

1) Decide whether the underlined adjective can be used only attributively, only predicatively or both. 1. He is a smart student.

- a. only attributively
- only predicatively
- **both**

2) Decide whether the underlined adjective can be used only attributively, only predicatively or both. 2. The child is asleep

- a. only attributively
- **only predicatively**
- both

3) Decide whether the underlined adjective can be used only attributively, only predicatively or both. 3. One of the main causes of lung cancer is smoking.

- **a. only attributively**
- only predicatively

4) Decide whether the underlined adjective can be used only attributively, only predicatively or both. 4. Are you afraid of the dark?

- a. only attributively
- **only predicatively**
- c. both

5) Decide whether the underlined adjective can be used only attributively, only predicatively or both. 5. This runner is fast

- a. only attributively
- only predicatively
- **c. both**

6) Identify the function of each of the underlined adjective phrases below. The driver responsible for the accident paid the fine

- complement
- **modifier in NP**
- head of NP

7) Identify the function of each of the underlined adjective phrases below. 2. The driver was careless

- **complement**

- modifier in NP

- head of NP

8) Identify the function of each of the underlined adjective phrases below. He is a careless driver

- complement

- **modifier in NP**

- head of NP

9) Identify the function of each of the underlined adjective phrases below. 4. The police found the driver guilty

- **complement**

- modifier in NP

- head of NP

10) Identify the function of each of the underlined adjective phrases below. 5. The elderly must be respected

- complement

- modifier in NP

- **head of NP**