

نظرية الترجمة**1. Semantics is mainly defined as**

- a. the allocation of signs to their real objects
- b. the relation of signs to each other.
- c. the relation between signs and their interpreters.
- d. the relation between signs and the translator.

2. Arabic is different from English in the sense that it has

- a. a dual form in addition to plural form.
- b. a dual form only.
- c. a dual form in addition to singular and plural form.
- d. a dual form in addition to singular form.

3. Translators and interpreters, who came with Napoleon Bonaparte to Egypt ،

- a. helped him control the Egyptians.
- b. helped him communicate with the Egyptians ✓
- c. helped him build Egypt.
- d. helped him understand the culture of the Egyptians.



الصوتيات والنظام الصوتي**1. The oral cavity is the part that**

- a. leads to the nostrils and the nasal cavity is the part that comprises the mouth
- b. comprises the lungs and the nasal cavity is the part that leads to the larynx
- c. comprises the nose and the nasal cavity is the part that leads to the mouth
- d. comprises the mouth and the nasal cavity is the part that leads to the nostrils.

2. Distribution of sounds examines the positions in which each particularcan occur

- a. morpheme
- b. letter
- c. Allophone
- d. phoneme

.3. indicates which part of the tongue (front or back) is raised highest

- a. Tongue height
- b. Tongue blade
- c. Tongue position
- d. Tongue tip



قضايا ثقافية معاصرة

١. سبب عالمية القيم الإسلامية ومرونتها في التطبيق أنها:

أ. استجابة للفطرة السوية

ب. تمثل حضارة عالمية

ج. موجهة لكل الأزمان

د. قابلة للتغير والتطور

٢. تشكل الثقافة بشكل عام:

أ. تميزاً للأمة عن غيرها من الأمم

ب. تغيراً في الأمة

ج. تعدداً للأمم

د. تخلفاً للمجتمع أو الأمة

٣. الروابط البشرية نوعان:

أ. فطرية ومكتسبة

ب. فطرية ومتغيرة

ج. طارئة وأصيلة

د. خاصة وعامة



الحضارة الإسلامية

١. أبرز المجالات التي تأثرت بها الحضارة الإسلامية من الحضارة الفارسية هي :

أ. في مجال الأدب

ب. في مجال الرياضة

ج. في مجال اللغة

د. في مجال الفلك

٢. الأرقام الحسابية المستخدمة في العالم حاليا عرفها المسلمون عن طريق :

أ. الفرس

ب. الفرس

ج. الهنود

د. الإغريق

٣. اهتمام القرآن بقضية العلم كان :

أ. منذ هجرة الرسول صلى الله عليه وسلم

ب. منذ فتح مكة

ج. منذ نزول القرآن

د. منذ بداية الخلق



مقال

Why I Want to Learn English(1) There are three reasons why I want to learn English. (2) One reason is that English has become an international language.(3) It is now used by most international companies, including the company where I work, for business communication. (4) Another reason why I want to learn English is so that I can travel to English-speaking countries. (5) The United States, England, Australia and many other countries all use English as their primary language. (6) Finally, I want to learn English because I plan to move to the U.S. in the future. (7) I will become a manager for my company soon. (8) For all these reasons, I am very excited about learning English.

1. Identify the topic sentence :

- a. 1st sentence
- b. 2nd sentence
- c. 3rd sentence
- d. 4th sentence

2. Identify the conclusion :

- a. 5th sentence
- b. 6th sentence
- c. 7th sentence
- d. 8th sentence

3. Identify the first main point :

- a. 2nd sentence
- b. 3rd sentence
- c. 4th sentence
- d. 5th sentence



مهارات التحدث

1. What is the best and nicest response when someone gives an apology ?

- a. Nice to meet you
- b. I have to go now
- c. Talk to you soon
- d. That's OK. That's all right

2. What is the best and nicest response when someone introduces another ?

- a. Don't mention it
- b. No problem
- c. Keep in touch
- d. Glad to meet you

3. What is the reduction of the phrases (what's your kind of food) ?

- a. What is your kinda food?
- b. Whatcher kinda food?
- c. Whater your kinda of food?
- d. What's ya kinda food?



الأدب الإنجليزي ق ١٧

1. The Puritan movement aimed at making..... men .

- a. Honest and free
- b. Slaves and maids
- c. Business men and business women
- d. Cultured and educated men

2. In literature, the Seventeenth spirit manifested itself in the form of

- a. Feminism
- b. Criticism
- c. Realism
- d. Romanticism

3. Restoration drama was confined to the upper strata of society whose taste was

- a. dramatic
- b. aristocratic
- c. romantic
- d. Socratic



الفكر والثقافة الإنجليزية

1. Toward the end of Modern English, a sudden and distinct change in pronunciation (the Great Vowel Shift) started

- a. True
- b. False
- c. Not sure
- d. All the above

2. The Roman invasion of Britain by Julius Caesar was in:

- a. In 35 B.C.
- b. In 45 B.C.
- c. In 50 B.C.
- d. In 55 B.C.

3. One of the original language spoken in Britain before the Germanic invasion was:

- a. Frisian
- b. Flemish
- c. Celtic
- d. All the above



ظهور الرواية

1. The Enlightenment advocated as he primary basis of authority.

- a. reason
- b. religion
- c. spirit
- d. nature

2. In her famous novel, Frances Burney portrays the experiences of an innocent young woman, reflecting the fears and fantasies of her middle-class readers.

- a. Tristram Shandy
- b. Evelina
- c. The Mysteries of Udolpho
- d. Tom Jones

3. All of following are famous thinkers of the French revolution except:

- a. Voltaire
- b. Rousseau
- c. Montesquieu
- d. John Locke

