

1) -What are generally major elements of Translation ?

- -A linguistic element
- - A situational or contextual element
- - Determinism element
- - **Only a & b**

2) -A linguistic element is one of generally major elements of Translation known as.....

- -a linguistic „verbal sign“ involving ST and TL
- -**a linguistic „verbal sign“ involving SL and TL**
- -a linguistic „verbal sign“ involving SL and TT

3) -A situational or contextual element is one of generally major elements of Translation determines

- -**translatability**
- - the linguistic sign
- -verbal sign

4) -Situational elements consist of

- -Semantic field and Physical environment
- - Social reality and Phonetic realization
- - The addressee
- - **All of the above**

5) -It is the language to which the text to be translated belongs.

- -The Language of Translation
- - The Source Text
- - **The Source Language**

6) -It is the text which has been chosen for translation.

- -The Language of Translation
- - **The Source Text**
- -The Source Language

7) -.....is the most important element in translation.

- -The Source Text

- - The Source Language

- - **The translator**

8) -It is the very central and initial point for the start of the Translation process.

- -The Language of Translation

- - **The Source Text**

- - The translated text

9) -It is the text which result from the translation Process.

- -The Language of Translation

- - The Source Text

- - **The translated text**

10) -It is the starting point of any translation.

- -The Language of Translation

- - The Source Text

- - **The Source Language**

11) -It is the actual definite material, written or spoken, which has been produced by conveying the meanings of a source text in terms of another language and culture

- -The Language of Translation

- - The Source Text

- - **The translated text**

12) -It changes the receiver or addressee to new receiver or addressee of a new language.

- -The translator

- - The Source Text

- - **The translated text**

13) -It is an abstraction obtained via the study of translated texts.

- -**The Language of Translation**

- - The Source Text

- - The translated text

14) -The Language of Translation is.....

- -a source language or a target language
- - **not a source language or a target language.**

- - a source language

15) -The study of the language of translation involves.....

- -the translator's interpretations,
- -the translator's strategies
- -the translator's abilities as a translator.
- -**All**

16) -It is a very good source for investigating the translation process and the translator's ability to translate.

- -The Language of Translation
- - The Source Text
- - **The translated text**

17) -It is constitutes an essential point when investigating the translation phenomena.

- -**The Source Language**
- - The Source Text
- - The translated text

18) -The translator's knowledge should include :

- -knowledge of general linguistics
- - descriptive methodology
- - methodology of research applicable to SL and TL.
- - **All of the above**

19) -It is the language into which a text from another language is translated.

- -The Source Text
- -The translated text
- -**The Target Language**