homework; he couldn't go to bed.

48. Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly?

- a. After, Ahmed did his homework, he played football with his friends.
- b. After Ahmed did his homework, he played football with his friends?
- c. After Ahmed did his homework, he played football with his friends.
- d. After, Ahmed did his homework; he played football with his friends.

49. Choose the best subordinating conjunction.

Leila cleaned her room _____ her mother got home from work.

- A. if
- B. before
- C. until

Francisco has four people in his family. His parents' names are Berta and Miguel. Francisco does not have a brother. He has a sister. Her name is Maria. Francisco's father is very smart. He is a computer programmer. He works in a big office. Francisco's mother works in a bookstore. She is very kind. She reads books in her free time. Francisco and Maria do not work. They go to Oak Street School. They are good students. They study every day. After school, Francisco plays baseball. Maria listens to music.