بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم اسئلة اختبار علم المعاني والبراغماتيك الفصل الثاني للعام 1436-1435 هـ د. فهد بن دهيش [أسئلة اختبار - علم المعاني والبراغماتيك - د. فهد بن دهيش]

- 1) what is the thematic role that can be defined as the entity undergoing an action or movement
- a. the goal
- b. The experience
- c. The theme
- d. The location
- 2) "On her way to <u>school .Mary</u> saw<u> the cat</u> over <u>the tree</u> "Identify the semantic roles of the<u> four noun phrases</u> in the sentence What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "school "?
- a. location
- b. source
- c. goal
- instrument
- 3) What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "Mary"?
- a. agent
- b. experiencer
- c. theme
- d. source
- 4) what is the thematic role for the noun phrase "the tree"?
- a. location
- b. goal
- c. source
- d. instrument
- 5) what is the thematic role for the noun phrase "the cat"?
- a. experience
- b. agent
- c. goal
- d. theme
- 6) "My dad taught me that the key to success(the question is about the key in the

sentence) - a. a concrete referent - b. a literal key - c. an abstract referent - d. a nonfigurative referent 7) What would be example of sentences Non-countable referents that have continuous substances? - a. apple sauce and ink - b. sand and rice - c. furniture and jewelry - d. some coins and pens 8) Scissors, tweezers, trousers, shorts and jeans are examples of nouns that - a. occurs only as plurals - b. could be concrete or abstract - c. must have overt spectifty - d. have fixed reference 9) Only one sentence among the flowing has a spatial deixis .which one - a. I'm busy now - b. you can't stay here - c. come back tomorrow - d. join me later 10) It can be defined as subsequent reference to an already introduced entity. What is it

11) what was first reference to by saying "you shall Know a word be the company it

- a. Anticipated

- c. Collocation

- d. Anaphora

- a. A naphora

- b. Collocation

- b. Deixis

keeps "

- c. Deixis

- d. Presupposition
 12) What is speaker assumes is true or known by a listeners can be described as a.....
 a. presupposition
 b. collocation
 c. deixis
 d. prototype
- 13) What is one obvious presupposition of speaker who says "your brother is waiting outside?
- a. That you are iatc for you brother
- b. That you have a brother
- c. That you need to leave with your brother right now
- d. That you regret having a brother
- 14) What is one obvious presupposition of a speak
- a. That their care is old
- b. That they did not buy the car
- c. That they will sell the car
- d. That they bought that car
- 15) The meaning of an utterance is determined by means of
- a. The individual words and the syntactic construction
- b. The sentence in addition to the physical-social content
- c. The construction of words in a particular meaningful
- d. The meaning of the acntence only
- 16) By using the hedge "So, to cut a long story she awareness of?
- a. The Quality Maxim
- b. The Quantity Maxim
- c. The Relation Maxim
- d. The Manner Maxima
- 17) By starting an utterance with "Correct aware of the maxim of
- a. Quality
- b. Relation
- c. Quantity
- d. Manner

- 18) Mom: Have you done your homework Son: My bicycle is broken mom What maxim does the son flout /violate in this conversation?

 a. The Maxim of Relation

 b. The Maxim of Quality

 c. The Maxim of Quantity

 d. The Maxim of Manner

 19) When a speaker is being vocal but not verbal; that is known as ...
- a. gesture
- b. paralanguage
- c. implicature
- d. body language
- 20) is identified as change in intonation and stress while speaking
- a. none
- b. prosody
- c. language
- d. Gesture
- 21) Shrugging the shoulders is a visual sign that could be equivalent
- a. I disapprove it
- b. I dislike it
- c. I don't know
- d. I forgot to do it
- 22) The word race (as in the act of running competitively) and race (as in people belonging in the same ethnic group) are recognized as
- a. Synonymy
- b. Homophony
- c. Polysemy
- d. Homonymy
- 23) What is a pair or group of words that are often used together?
- a. Synonym
- b. Collocation
- c. Antonym
- d. Prototype

- 24) In regards to collocations all these examples are considered incorrectly written except
- a. Did you look at TV last night?
- b. Your car has a very strong engine
- c. You must do an effort to study for the exam
- d. You made a few mistakes
- 25) All these examples represent correct collections except for
- a. a substantial meal
- b. a big meal
- c. a fast meal
- d. a quick meal
- 26) What is the semantic / lexical relation between <u>tulip </u>>and <u>flower </u>?
- a. Synonymy
- b. Homophony
- c. Hyponymy
- d. Homonymy
- 27) My father 40 years old I can change "my father" into the synonym "my dad "
- a. in formality
- b. polite
- c. impolite
- d. none
- 28) Identify the pair of non grad-able antonyms among the following
- a. pack and unpack
- b. rich and poor
- c. dead and alive
- d. quick and slow
- 29) One type of antonyms is called reversives .Which among the followings is ..example of reversives?
- a. happy and unhappy
- b. dress and undress
- c. safe and unsafe
- d. fair and unfair

- 30) What is your opinion about this sentence? "My horse is reading newspaper". - a. It is syntactically good but semantically odd. - b. It is syntactically odd but semantically good - c. It is both syntactically and semantically odd - d. It is both syntactically and semantically good 31) If someone asks you "Can you pass the ketchup "while sitting on the dining table this utterance is often interpreted as.. - a. a question - b. a direct speech - c. a request - d. an interrogation 32) Some collocation are considered fixed while others are considered open. Which of the followings is commonly known as a fixed collocation? - a. Take a picture - b. Stick to the rules - c. on a bath - d. Gently 33) Only one of the following expression is considered a face-saving act. Which one is it - a. I 'm sorry to bother you. - b. I know you 're busy ,but - c. Let's do this together - d. You need to
- 34) "IRAQI HEAD SEEKS ARMS" What does this newspaper headline contain?
- a. Hyponymy
- b. Synonymy
- c. Homonymy
- d. Polysemy
- 35) In the field of linguistics, politeness is mainly related to the concept of
- a. self
- b. face
- c. feeling

- d. tactfulness
- 36) Each of the following sentence contain a speech act except for one. Which one is it
- a. I bet your \$30 he will not show up
- b. I will met you at 5:30 at the library
- c. I am sorry I said that to you
- d. I teach at the new high school
- 37) Negative politeness is about respecting the negative case of other. As example of that is
- a. Apologizing
- b. thanking
- c. paying compliments
- d. indicating friendliness
- 38) one of the following expression is considered a face-saving act. Which one is it?
- a. I 'm sorry to bother you.
- b. I know you 're busy ,but
- c. Let's do this together
- d. You need to
- 39) "IRAQI HEAD SEEKS ARMS" What does this newspaper headline contain?
- a. Hyponymy
- b. Synonymy
- c. Homonymy
- d. Polysemy
- 40) It can be defined as the gradual mental representation of meaning or categorization it is called
- a. prototype
- b. inference
- c. referent
- d. referring expression
- 41) They are two or more forms with very closely related meaning which are often but not always interchangeable in sentences.
- a. synonym

- b. Homophones
 c. Homonyms
 d. Polysemous
 42) Which among these sentences involves <u>a second</u> referring expressions?
 a. Your sister white
- b. That one is white
- c. The big dog is white
- d. The flower is white
- 43) A waiter at a restaurant said: "The tuna sandwich left without paying "<u>The tuna sandwich</u> in this utterance is best interpreted as..
- a. a customer
- b. just a sandwich
- c. money
- d. the restaurant manager
- 44) The referring expression "my uncle "is considered...
- a. an abstract referent
- b. a unique referent
- c. a non-unique referent
- d. a fixed referent
- 45) Which among the following is considered a well-written idiom?
- a. fly of the handles
- b. spilled the beans
- c. kick the buckets
- d. blow one 's tops
- 46) It is understood as using names associated with things to refer to people, or an example of people to refer is called
- a. reference
- b. prototype
- c. referent
- d. inference
- 47) which one of these sentences contains an idiom. Which one is it?

- a. I decided to hit the sack early tonight
- b. I broke the foot of the bed
- c. I wasted my time on this
- d. I saw the water running
48) What are the semantic features required for the subject of the sentences "is going to marry Sarah this Friday "
- a. [+Animate ,+ Human,+Female ,+Adult]
- b. [+Animate ,+Human,-Female,-Adult]
- c. [+Animate ,+ Human,-Female ,+Adult]
- d. [+Animate ,+ Human,+Female ,-Adult]