

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

أختبار مادة الدلالة والبراغماتيك الترم الثاني 1436هـ للدكتور فهد بن دهيش

[أسئلة اختبار - مادة الدلالة والبراغماتيك - دكتور فهد بن دهيش]

1) what is the thematic role that can be defined as the entity undergoing an action or movement

- the goal
- The experience
- **The theme**

2) " On her way to school .Mary saw the cat over the tree " Identify the semantic roles of the four noun phrases in What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "school " ?

- A)location
- B)source
- **C)goal**
- D) instrument

3) What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "Mary"?

- A agent
- **B experiencer**
- C theme
- D source

4) ) what is the thematic role for the noun phrase "the tree"

- **A location**
- B goal
- C source
- D instrument

5) what is the thematic role for the noun phrase " the cat"

- A experience
- B agent
- C goal
- **D theme**

6) "My dad taught me that the "key" <b></b> to success ..... basically...

- a concrete referent
- **B a literal key**

- **C an abstract referent**
- D a nonfigurative referent

7) Only one sentence among the following has a spatial deixis .which one

- A I'm busy now
- **B you can't stay here**
- C come back tomorrow
- D join me later

8) ) it can be defined as subsequent reference to an already introduced entity.what is it ?

- anticipated
- deixis
- collocation
- **anaphora**

9) ) what was first reference to by saying "you shall know a word by the company it keeps "

- anaphora
- **collocation**
- Deixis
- presupposition

10) ) what is speaker assumes is true or known by a listener can be described as a.....

- **presupposition**
- collocation
- deixis
- prototype

11) what is one obvious presupposition of speaker who says " your brother is waiting outside?"

- that you are iatc for you brother
- **that you have a brother**
- that you need to leave with your brother right now
- that you regret having a brother

12) )what is one obvious presupposition of a speaker "I regret buying a car"

- a That their care is old
- b That they did not buy the car

- c That they will sell the car
- **d That they bought that car**

13) the meaning of an meaning

- **a The individual words and the syntactic construction**
- b the sentence in addition to the physical-social content
- c. the construction of words in a particular meaningful
- d the meaning of the acntence only

14) By using the hedge "So, to cut a long story short awareness of?

- The Quality Maxim
- **The Quantity Maxim**
- The Relation Maxim
- The Manner Maxima

15) ) Mom: Have you done your homework Son: My bicycle is broken mom What maxim does the son flout /violate in this conversation?

- **The Maxim of Relation**
- The Maxim of Quality
- The Maxim of Quantity
- The Maxim of Manner

16) )When a speaker is being vocal but not verbal;that is known as ...

- gesture
- **paralanguage**
- implicature
- body language

17) Shrugging the shoulders is a visual sign that could be equivalent

- I disapprove it
- I dislike it
- **I don't know**
- I forgot to do it

18) The word race (as in the act of running commentary the same ethnue group)are recognized as

- Synonymy
- Homophony

- Polysemy
- **Homonymy**

19) What is a pair or group of words that are often used together?

- Synonym
- **Collocation**
- Antonym
- Prototype

20) )In regards to collocations all these examples are considered incorrectly written ...for ....

- a Did you look at TV last night?
- Your car has a very strong engine
- You must do an effort to study for the exam
- **You made a few mistakes**

21) )All these examples represent correct collections.. except

- a substantial meal
- a big meal
- **a fast meal**
- a quick meal

22) )One type of antonyms is called reversions .Which among the followings is ..example of reversions ?

- happy and unhappy
- **dress and undress**
- safe and unsafe
- fair and unfair

23) )If someone asks you "Can you pass the ketchup "while sitting on the dining table this utterance is often interpreted as..

- **a It is syntactically good but semantically odd.**
- b It is syntactically odd but semantically good
- c It is both syntactically and semantically odd
- d It is both syntactically and semantically good

24) )If someone asks you "Can you pass the ketchup "while sitting on the dining table this utterance is often interpreted as..

- a question
- a direct speech
- **a request**
- an interrogation

25) Some collocations are considered fixed while others are considered open. Which of the followings is commonly known as a fixed collocation?

- **a Take a picture**
- b Stick to the rules
- c run a bath
- d Gently

26) Only one of the following expressions is considered a face-saving act. Which one is it?

- a I'm sorry to bother you.
- b I know you're busy, but
- **c Let's do this together**
- d You need to

27) 39) "IRAQI HEAD SEEKS ARMS" What does this newspaper headline contain?

- Hyponymy
- Homonymy
- **Polysemy**

28) A waiter at a restaurant said: The tuna sandwich left without paying "The tuna sandwich in this utterance is best interpreted as..

- **a a customer**
- b just a sandwich
- the restaurant manager

29) The referring expression "my uncle" is considered..

- a an abstract referent
- b a unique referent
- **c a non-unique referent**

30) Which among the following is considered a well-written idiom?

- a fly of the handles
- **b spilled the beans**

31) which one of these sentences contains an idiom . Which one is it?

- a **I decided to hit the sack early tonight**
- b I broke the foot of the bed
- c I wasted my time on this
- d I saw the water running

32) What are the semantic features required for the subject of the sentence ".....is going to marry Sarah this Friday "

- a [+Animate,+Human,+Female,+Adult]
- b [+Animate,+Human,-Female,-Adult]
- c **[+Animate,+Human,-Female,+Adult]**
- d [+Animate,+Human,+Female,-Adult]

33) what is the semantic/lexical relation between tulip and flower?

- Synonymy
- Homophony
- **Hyponymy**
- Homonymy

34) By starting an utterance with "Correct me if I'm wrong but...." The speaker is being..... maxim of

- **Quality**
- Relation
- Quantity
- Manner

35) 35) identify the pair of non-gradable antonyms among the followings

- pack and unpack
- rich and poor
- **dead and alive**
- quick and slow