بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم Theory of Translation ** 1435 - 1434 [Halimah M Ahmad .Dr - Translation of Theory - أسئلة اختبار

- 1) The process of transhation is complex operation
- Which the translator uses while translating
- Which takes place in the mind of the translator
- 2) 2-'Determinism' as one of the main characteristic of 'theory' means that
- It must be able to simple
- It must be able to predict
- 3) Empiricism, and generality are the main characteristic of the a theory
- Determinism, parsimony.
- Suggestion, parsimony
- 4) the mayor element of translation are......
- The SL, the ST, the translator, the TT, the language of translation and TL.
- The SL, the ST, the translator, the language of translation and TL.
- 5) The translator is element in translation
- The most important
- The important
- 6) The language of translation is an abstraction obtained via
- The both the SL and TL.
- The translation of the SL text.
- 7) Translation method that emphasize source language are
- Word for word , literal, faithful or semantic translation
- Word for word, literal, faithful or communicative translation
- 8) word for word translation is
- A free translation
- An interlinear translation
- 9) to translate faithfully, you need to attempt to reproduce
- The precise cultural meaning of the original

The precise contextual meaning of the original
10) Lexical words in literal translation are translated Singly out of context Contextually
11) Semantic translation is More flexible than faithful translation Not a flexible translation
12) Adaptation is The most literal form of translation The 'freest' form of translation
13) Paraphrasing 'is one of the main characteristics of Free translation Semantic translation
14) communicative translation is to render The exact contextual meaning of the original text The general neaning of the original
15) the two main aims of t ranslation in general are Accuracy and economy Connunication and clarity
16) Islam looks at learning a Foreign language as a religious duty a communicative skill
17) Calip Al-Mamun established Dar AL-Hikmah for translators Dar Al-Kitab for translator
18) During the abbasid age, particularly in the time of Al-Mamun, translation Prospered and expanded Was of poor quality

20) Works on engineering logic, philosophy and medicine were translated from - Greek into Arabic - Latin into Arabic 21) the 'free-way method in translation was used by - Hunayn bin Ishaq - Peter Newmark 22) Napoleon Bonaparte brought with him to Egypt translator and interpreter to - Help him communicate with the Egyptians - Help him build Egypt 23) Learning foreign languages - Helps Muslims spread the word of Islam - Helps Muslims speak more than one language - helps Muslims to translate other nations field of knowledge into Arabic 24) -In Muhammad Ali's time, translation thrived because ... - He was personally very interested in learning about European civilization - He was wanted to iinvade Europe 25) When Arab Learning declined, - Toledo in Spain replaced Baghdad - Rome in Italy replaced Baghdad 26) Interpretiing, as amean of communication, was used - Before translation - After translation 27) Translators 'mechanical tools and aids include - type-writers, photocopying machines, word processors

19) -the literal – way method was originally used by

- Yuhanna bin Batriq

- Cicero

28) Interpreting is

- dictionaries and technical encyclopedia

- the oral translation of a message across a cultural and linguistic barrier - the translation of a message across a cultural and linguistic barrier 29) the focus in interpreting is generally on - Ideas - Style 30) The smallest unit of language that can be used by itself is - The word - The idiom 31) Acollocation is a sequence of words which tend of to in a given language - co-occur regularly - co-occur sometime 32) the structure of word is related to - Morphology - Syntax 33) the category of person relates to - The notion of both listeners and speakers - The notion of participants 'roles 34) Newmark 1988 defines the concept of 'culture' as - A'way of ilfe

- The traditions of people
- 35) materials related to culture covers
- Food, clothes houses, towns and transport
- Camels, donkeys and horses
- 36) In translation, ecological culture involves
- Flora, fauna and plains
- Clothes ,food and drinks
- 37) Idioms and fixed expressions are defined as
- Frozen patterns of language
- Mild patterns of language

- 38) technology is employed in translation to
- increase productivity and cost-effectiveness as well as improve quality
- make more moey and give prestige to the translators
- 39) Translation Memory Technology
- allows the translator to store translations in a database and 'recycle' them
- doesn't allows the translator to store translations in a database and 'recycle' them
- 40) Machine translation is normally used in
- Technical language
- General language
- 41) the major types of machine translation system are
- Unassisted or fully automatic MT and Human-assisted Machine MT
- Fully Automatic MT and post-editing MT
- 42) Machine Translation involves
- the use of computer programmes to translate texts from ST to TL automatically
- the use of computer programmes to translate texts from ST to TL
- 43) Type of segment matches in Translation memory are
- An exact match, a semi-match and match and fizzy match
- An exact match, full match and a fuzzy match