- 1) [A] man who follows another not only finds nothing; he is not even looking. .. who is say it:
- Horace
- Quintilian
- Seneca
- 2) Captive Greece took its wild conqueror captive.....who is say it:
- Horace
- Quintilian
- Seneca
- 3) what is famous dialogue by Plato:
- The Republic
- Poetics
- Political
- 4) Who makes the very important distinction :between Mimesis and Diagesis
- Napoleon
- Aristotle
- Plato
- 5) What does mean the "fine arts" in the modern sense:
- human activities painting, architecture, sculpture, music and poetry
- human activities painting and poetry
- literature
- 6) what kind of poetry did the Greeks have:
- literature or art
- Art
- uses the word poetry
- 7) which interest Books of the Republic
- Book III and Book X
- Book VI

- Book IIV 8) Structuralism in literature is a continuation of the work of - Renaissance Humanism - Marxist criticism - Russian Formalism 9) Structuralism is not interested in the interpretation of literature, it is interested in - The consumption of literature - The magic of literature - The structures of literature 10) Why did Plato ban poetry and poet from the city: - Poetry Cripples the Mind - wanted the philosopher to rule - Poetry doesn't help citizens 11) what is famous book by Aristotle:
 - Poetics
 - Political
 - Republic

12) Aristotle defines plot as:

- a cause-effect sequence of events
- the story of tragedy
- the events that lead to climax

13) Qualities of Good plots are:

- Neither end nor middle
- Beginning
- A whole, with a beginning, middle, and end
- 14) The end of the tragedy is
- katharsis
- nothing
- pleasure

15) Quintilian is:

- Poet
- Institutio Oratoria.
- Dramatic
16) When is the Formalist Movement emerge:
- 20th
- 19th
- 16th
17) What's Time Zero:
- The time of the story
- The story
- Narration
18) The Death of the Author who wrote it :
- Roland Barthes
- Michel Foucault
- Gerard Gennette
19) Michel Foucault wrote :
- What is an Author?
- Poetics
- The Death of the Author
20) Helper - Opponent what's mean:
- The axis of desire
- The axis of power
- The axis of transmission
21) Sender - Receiver what's mean:
- The axis of desire
- The axis of power
- The axis of transmission
22) How many components in Greimas: The Actantial Model Origins:
- Six
- Eight
- Five

- 23) The Actantial Model Origins bases on theoty of
- Vladimir Propp
- Michel Foucault
- Quintilian
- 24) Poststructuralism was:
- They waned to create a new market
- rebellion against' structuralism
- Traditional school
- 25) How many functions did Vladimir Propp establish in the Morphology of the Folktale, and how many type?
- 31 functions and 7 types
- 20 functions and 20 types
- 10 functions and 10 types