

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
المحاضره الاولى مدخل الى اللغويات
[أسئلة مراجعة مجهود شخصي - مدخل الى اللغويات - د.أحمد الخطيب]

1) Linguistics :

- systematic and scientific study of language
- understanding the structure and nature of language which is divided into: phonetics, -phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics and pragmatics
- deals with other perspectives on language which are represented in specialized or interdisciplinary branches such as sociolinguistics, psycholinguistics, neurolinguistics and second language acquisition
- **All of the above**

2) We do not know how language was originated

- **True**
- Flase

3) we know that written language developed thousand years before spoken language.

- **Flase**
- True

4) There is ability of producing sounds and vocal patterning which is shared among different creatures such as fish and birds; but that is human language

- True
- **Flase**

5) No physical evidence relating to the speech of our distant ancestors that might tell us how language was existed in the early stages.

- **True**
- Flase

6) Linguistics means

- the study of language
- the analysis of both theoretical and applied fields of language learning
- understanding the nature of language including its components
- **All of the above**

7) the sources of the origins of language

- The divine source

- The natural sound source
- The physical adaptation source
- **All of the above**

8) the sources of the origins of language

- **The social interaction**
- Communication
- Consonant sounds
- Productivity

9) In most religions, it is believed that language appears to be a divine source

- **True**
- Flase

10) the sources of the origins of language

- The tool-making source
- The genetic source
- The physical adaptation source
- **All of the above**

11) The natural sound source

- In most religions, it is believed that language appears to be a divine source
- This view is based on the idea that the source of our language is the physical effort of several people, and interaction which is to be coordinated.
- **This view is based on the concept that natural sounds which are attained through the auditory system that develops before birth which later develop to identify sounds in the environment.**
- This source is based on physical features human processes that are distinct from other creatures (particularly non-humans) which may have enabled speech production.

12) Pooh-pooh theory

- It focuses on imitation of sounds then using it to refer to objects (even when they are not present), e.g. Coo-Coo.
- **While this theory is based on that speech developed from the instinctive sounds people make in emotional circumstances.**
- When the vocal cords are spread apart, the air from the lungs passes between them unimpeded. Sounds produced in the way are described as voiceless.
- produced by completely stopping the air.

13) The physical adaptation source

- bow wow
- The human brain
- **teeth and lips**
- pooh-pooh

14) The tool-making source

- Teeth and lips
- Larynx and pharynx
- Mouth and tongue
- **The human brain**

15) The physical adaptation source

- Larynx and pharynx
- Mouth and tongue
- Teeth and lips
- **All of the above**

16) Human teeth are suitable to produce sounds such

- **F and V**
- P and B
- B and M
- T and H

17) Human lips are appropriate to produce sounds such

- F and V
- **P or B and M**
- H and T
- W and Z

18) advantages from an increased risk of choking which might lead to death

- **Flase**
- True

19) advantages of getting this extra vocal power to outweigh the potential

- **True**
- Flase

20) The left hemisphere of the brain is responsible for

- **speaking**
- creativity
- arts
- imagination

21) The genetic source

- **seems that language is an innate feature; what is known as 'innateness hypothesis'**
- In most religions, it is believed that language appears to be a divine source
- This view is based on the concept that natural sounds which are attained through the auditory system that develops before birth which later develop to identify sounds in the environment.
- This source is based on physical features human processes that are distinct from other creatures (particularly non-humans) which may have enabled speech production.

22) It is speculated that human hands and manual gestures may have been a precursor of language.

- **True**
- False