

1) Grammar is related to

- semantics
- phonetics
- **syntax**
- pragmatics

2) Syntax covers

- the semantic structure of groups, clauses and sentences
- the phonological structure of groups, clauses and sentences
- **the grammatical structure of groups, clauses and sentences**
- the morphological structure of groups, clauses and sentences

3) The structure of words is related to

- semantics
- syntax
- phonetics
- **morphology**

4) Morphology is related to

- the meaning of word
- the tenses in synta
- the sounds of word
- **the structure or words**

5) The following two main types of information indicate the form of the verb

- time relations and space relations
- **time relations and aspectual differences**
- time relations and tenses
- time relations and events

6) The category of person relates to

- The notion of speakers
- The notion of listeners

- **the notion of participants roles**

- The notion of both listeners and speakers

7) Grammar is organized along two main dimensions

- phonology and phonetics

- semantics and syntax

- morphology and phonetics

- **morphology and syntax**