



## أسئلة مهارات التحدث

هذا المستند يحتوي على نموذجين أسئلة سابقة الفصل الاول عام ١٣٦ و الفصل الاول عام ٣٧هـ



NOVEMBER 24, 2016

كتبتها أختكم: نورة القحطاني، تصحيح وترجمة وتعليق الاخت: اسرار

اشراف وتنسيق : جنات

لا تنسونا من صالح الدعوات

ملاحظة : التصحيح تم طبقاً لملف المراجعة للأخت اسرار و ابو الحارث

مركز فجر لخدمات الطالب - الدمام احى الروضة (٨٣٣٣٣٤١)

جوال رقم : (٠٥٤٥٥١٠٦١٦) @Fajer\_\_net

## أسئلة مهارات التحدث الفصل الأول ١٤٣٥\١٤٣٦

2. you show surprise in a negative question if

- a. your intonation goes up high and then down low at the ...
- b. your intonation goes down low and then up high at the ....
- c. goes down low all through.
- d. goes up high all through.

كيف تظهر الدهشه في السؤال المنفي ؟  
منخفضه ثم ترتفع في النهاية  
سؤال ٥٨

3. the prefix "fore" in the word(**fore**head) means

- a. between.
- b. opposite.
- c. cause to.
- d. before

صفحه ٣١ الجدول

4. the word "wooden table "means

- a. made out of wood.
- b. table to put wood on .
- c. table for wedding.
- d. table with no wood.

صفحه ٣٢ فقرة ٤

تدل على شيء مصنوع " الخشب "

5. add the suitable suffix to the word "quiet" in the sentence

- a. ous
- b. y
- c. ly
- d. us.

6.the correct form of the word "long" in the question "w... word"? is

- a. longer.
- b. longest.
- c. longing.
- d. most long.

السؤال ناقص فيما اظن :

= er-

نحطها ب حالتين

١/ اذا نبى نحط صفه \*للمهنه\* مثلا teach = فعل يعلم نبى نحطها صفه  
للشخص هذا ونبي نقول الفريدان \*معلم\* بعطيه صفه التعليم نقول  
\*teach \*er

٢/ تعطى غرض المقارنه : مثل لو نبى نقارن بين شخصين مثل احمد اطول من  
خالد

Ahmad long \*er\* than Khaled

7. the suffix that best complete the word to form an adverb ....hard ..... Of all " is:

- a. hardly.
- b. hardous.
- c. hard.
- d. hardest.

8. complete the following sentence "ahmad is ..... than other st...

- a. smarter.
- b. smartest.
- c. the most smartest.
- d. smart.

9. the goal in academic discussions is to

- a. understand what makes people think the way they do .
- b. to get to say your piece.
- C .prove you are right and others are wrong .
- d. prove that things are either right or wrong.

الهدف من المناقشه هو :

ان تقول رايك

سؤال ٣١٥

10. "you should have called me " refers to the

- a. present.
- b. future.
- c. past.
- d. present progressive.

كان ينبغي عليك ان تتصل (ضرورة)

هو لم يتصل ماضي

سؤال ٢٨٤

11. in a restaurant, you can ask the waiter about food by saying

- a. may I see the menu, please.
- b. bring me the menu.
- c. tell me what the main dish is.

في المطعم تسال القرسون عن الطعام قائلا :

دعني اطلع على الطعام من فضلك

سؤال ٨٢

d. I want the menu.

12. the short form "n" in the sentence "I'm hurt n angry" is the short

a. in

b. an

c. and

d. on

13. the official count of how many people there are in a certain region....

a. suburbs.

b. adventure.

c. version.

d. census.

تعداد رسمي للناس في منطقة ما: احصاء سكاني

سؤال ١٤٢

14. you have a business appointment for 11:00 it is probably fine to

a. 11:20- 11:30

b. 10:55-11:00

c. 11:00-11:05

d. 09:00-09:05

لديك موعد خاص باعمال تجارية الساعة ١١

من الافضل ان تصل ؟

سؤال ١٠٤

16. the sentence "I agree with you, but what about ...."...

a. complete agreement.

b. partial agreement.

c. constructive disagreement.

d. harsh disagreement.

الجملة التي تحتوي على كلمة but تكون موافقه جزئية

سؤال ٣٢٠

17. in discussions, one

a. needs to avoid using words like always.

b. can express disagreement without explaining why.

c. can criticize the person making comments.

d. can make personal comments about others.

في المناقشة : نحتاج الى تجنب استخدام

كلمات مثل دائما وابدأ

سؤال ٣٢٢

18. before you finish your disagreement statement, you better say

- a. I disagree.
- b. this is wrong.
- c. I'm afraid I can't agree with you
- d. I don't agree with you.

قبل انتهاءك من رفض بيان معين الافضل قول :

انا اسف لا اتفق معك

سؤال ٣٢٣

19. to ask a stranger about directions one can say

- a. excuse me, how can I get to .....
- b. where is ....
- c. I want to go to .....
- d. show me the way to ....

عندما تسال شخص غريب عن الاماكن

والاتجاهات تقول :

من فضلك كيف نصل الى

سؤال ٢٠٣

20. which one of the following statements is polite to start ..stranger

- a. it is cold today.
- b. how old are you?
- c. how much money do you make?
- d. how much did your scarf cost?

أي العبارات التالي مهذبه لنبدا بها محادثة مع

شخص غريب ؟

السؤال رقم ١

21. when we are sure about the answer of the tag question .....

- a. rises.
- b. falls down.
- c. stays steady \ flat
- d. starts steady and then falls down.

عندما نكون متاكدين من اجابة سؤال مذيّل ينخفض

الصوت والعكس صحيح

عندما نكون متاكدين من اجابة سؤال مذيّل ينخفض

الصوت والعكس صحيح

انظر صفحة رقم ٥/٤/٣

26. the sentence "the **bank** is two blocks from here" mean sthat

- a. two buildings away from here
- b. two **streets** away from here.
- c. two rooms away from here.
- d. two houses away from here.

27. to politely call a twenty- year old woman, one can use the te...

- a. miss.
- b. lady.
- c. madam.
- d. girl.

المراءه ذات العشرين عاما نناديها miss لانها اكثر تهديبا

سؤال ٣٠٨

28. in normal speech , the long from of the reduced from " goda " is

- a. good dad.
- b. good to.
- c. go to.
- d. good .

30. complete the following sentence with the suitable word from bel... "I share your ..... and worries about these problems"

- a. nightmare.
- b. transition.
- c. concerns.
- d. pack.

اكمل الجملة بكلمه مناسبه : انا اشارك اهتمامك وقلقك حول هذه المشكله

سؤال ١٦٧

31. I enjoy .....

- a. playing.
- b. play.
- c. played.
- d. playings.

The gerund object + سؤال ٢٣٩

32. the word "swimming" in the sentence "I'm swimming now" is

- a. noun.
- b. gerund.
- c. verb.
- d. preposition.

هذه الكلمه تعتبر فعل

سؤال ٢٩٨

33. in the dialogue

**Question:** would you like milk or coffee?

**Answer:** coffee , please

The speaker's voice goes up in

- a. milk.
- b. coffee.
- c. milk' coffee.
- d. milk,or, coffee.

ارتفع صوت المتحدث في الكلمه الاولى لانه من الاسئله التي تضمن كلمه or/either فان الصوت يرتفع في الاولى وينخفض في الثانيه

سؤال ٣٨

34. "I'm going to become a teacher" refers to

- a. past intentions.
- b. present intentions.
- c. future intentions.
- d. no intentions at all.

التعبير عن خطط مستقبلية

سؤال ٢٥٦

42. when you ask someone for clarification, what do you politely say

- a. could you repeat that .
- b. I understood nothing.
- c. that was difficult.
- d. what did you say .

اذا كنت توضيح اكثر تسال بشكل مهذب قائلا

سؤال ٧٦

43.the underlined word in the sentence "he is irritated" is

- a. verb.
- b. adverb.
- c. noun.
- d. adjective.

هنا تعتبر صفه " غاضب "

سؤال ٢٩٩

44. the sentence "you **must** study" expresses

- a. obligations.
- b. suggestion.
- c. advice.
- d. expectations.

Must =الالزام سؤال ٩٧

45. the sentence "you **had** better study" refers to a

- a. future advice.
- b. past advice.
- c. past suggestion.
- d. past expectation

المعنى كان من الافضل ان تذاكر نصيحه لشيء ماضي

سؤال ٨٥

46. in the American culture, the proverb "two is company ,three is a crowd" is used

a. when one wants a third person to join them.

b. when two persons prefer to sit together and would like the third to leave them ...

c. when three persons work in accompany.

d. when a company has five employees.

الاثنين صحبة الثلاثة جبن سؤال ٣٠٣

47. someone tells you "that is a nice jacket "you say :

a. oh, not really. it is very old .

b. would you like it .

c. yes, I know .

d. thank you .

اذا قال لاحد مثل هذه الكلمات يكون الرد شكرا

سؤال ١٠١

48. when people are very enthusiastic, their voices usually

a. go up on stressed word.

b. go down on stressed words.

c. go up on unstressed word .

d. go down on unstressed words.

عندما يشعر احد بالحماس فان نبرة الصوت تعلق عند  
الكلمات المشددة عليها وكذلك الحال في السعاده

سؤال ٤٧

49. when a person is not very sincere,

a. there is a small pause between word groups.

b. there is no pause between word groups.

c. there is a long pause between word groups.

d. there is a long pause between word groups and the voice goes up .....

اذا لم يكن صادق او امين في الكلام فلا يتوقف بين  
الكلمات واذا كان صادق يتوقف توقف بسيط

سؤال ٢٥





## أسئلة مهارات التحدث الفصل الأول ١٤٣٦/١٤٣٧

### النموذج { E }

1.(Smoking can cause you cancer) The meaning of (can) here is to express.....

a. possibility.

- b. Permission
- c. Prohibition
- d. necessity

راجع الجدول تحت سؤال ٩٩ من ملخص الحارث  
واسراروكذلك الحال الى سؤال ٤ من هذه الصفحه

2. After asking about direction ,you were told that the bakery is beside the post office.  
What dose (beside) mean?

- a. across the street from.
- b. next to.**
- c. in front of.
- d. around the corner from.

3. Which of the following sentences would mean (permission)?

- a. need I say more?
- b. may I use your phone please?**
- c. it may rain tomorrow.
- d. you need to clean your office.

4. Which modal verb can be used to express ability in the past?

- a. could.**
- b. might.
- C. should.
- d. had better.

5. (you had better.....tonight or you might fail the test)You need fill in the blank with:

- a. a gerund.
- b. a stressed verb.
- c. an infinitive verb.**
- d. a verb in the past form.

عليك ان تذاكر للاختبار والا سترسب هنا تحذير يكون الحل فعل  
مجرد سواءا study or go

سؤال ٢٩٢



6. (Could I borrow your history book tonight?) Change the modal verb in this question without changing its meaning.

- a. need.
- b. may.**
- c. should.
- d. must.

7. In what situation would you respond with:(Keep in touch)?

- a. when a new person is introduced.
- b. when appreciation is expressed.
- c. when an apology is given.
- d. when a conversation is ended.**

ابقي على اتصال: تقال هذه الجملة عند انتهاء محادثته

سؤال ٦٨ ضروري مراجعه جميع الحالات

8. It is known as a form of a verb that functions as adjective. What is it?

- a. participle.**
- b. gerund.
- c. modal verb.
- d. infinitive.

شكل من اشكال الفعل ياخذ عدة وظائف مثل الصفة هو: النعت

سؤال ٢٩٥

9. I want you to sound **more polite** and gentle when giving a suggestion which sentence **should** you use?

- a. look it up in the map.
- b. you could look it up in the map.**
- c. you haft a look it up in the map.
- d. you had better look it in the map.

نلاحظ ان could /might اكثر تهديبا من should

الشرح تحت سؤال ٢٩٤

10. What is the reduced form of (lots of )as in (Sami has lots of problems)?

- a. lotta.
- b. lotsa.**
- c. lost.
- d. lot.

11. Peferring to **future plans** and intensions, complete this sentence: (My brother..... become a mechanical engineer)

- a. will.
- b. has to.
- c. becomes.
- d. is going to.**

اخي اصبح مهندس ميكانيكي كل مافية نية استعداد  
مسبق ترتيبات تجهيزات تستخدم going to وفي  
العكس نستخدم will تخطيط حالي او غير مسبق شرح

صفحة ٢٨

12.( Anti) is commonly used **affix**. What does it mean?

**a. a prefix means against.**

b. a suffix means against.

c. a prefix means between.

d. a suffix means between.

انتبه لنوعها ومعناها موجوده بالجدول  
٣١٢ و ٣١٣

13. (If I were you I would ....) How is this phrase commonly used?

a. to end a conversation.

b. to introduce a new friend.

c. to warn someone.

**d. to make a suggestion.**

14. Identify the one word that is **not polite** to use when talking to pe---

**a. to call a woman, lady.**

b. to call a man, sir.

c. to call an old woman, Ma'am.

d. to call a young woman, Miss.

مناداه المراءه ب lady تعتبر طريقه غير مهذبه

سؤال ٣٠٤

15. It can be defined as (feeling of sadness of missing palace what is :

**a. homesickness.**

b. misconception.

c. tradition.

d. depression.

الشعور بالحزن والاشتياق لمكان هو : حنين للاسرة والوطن

سؤال ١٦٠

16. "I guess I might live in ----- because my here." What does the phrase "for good" mean ?

a. happily.

b. severely.

**c. permanently.**

d. lonely.

17.If someone gives you a compliment like "that's a nice watch" You are supposed to say:

- a. you can have it.
- b. thank you.
- c. not really. it's very old.
- d. why do you say that?

نفس الصيغة في سؤال ١٠١

18."Gimme that book." How can you write this reduced sentence in the long form?

- a. give us that book .
- b. give him that book.
- c. give them that book.
- d. give me that book.

19. Fill in the two blanks with the correct choices. "I'm ..... To read this .....magazine."

- a. excited, interesting.
- b. exciting, interested.
- c. exciting, interesting.
- d. excited, interested.

20.How can you make a comparative form of a three-syllable adjective?

- a. by adding "ier" at the end of the adjective.
- b. by adding "iest" at the end of the adjective.
- c. by adding "more" before the adjective.
- d. by adding "the most" before the adjective.

21. What is the **superlative** of the adjective "ugly"?

- a. uglier than.
- b. the ugliest.
- c. ugliest.
- d. the most ugly.

لاحقه est دائما مع superlative

22. Fill in the blank: I think that your motorbike is ..... john's car.

- a. fastest than.
- b. faster.
- c. faster than.
- d. fastest.

26. complete with a tag question: **these** tomatoes don't look -----?

- a. do they.
- b. don't they.
- c. don't these.
- d. do these.

الشرح صفحه ٤ في السؤال المذيل  
اذا السؤال منفي الاجابة مثبتة والعكس  
صحيح لازم انتبه للضمائر

27. what's the meaning of the word "slum"?

- a. triend.
- b. child.
- c. poor neighborhood .
- d. great opportunity.

حي فقير جدا او احياء فقيرة سؤال ١٥٧

28. all these phrases can be used to express emotions except for.....?

- a. beautiful sunrise, dear.
- b. that's a **nice** dress, honey.
- c. this is the **happiest** day of my life.
- d. have a **nice** day , ma'am.

يقول كل هالعبارات تستخدم للاحاسيس عدا :

29. which among the following you **should avoid** during an a-----

- a. criticizing the person who made the comment .
- b. nodding your head "yes"
- c. using the phrase "I disagree"
- d. offering solutions.

30. "What is the special today?" this question is comm

- a. the bus stop.
- b. the restaurant.
- c. the post office.
- d..... store.

ماطبق الافضل عندكم اليوم هذا السؤال يكون في المطعم  
سؤال ٧٩

38. " Ali's favorite hobby is reading." How does the gerund act in this sentence?

- a. complement.
- b. object.
- c. subject.
- d. present progressive.

يطلبني نوع الجيراند وهنا وقع مكملة سؤال ٢٤٣

39. Identify the expression you can use when asking for direction?

- a. which mosque do you go to ?
- b. is this bus going to the grand mosque?
- C .which bus would take me to the nearby mosque?
- d. how do I get to the grand mosque?

عندما نسال عن الاماكن والاتجاهات نقول ؟  
كيف نصل الى المسجد الكبير ؟

سؤال ٢٠٣

40. would you like coffee or tea? if the speaker's intonation goes up .....at the end of this question, what would be the correct answer?

- a. tea ,please.
- b. coffee ,please.
- c. yes, please.
- d. yes, would.

شرح صفحة ٥ سؤال ٣٥

يرتفع الصوت في الكلمتين

41. what do you call the person who steals things from stores and put in his bag or under his **coat**?

- a. a store detective.
- b. a shoplifter.
- c. a racist.
- d. a vain person.

42.all these questions are considered impolite to be asked in t..... states except for .....

- a. how old are you?
- b. are you married?
- c. where are you from?
- d. how much money do you make?

شرح صفحة ٣

43. "whadaya do"? what is the long form of this reduced qu....?

- a. what do you do?
- b. what are you doing?
- c. what did you do?
- d. what did he do?

44. the phrase "you had better..." can be used for ...

- a. encouraging a conversation.
- b. giving an advice.
- c. responding to an apology.
- d. stating a small talk.

you had better للنصيحة راجع الجدول المضاف تحت

سؤال ٩٩

45. what is the goal of debates?

- a. to get to say your piece.
- b. to understand where each person is coming from and what makes them thin the way they do.
- c. to prove that you're right and the other person is wrong .
- d.to listen to the other person's perspectives.

الهدف من المناظرة ان اثبت اني على صواب

سؤال ٣١٦

46. if someone is telling you a story .what expression of encouragement y... can use to show that you are interested in the story?

- a. really.
- b. pardon me.
- c. excuse me ?
- d. forgive me.

التعبير عن التشجيع لظهار انك مهتم لقصة ما عبارات التشجيع

سؤال ٦٨

47.all these expressions are commonly used in a restaurant except for .....

- a. what's the special today?
- b. may I have the check please?
- c. what do you recommend ?
- d. do you want to see the kitchen?

كل هذه العبارات تستخدم في المطعم ماعدا :  
هل تريد ان ترى المطبخ  
صفحة ١٠

48. to start a small conversation with a stranger in the post office, you n...say:

- a. where are you from?
- b. it's nice to have a chance to celebrate, isn't it?
- c. this line is really slow, isn't it ?
- d. can you lend me some money?

نبدأ محادثة مع شخص غريب في مكتب البريد  
نقول : هذا الطابور بطيء جدا اليس كذلك ؟  
سؤال ٢

49. if you are introduced to another person, a polite way to respond is :

- a. pleased to meet you.
- b. I'd like to meet you.
- c. have you met my friend?
- d. he is a friend of mine.

تقديم شخص بشكل مهذب :  
سررت بلقائك

سؤال ٥٩

50.one good way to express your appreciation is to say :

- a. you're welcome.
- b. that was very kind of you .
- c. no problem.
- d. don't worry about it.

شرح صفحة ٨ سؤال ٦٩

هذا عطف جدا منك من باب التقدير

انتهت الأسئلة..... بالتوفيق للجميع





**Speaking skills Exam 1435-1436**

**Dr.Feda Al-Tamimi**

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1. B. no, it is Arabic

C. Arabic

D. yes

2. You show surprise in a negative question if

A. your intonation goes up high and then down low at the

**B. your intonation goes down low and then up high at the end.**

C. goes down low all through

D. goes up high all through

3. The prefix 'fore' in the word (forehead) means

A. between

B. opposite

C. cause to

**D. before**

4. The word wooden table means

**A. made out of wood**

B. table to put wood on

C. table for wedding

D. table with no wood

5. Add the suitable suffix to the word

A. ous

B. y

**C. ly**

6. The correct form of the word 'long' in the question 'W

A. longer

- B. longes
- C. longing
- D. most long

\*ناقص السؤال لذا ادرسوا هالفقره من المحاضره الثانيه عشر وافهموها عدل حتى تتمكنوا من الاجابه على السؤال أياً كان ، وربي يسهل لكم

7. The suffix that best complete the word to form an adverb in\* hard ....  
Of all' is :

- A. hardly
- B. Hardous
- C. hard

**D. hardest**

8. complete the following sentence "Ahmad is....than other\*"

- A. smarter
- B. smartest
- C. The most smartest
- D. smart

9.The goal in academic discussion is to

**A. understand what makes people think the way they do**

- B. to get to say your piece
- C. prove you are right and others are wrong
- D. prove that things are either right or wrong

10.You should have called me refers to the

- A.present
- B.future
- C.past**

D.Present progressive

11.In the restaurant you can ask the waiter about food by saying

**A. May I see the menu please**

B.bring me the menu

C.tell me what the main dish is

D.I want the menu

12.The short form n in the sentence Im hurt n angry is the short

A.in

B.an

**C. and**

D. on

13.The official count of how many people there in a certain \*

A.suburbs

B.adventure

C.version

**D. census**

14.You have a business appointment for 11:00.It is probably fine to

A.11:20-11:30

**B. 10:55-11:00**

C.11:00-11:05

D.09:00-09:053

15. B. don't she

C. do in chair

D. don't know

16. The sentence I agree with you ,but what about reflect

A. Complete agreement

B. Partial agreement

**C. Constructive disagreement**

D.harsh disagreement

17.In discussion one

A.needs to avoid using words like always

**B. can express disagreement without explaining why**

C.can criticize the person making comments

D.can make personal comments about others

18.Before you finish your disagreement statement you better say

A.I disagree

B.this is wrong

**C. I'm afraid I can't agree with you**

D.I don't agree with you

19.To ask a stranger about directions can say

**A. excuse me, how can I get to....**

B.where is.....

C.I want to go to...

D.show me the way to...

20.Which one of the following statements is polite to start stranger

**A.it is cold today**

B.how old are you

C.how much money do you make?

D.how much did you scarf coat?

21. When we are sure about the answer of the tag question\*\*\*

A.rises

**B. falls down**

C.stays steady /flat

D.start steady and then falls down

22. The term 'dirt-poor' in the sentence ' he went through a childhood to world war to terminal cancer' means

A. happy

**B. without any money**

C. dirty

D. noisy

23. The tag question of the main clause ' the students are clev\*

A. are they

B. aren't they

C. are the students

D. aren't the students

\*ناقص السؤال لذا ادرسوا هالفقره من المحاضره الاولى وافهموها عدل حتى تتمكنوا من الاجابه على السؤال أياً كان ، وربي يسهل لكم

24. When you stop a stranger asking for help , you would say

A. stop

B. before you go

C. wait

**D. excuse me**

25. The word that best completes the sentence ' The United .....populations in the world ' is

- A. residence
- B. suburbs
- C. adventure
- D. mobile

26. The sentence ' the bank is two blocks from here' means that

- A. two buildings away from here
- B. two streets away from here**
- C. two rooms away from here
- D. two houses away from here

27. To politely call a twenty-year old women, one can use the term

- A. miss**
- B. lady
- C. madam
- D. girl

28. In normal speech , the long form of the reduced form ' goda' is

- A. good dad
- B. good to
- C. go to**
- D. good

30. Complete the following sentence with the suitable word from below

I share your \_\_\_\_\_ and worries about these problem

- A. Nightmare
- B. Transition

### C. Concerns

D. Pack

31. I enjoy\*

A. playing

B. play

C. played

D. playing

32. The word "swimming" in the sentence "I'm swimming now" is a

A. noun

B. gerund

C. verb

D. preposition

33. In the dialogue

Question: Would you like milk or coffee?

Answer: Coffee, please

The speaker's voice goes up in

A. milk

B. coffee

C. milk, coffee

D. milk or coffee

34. "I'm going to become a teacher" refers to

A. past intentions

B. present intentions

C. future intentions

D. no intentions at all

35. Fill the blanks with the suitable word

(the phone rings)

Ahmad : I ..... get it

A. am going to

B. will

C. have

D. had

41. The best way to end a short conversation politely is by saying



- A. I'm busy now
- B. I've a meeting now

**C. Have a good day**

- D. no time left

42. When you ask someone for clarification what do you politely say

**A. could you repeat that**

- B. I understood nothing
- C. that was difficult
- D. What did you say

43. The underlined word in the sentence he irritate is

- A. verb
- B. adverb
- C. noun

**D. adjective**

44. The sentence ' you must study' expresses

**A. obligations**

- B. suggestion
- C. advice
- D. expectations

45. The sentence ' you had better study' refers to a

**A. future advice**

- B. past advice
- C. past suggestion
- D. past expectation

46. In the American culture , the proverb ' two is company ,three is a crowd' is used

A. when one wants a third person to join them

**B. when two persons prefer to sit together and would like the third to leave them alone**

C. when three persons work in a company

D. when a company has five employees

47. someone tells you "that is a nice jacket "you say

A. Oh, not really. It is very old

B. would you like it

C. yes, I know

**D. thank you**

48. When people are very enthusiastic, their voices usually

**A. go up on stressed word**

B. go down on stressed words

C. go up on unstressed word

D. go down on unstressed words

49. When A person is not very sincere,

A. there is a small pause between word groups

**B. there is no pause between word groups**

C. there is a long pause between word groups

D. there is a long pause between word groups and the voice goes up much

50. What can you politely say if a person suggests a time for an appointment \* possible for you :

**C. I'm afraid I'm busy at that time . Could we make it some other time**

D. This is not suitable for me

\* علامة النجمة تعني بأنه ناقص السؤال أو الجواب بالنصوين .

تمت بعون الله .. أخنكم ٥ يا\_Fájir

وصللي اللهم وسلم على أشرف خلقك سيدنا محمد .

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم  
مهارات التحدث - أسئلة الاختبار النهائي - الفصل الثاني 1435 / 1436 هـ  
[أسئلة اختبار - مهارات التحدث - د. فداء التميمي]

1) the polite way to disagree with someone is by saying :

- **I'm afraid I can't agree with you because**
- I don't agree with you
- this is wrong
- no

2) the long form of <b>whadaya </b>is :

- what a day
- **what do you**
- what are you
- what a

3) what's the special today is a statement you can use to :

- ask about what is special with the day
- ask about the weather
- **ask about the special dish in a restaurant**
- ask about what makes someone special to others

4) the goal in academic discussions is to :

- understand what makes people think the way they do
- **to get to say your piece**
- prove you are right and others are wrong
- prove that things are either right or wrong

5) to ask a stranger about directions one can say :

- **excuse me how can I get to**
- where is
- I want to go to
- show me the way to

6) excuse me , could i just say something expresses :

- necessity
- **polite permission**

- probability
- ability

7) when a person shows honest and true feelings :

- the voice goes up
- **there is a small pause between words**
- there is no small pause between words
- the voice goes down

8) the prefix <b>de </b>in the word decode means :

- again
- show
- keep
- **opposite**

9) the suffix that you would use to show that something is made out of wood is :

- -full
- -ed
- **-en**
- -est

10) the comparative form of happy is :

- happiest
- **happier**
- happyer
- happer

11) Ahmad is the ..... of the students in class :

- young
- younger
- **youngest**
- youngly

12) this car is ..... of the three cars :

- the less expensive
- **the least expensive**
- less expensive

- least expensive

13) in the sentence I was hurt n angry the reduced form 'n' stands for :

- not

- no

- **and**

- un

14) if the restaurant is buffet style , you ..... :

- **don't have to leave to leave a small tip**

- have to leave a big tip

- have to leave a tip in dollars

15) a stereotype is ..... :

- always correct

- **a generalization about a group of people**

- is the type of a radio

- a type of stereo

16) the sentence you must study hard expresses :

- advice

- **strong necessity**

- prohibition

- ability

17) you had better ..... tonight or you might fail the test :

- studied

- **study**

- will study

- are studying

18) the tag question of the main clause **<b>the students are clever</b>** :

- is

- are they

- **aren't they**

- are the students aren't the students

19) When you stop a stranger asking for help , you would say :

- stop stop
- before you go
- wait
- **excuse me**

20) to politely call a seventy-year old woman one can use the term:

- miss
- lady
- **ma'am**
- girl

21) the ..... guests fell asleep because they did not enjoy the talk :

- **bored**
- boring
- bore
- borded

22) fill in the blanks with the correct answer : Ahmad : Mohammad is in a hospital ill : is he ? I ..... visit him tomorrow.

- am going to
- go to
- **will**
- was going to

23) the short form of ' did you ' is :

- didee
- **didja**
- didji
- didu

24) it might be good if you .... elsewhere :

- **looked**
- look
- are looking
- woll look

25) the modal in the sentence ' you should have called me ' refers to the :

- **past**

- present
- future
- present continuous

26) to encourage someone telling a story you would say :

- **wow**
- so what
- thank you
- not sure

27) It is culturally accepted to ask the following question in the united states :

- how old are you
- are you mined
- **what do you do**
- how much money do you make

28) the sentence ' I will visit my parents ' expresses :

- present intentions
- present predictions
- future plan
- **future predictions**

29) to politely end a conversation , you would say :

- **have a good day**
- I'm very sorry
- you're welcome
- no problem

30) students collect ..... for their field-work studies :

- versions
- **notions**
- shortcuts
- data

31) the post office is ..... the street from the bank :

- **Across**
- next to



- around

- down

32) the short form of ' what is your ' is :

- arche

- waz

- whater

- **watcher**

33) this person is admired by his people the word ' admired ' means :

- population

- neglected

- **respected**

- looked down at

34) the place or house where one lives is known as :

- population

- suburbs

- mobile

- **residence**

35) if someone tells you ' that is a nice shirt ' you say :

- not really

- yes it is

- **thanks**

- I see

36) when we are sure about the answer of the tag question our voice tone :

- goes up

- **falls down**

- stays steady/flat

- starts steady and then foes up

1-To encourage someone who is telling a story, what should you say?

- (A) this is totally boring
- (B) can we talk about it later on
- (C) Really? and then? محاضرة ٦
- (D) Stop it please

2-In either /or questions, the speaker's voice

- (A) goes down in the first item and up on the second item
- (B) goes down in the first item and down in the second item
- (C) goes up on the first item and down in the second item محاضرة ٦
- (D) goes up on the first item and up on the second item

3-How should you politely ask your professor for a clarification?

- (A) What? What? I don't understand you
- (B) I can't understand you
- (C) Repeat. Repeat.
- (D) How do you spell that, please محاضرة ٣

4-In spoken English , stressed words are

- (A) Higher, louder and clear than other words المحاضرة ٣
- (B) Lower than other words
- (C) Unclear
- (D) Vague(not well heard)

5-We should study and understand reductions of fast speech because it helps us to become.....

- (A) a good writer
- (B) a better listener محاضرة ٢
- (C) a better speaker
- (D) both (b)+(c) are

6-Students, like other people, should pay attention to speakers' tone of voice because it....

- (A) Distracts you
- (B) Launches unclear message
- (C) Tells more than speakers' words محاضرة ١٠
- (D) Bothers you

7-In America, someone tells you, "what a nice t-shirt, "you should politely say

- (A) Thank you, اما نهاية التاسعة او بداية العاشرة  
(B) Oh, not really. It's very old  
(C) Would you like it?  
(D) It is not of your business

8) In American accent, when someone is happy, his or her voice.....

- (A) goes down on stressed words  
(B) goes up on stressed words محاضرة ١٠  
(C) goes neutral  
(D) stays normal all the way

9-In real tag-questions, the voice intonation should...

- ... (A) go up on the tag محاضرة ١  
(B) go down on the tag  
(C) go neutral or normal  
(D) none of the above is correct

10-If an American speaker previously knows the respond of a tag question, his or her voice intonation should

- (A) go up on the tag  
(B) go neutral  
(C) go down on the tag محاضرة ١  
(D) none of the above is correct

11-If the verb in the main clause is positive, the verb in the "tag"..

- (A) Should be positive  
(B) Should be negative محاضرة ١  
(C) Must always be positive  
(D) None of the above is correct

12-It's cold yesterday, ?

- (A) Wasn't it محاضرة ١... بما ان الفعل في الجملة قبل الفاصلة مثبت لابد ان يكون منفي بعد الفاصلة  
(B) Was it  
(C) Did it  
(D) Didn't it

13-which one of the following has **incorrect** stress?

- (A) I can SPEAK a LANGUAGE.  
(B) I CAN'T SPEAK a LANGUAGE.  
(C) He CAN speak a language. محاضرة ٨  
(D) He CAN'T RIDE a HORSE.

12-every one should always avoid wrong ..? مافهمت هذا السؤال

- general  
generalize  
generals  
generalization

طبعا بعض الأسئلة اللي فوق فيها تغير بسيط  
مثل اللي إجابته ثانكيو كان يتكلم عن إذا شفت كمبيوتر جديد أو أعجبك

جاب سوال يس ونو يكون الصوت فيها مرتفع عالجزء الاول  
وايذر واور بعد نفس السؤال يكون الصوت مرتفع في الاول ومنخفض في الثاني

جاب سوال اذا كنت سعيد السترس يكون وين  
واذا كنت متحمس السترس يكون وين  
واذا كنت متفاجيء السترس يكون وين

جاب الريدكشن كتيبير

Let me

What are you

Got to

Go to

Have to

Want to

What do you



اللي مضلل بالوردي وما عليه شرح اشياء ثابتة في الملزمة ما فيها جدال

- (1) “Busy as a bee” and “quiet as a mouse” are hackneyed phrases – they're used all the time.

What does hackneyed mean?

- (A) used everyday  
(B) rarely be used  
(C) never be used  
(D) unknown

اخترنا الاجابة الاولى لأنه يدل عليها الكلام اللي  
بالأخضر  
"لعيونها جيت"

- (2) The old man's hair was sparse. His hair is **not thick** and tall like it was when he was young.

What does sparse mean?

- (A) thin  
(B) thick  
(C) full  
(D) generous

اخترنا الاجابة الاولى لأنه يدل عليها الكلام اللي  
بالأخضر  
"لعيونها جيت"

- (3) To encourage someone who is telling a story, what should you say?

- (A) this is totally boring  
(B) can we talk about it later on  
(C) Really? and then?  
(D) Stop it please

- (4) “give me your number please.” What is the short form of “give me”?

- (A) gimme  
(B) give me  
(C) give ma  
(D) giveme

- (5) In either /or questions, the speaker's voice

- (A) goes down in the first item and up on the second item  
(B) goes down in the first item and down in the second item  
(C) goes up on the first item and down in the second item  
(D) goes up on the first item and up on the second item

- (6) “Would you like coffee or tea? ”. This statement should like...

- (A) would like COFFEE or TEA?  
(B) would like coffee or tea?  
(C) would like coffee or TEA?  
(D) would like COFFEE or tea?

هنا لوجود كلمة like يعني يخيرك تحب شاهي  
او قهوة ورفع الصوت في البداية  
"لعيونها جيت"

- (7) Yazan always showed animosity toward his teachers by throwing spitballs and mouthing off, but his brother Abdullah was kind and sweet. What does animosity mean?
- (A) respect  
(B) kindness  
(C) lack of respect  
(D) sweetness
- (8) The crowd rewarded the singer with plaudits, or extreme praise, by clapping and cheering during a standing ovation? What does plaudits mean?
- (A) criticism  
(B) praise  
(C) disrespect  
(D) extreme
- (9) its \_\_\_\_\_ from many American people to make small talk with strangers.
- (A) Fairly common  
(B) Fairly uncommon  
(C) unusual  
(D) rarely common
- انه شائع من العديد من الناس في امريكا ان يتحدثون باحاديث صغيرة مع الغرباء "لعيونها جيت"
- (10) short talks with foreigners seem to be more common in...
- (A) Busy places  
(B) Big cities than in small towns  
(C) Small towns than in big cities  
(D) None of the above is correct
- الحديث القصير مع الغرباء اكثر شيوعاً في : المدن الصغيرة منها في المدن الكبيرة "لعيونها جيت"
- (11) People in all places are careful to talk with foreigners in \_\_\_\_\_ situation.
- (A) unsafe  
(B) safe  
(C) risky  
(D) None of the above is correct.
- الناس في جميع الأماكن حريصون على التحدث مع الأجانب في وضع آمن "لعيونها جيت"
- (12) How should you politely ask your professor for a clarification?
- (A) What? What? I don't understand you  
(B) I can't understand you  
(C) Repeat. Repeat.  
(D) How do you spell that, please?

(13) "Are you coming here?". In this statement , the speaker's voice should

- (A) go up one time
- (B) go up two times**
- (C) go down one time
- (D) go down two times

(14) you should avoid saying \_\_\_\_\_ to old women since it is impolite.

- (A) Lady**
- (B) Miss
- (C) Ma'am
- (D) None of the above is correct

هنا من غير المهذب في امريكا ان ننادي المرأة بكلمة  
Lady الاصح نناديه بكلمة Miss واذا كانت امرأة  
كبيرة في السن نقول لها Ma'am  
"العيونها جيت"

(15) Americans frequently ask a new friend ?

- (A) How old are you?
- (B) Are you married?
- (C) What do you do?**
- (D) What is your height?

(16) Americans typically don't raise a question like.....

- (A) What do you do?
- (B) How much money do you make?**
- (C) Where are you from?
- (D) Where are you coming from?

(17) In spoken English , stressed words are

- (A) Higher, louder and clear than other words**
- (B) Lower than other words
- (C) Unclear
- (D) Vague(not well heard)

(18) We should study and understand reductions of fast speech because it helps us to become.....

- (A) a good writer
- (B) a better listener**
- (C) a better speaker
- (D) both (b)+(c) are correct

هذا زي ماانذكر في الكتاب  
Learning to understand reductions will help you become  
a better listener.  
يعني احنا ندرس ونفهم اختصار الكلام السريع لانه يساعدنا  
ان نصبح مستمعي جيدين  
"العيونها جيت"



- (19) In American accent, What is the short form of "what's your name?"  
 (A) Wat iz your name?  
 (B) Watcher name?  
 (C) What is your name?  
 (D) Wat izya name?
- (20) What does "to think badly of someone" probably mean?  
 (A) To admire someone  
 (B) To appreciate someone  
 (C) To look down on someone  
 (D) To respect someone
- (21) "When did rami go to college?" What is the short form of "did he"?  
 (A) didee  
 (B) didya  
 (C) didja  
 (D) none of the above
- (22) if john stops you to give his apology saying "It was my fault", you should politely say....  
 (A) Okay  
 (B) So what  
 (C) Keep in touch  
 (D) None of the above is the correct reaction
- (23) By mistake, you stepped on someone's foot. What is your polite reaction?  
 (A) Have a good day  
 (B) I am sorry  
 (C) See you later  
 (D) I appreciate it
- (24) If you want to order food in a restaurant, you should firstly say to a waiter....  
 (A) What's your name?  
 (B) Are you working here for a long time?  
 (C) Do you have good dishes and spoons?  
 (D) May I see the menu, please?
- (25) One should advice his friend to study in order to pass by saying.....  
 (A) You must study hard to pass the exam  
 (B) You ought to study hard to pass the exam  
 (C) Study to pass the exam  
 (D) none of the above is true

لان الجدول اللي في المحتوى الرد يكون  
 That' ok  
 "العيونها جيت"

(26) which one of the following has incorrect stress?

- (A) I can SPEAK a LANGUAGE.  
 (B) I CAN'T SPEAK a LANGUAGE.  
 (C) He CAN speak a language.  
 (D) He CANT RIDE a HORSE.

هذي قاعدة احفظوها زي اساميكم :  
 CAN دائماً منخفضة واللي بعدها مرتفع  
 وCANT دائماً مرتفعة هي واللي بعدها  
 فهنا الغلط c لانها عكس القاعدة  
 "لعيونها جيت"

(27) How should you politely call a waiter to order food?

- (A) Look at me  
 (B) Hey dude, come over her  
 (C) Pardon me  
 (D) You my friend, come here quickly

(28) Students, like other people, should pay attention to speakers' tone of voice because it....

- (A) Distracts you  
 (B) Launches unclear message  
 (C) Tells more than speakers' words  
 (D) Bothers you

الاصفر حل لعيونها جيت... لكن انا اشوف انها c... معناها لان اصواتهم  
 تخبرنا اكثر من كلمات المتكلم... و حسب ماذكر بالمحاضرة ١٠  
 not just their words people show emotion with intonation  
 أي تظهر اكثر من الكلمات واصواتهم ليست مجرد كلمات صاحبة همه

(29) You should avoid calling a man — because impolite.

- (A) sir  
 (B) Mr. Adel  
 (C) Mister  
 (D) None of the above is correct

هنا يطلب الصيغة غير مهذبة وهي طبعا Mister  
 لانو من غير اللائق انا ادي احد بكلمة مستر من دون  
 ما اقول اسمو بعدها "لعيونها جيت"

(30) A stereotype is .....

- (A) a oversimplification about a group of people.  
 (B) an correct impression  
 (C) to correct idea about people  
 (D) none of the above is correct

في الكتاب مكتوب A stereotype is  
 A generalization a group of people.  
 صورة نمطية : هي تعميم مجموعة من الناس "لعيونها جيت"

(31) The phrase "mistaken idea" mean:

- (A) change  
 (B) very sad  
 (C) misconception  
 (D) none of the above is correct

(32) In America, someone tells you, "what a nice t-shirt, "you should politely say:

- (A) Thank you,
- (B) Oh, not really. It's very old
- (C) Would you like it?
- (D) It is not of your business

(33) In U.S, your teacher sometimes sits on her desk. You think:

- (A) She's not polite.
- (B) She's not very serious about teaching
- (C) It's not strange
- (D) She does not like to sit on chairs.

(34) In U.S, a friend of yours invited you to a social gathering at 9:00 pm. It's perhaps best to get there:

- (A) a few minutes before 9:00
- (B) at 9:00 exactly
- (C) a few minutes after 9:00
- (D) 15 minutes after 9:00

الاصفر حل لعيونها جيت  
لكن اشوف انه لازم نكون دقيقين بالموعد ونأتي على نفس  
التوقيت المتفق عليه ولو ترجعون للتمارين عليها تمرين بنهاية ٩  
وبداية العاشرة موجود بالمحاضرتين كان التمرين الثالث موعد  
حفلة من ضمن الخيارات قبل الموعد بقليل او على نفس الموعد  
الدكتور اختار نفس الموعد بالضبط  
صاحبة همه

(35) In US, Samir has a job appointment at 11:00 am. It's probably best to arrive:

- (A) at 10:35 to 10:39
- (B) at 10:35 to 10:45
- (C) at 11:00
- (D) 15 minutes after 11

من العادات في العمل ان تأتي على الموعد المحدد او قبلها بشوي  
هنا ما عندنا في الخيارات الا الوقت المحدد  
"العيونها جيت"

(36) When you go out to launch with an American friend who pays?

- (A) Your friend should pay because launch was his suggestion.
- (B) You both pay.
- (C) You pay because you're a little older than your friend.
- (D) No one pays and you both escape away.

(37) What's the short form of "don't know"?

- (A) doncha
- (B) didncha
- (C) dunno
- (D) daaano

(38) In American accent, when someone is **happy**, his or her voice.....

- (A) goes down on stressed words  
**(B) goes up on stressed words**  
 (C) goes neutral  
 (D) stays normal all the way

هنا ردة فعله لما كان سعيداً يكون الصوت مرتفع بينما لو  
 حزين يكون طبيعي  
 "لعيونها جيت"

(39) sometimes a person thinks that the answer to an English question will be "Yes," but that person isn't right. How do you answer the following?

- (A) Question: don't you have one?  
 Answer: No, I don't  
**(B) Question: don't you have one?**  
**Answer: Yes, I do**  
 (C) Question: don't you have one?  
 Answer: Yes, I don't  
 (D) Question: don't you have one?  
 Answer: No, I do

(40) What does the common prefix "re" like in the word "repeat" mean?

- (A) remake  
 (B) midway  
 (C) half  
**(D) again**

(41) What does the common prefix "dis" like in the word "dislike" mean?

- (A) After  
 (B) before  
**(C) opposite of**  
 (D) on

(42) What does the common suffix "ic" like in the word "technologic" mean?.

- (A) having property**  
 (B) act, process  
 (C) state of  
 (D) without

(43) In real tag-questions, the voice intonation should.....

- (A) go up on the tag
- (B) go down on the tag
- (C) go neutral or normal
- (D) none of the above is correct

(44) If an American speaker previously knows the respond of a tag question, his or her voice intonation should

- (A) go up on the tag
- (B) go neutral
- (C) go down on the tag
- (D) none of the above is correct

المقطع المضلل معناه ان المتحدث يعرف اجابة السؤال مسبقاً فهذا معناه ان هذا حديث قصير اذا الاجابة بتكون ان الصوت يكون منخفض في السؤال "العيونها جيت"

(45) If the verb in the main clause is positive, the verb in the "tag"..

- (A) Should be positive
- (B) Should be negative
- (C) Must always be positive
- (D) None of the above is correct

حسب ما ذكر بالمحاضرة ١....  
If the verb in the main clause is affirmative (positive) the verb in the "tag" is negative  
بغض النظر عن هل هي should or must  
هنا وضع negative مع should صاحبة همه

(46) It's cold yesterday, ——— ?

- (A) Wasn't it
- (B) Was it
- (C) Did it
- (D) Didn't it

اخترنا a لان السؤال بدايته مثبت اذا الجزء الثاني يكون منفي والعكس لوجاب الجزء الاول منفي يكون الثاني مثبت وليش اخترنا was لأنها تفيد الماضي وهو قال بالأمس Yesterday  
"العيونها جيت"

للأمانة بعض الاسئلة حل الاخوة والاحوات والمشروح هو حلي فقط لا تنسوني من دعائكم "العيونها جيت"

أسئل الله لي ولكم التوفيق والسداد  
إن أصبت فمن الله و إن أخطأت فمن نفسي والشيطان  
لا تنسوني بدعائك الصالح أبو جمان

مع التمنيات الطيبة بالتوفيق

## واجبات مهارات التحدث

الاول :

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### السؤال 1

?What is the best and nicest response when someone gives an apology

- Nice to meet you
- I have to go now
- Talk to you soon
- That's OK. That's all right

---

### السؤال 2

?What is the best and nicest response when someone introduces another

- Don't mention it
- No problem
- Keep in touch
- Glad to meet you

---

### السؤال 3

What is the reduction of the phrases (what's your kind of food?)

- ?What is your kinda food
- ?Whatcher kinda food
- ?Whater your kinda of food
- ?What's ya kinda food

الثاني :

السؤال 1

?IF you are a policeman, what should you say to someone who break the laws

- .You shouldn't break the laws. It's illegal
- .You had better not to break the laws. This is illegal behavior
- .You must not break the laws
- .You out to break the laws

---

السؤال 2

If you want to express an disagreement with another person you should say

- .That's true. You are right
- .It's kind of you
- .I will see you later
- ...I see your point of view but

---


السؤال 3

Where is the right stress patter of Can or Can't here

- .I can ride a BIKE
- I can't ride a Bike
- .I can Ride a bike
- I CAN'T RIDE a BIKE

## الثالث :

### السؤال ١

 If you want to ask politely someone for more clarification, you should say


- ▶ Excuse me? What on earth do you say?
- ▶ Excuse me? Could you go now and say it?
- ▶ Could you repeat that?
- ▶ Hm! What's that?

### السؤال ٢

 When Americans are not enthusiastic, their voices' intonation usually...

- ▶ Goes very down
- ▶ Doesn't go up
- ▶ Goes up a lot
- ▶ Goes normal

### السؤال ٣

 In English, when you want to respond to a negative question or statement with intonation that goes up at the end such as "you don't have ONE? You should say..."

- ▶ No, I don't
- ▶ Yes, I don't
- ▶ Maybe yes
- ▶ Yes, that's right. I don't have one

### السؤال ٤

 What is the superlative of "unpleasant?"

- ▶ unpleasant
- ▶ most unpleasant
- ▶ more unpleasant
- ▶ unpleasantest