

المحاضرة السابعة

Dominance Theory: takes the difference in power between women and men as the main cause of discursal variation.

According to this theory: Men tend to have more power than women: physically, financially and in workplace hierarchies.

نظرية السيطرة : الفرق في القوة بين الرجل والمرأة هو السبب الرئيسي لاختلاف الخطاب.
استنادا للنظرية : الرجال يملكون قوة أكبر من النساء : جسديا ، ماليا ، المكانة العملية .

Weak points of Dominance theory:

- 1- women are represented as 'powerless victims.
- 2- shows men as undermining, excluding and demeaning women.

نقاط ضعف النظرية : ١- تظهر النساء بأنهن ضحايا الضعف . ٢- تظهر الرجال بصورة غير لائقة (معادون، مسيئون للنساء).

Difference theory

It suggests that women and men develop **different styles of talking** because they are segregated at important stages of their lives.

نظرية الاختلاف : تقترح ان الرجال والنساء يطورون اساليب مختلفة من الكلام بسبب انفصالهم عن بعضهم في مراحل مهمة من الحياه.

What is ethnicity?

The attribution, or claim, to belong to a particular cultural group on the basis of genetics, language, or other cultural manifestations.

Ethnic majority and Ethnic minority

الأغلبية والأقليات العرقية

Ethnic majority is a group which has a socially dominant culture.

الأغلبية العرقية هي مجموعة لديها ثقافة مهيمنة اجتماعيا

Ethnic minority Refers to members of minority groups

الأقليات العرقية إلى أفراد الأقليات

The ethnic majority has been established for a longer period of time and the minority groups are the more recent products of migration.

تأسست الأغلبية العرقية لفترة أطول من الوقت والمجموعات الأقلية هي نتاج أكثر حداثة بسبب الهجرة.

The language of prejudice

Prejudice refers to preconceived, usually unfavorable, judgments toward people because of gender, social class, age, disability, religion, sexuality, race/ethnicity, language, nationality or other personal characteristics.

يشير الحكم المسبق G لأحكام تجاه الناس بسبب النوع، الطبقة الاجتماعية ، السن أو الإعاقة أو الدين أو الجنس أو العرق أو اللغة أو الجنسية أو الخصائص الشخصية الأخرى.

Negative labelling

The word **Black** was often linked in the British media with negative signs such as hate, fight, riot.

كثيرا ما ترتبط كلمة black في الإعلام البريطانية بالإشارات السلبية مثل الحقد ، الشغب والقتال.

The word **Jamaican** indicates illegal drugs entering the country.

تشير كلمة Jamaican للمخدرات الغير المشروعة التي تدخل البلاد.

The word **small islander** (which refers to people who have migrated from poorer and smaller islands) is derogatory.

تشير كلمة small islander الى الأشخاص الذين هاجروا من الجزر الصغيرة والفقيرة.

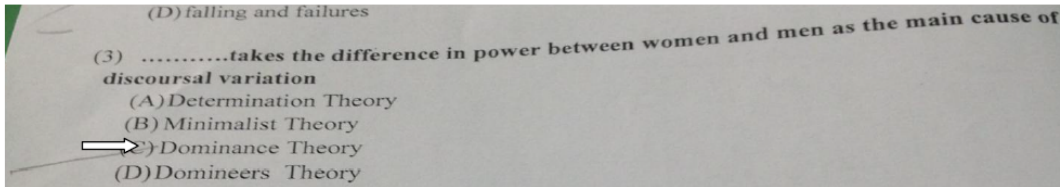
Reclamation

is when members of ethnic minorities sometimes attempt to reduce, or remove, the power of derogatory ethnic labelling by using those terms among themselves, as positive markers of group identity.

الاستصلاح في بعض الأحيان عندما يقوم أفراد الأقليات العرقية بمحاولة التقليل أو إزالة العلامات العرقية المهيمنة عليهم بواسطة جعل استخدام تلك المصطلحات بينهم كعلامات إيجابية لهوية المجموعة.

اسئلة المحاضرة السابعة

سؤال عن تعريف نظرية Dominate تكرر ..



(38).....takes the difference in **power** between women and men as the main cause of discursal variation

- (A) Domineers Theory
- (B) Determination Theory
- (C) **Dominance Theory**
- (D) Minimalist Theory

47- The Weak points of Dominance theory are that it represents

- A. women as 'powerless victims' and shows men as undermining, excluding and demeaning women
- B. men as 'powerless victims' and shows women as undermining, excluding and demeaning women
- C. women as 'powerful victims' and shows men as careful about looking highly ... (**not clear**)
- D. women as 'cowardice venom' and shows them as committing sins

(43)According to the **Dominance theory**, tend to have more power than women.

- (A) girls
- (B) women
- (C) **men**
- (D) children

سؤال عن الاغلبية تكرر ..

(49) Choose the correct sentence

- (A) The term *Ethnic minority* is used to refer to a group which has a socially dominant culture
 (B) The term *Ethnic majority* is used to refer to a group which has a politically damned lecture
 (C) The term *Ethnic majority* is used to refer to a group which has a socially minimal culture
 (D) The term *Ethnic majority* is used to refer to a group which has a socially dominant culture

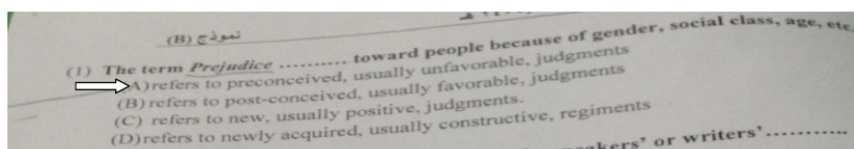
(62) The term *Ethnic majority* is used to refer to a group which has a socially.....culture.

- (A) ruminant
 (B) difficult
 (C) diamond
 (D) dominant

48- Choose the correct sentence :

- A. An ethnic majority refers to a group which has a socially dominant culture
 B. An ethnic minority refers to a group which has a socially dominant culture
 C. An ethnic minority refers to a group which has a politically dominant lecture
 D. An ethnic majority refers to a group which does not have a socially dominant culture

سؤال عن تعريف الحكم المسبق تكرر



(55)..... refers to preconceived, usually unfavorable, judgments toward people because of gender, social class, age, disability, religion, sexuality, race/ethnicity, language, nationality or other personal characteristics.

- (A) Prejudice
 (B) Language
 (C) English
 (D) Linguistics.

4- Prejudice refers to toward people because of gender, social class, age, disability, religion, sexuality or other personal characteristics :

- A. postconceived, usually unfavorable, judgments
 B. preconceived, usually unfavorable, judgments
 C. preconceived, usually favorable, judgments
 D. preconceived, usually favorable, jam and mint

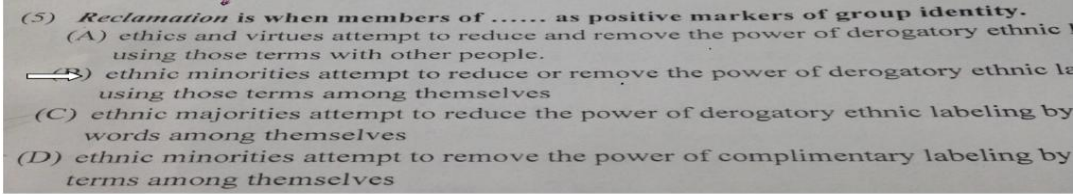
سؤال عن نظرية الاختلاف تكرر

- (48) *Difference Theory* suggests that at important stages of their lives.
 (A) women and girls develop different styles of talking because they are segregated
 (B) women and men develop similar styles of talking because they are segregated
 (C) women and men develop different styles of talking because they live together
 (D) women and men develop different styles of talking because they are segregated

(61)..... suggests that women and men develop *different* styles of talking because they are segregated at important stages of their lives

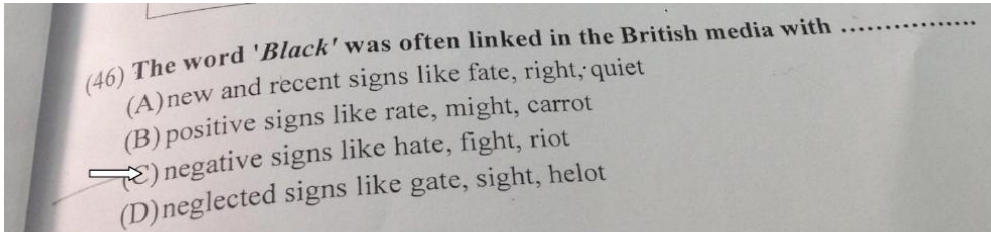
- (A) Domineers Theory
 (B) Determination Theory
 (C) Dominance Theory
 (D) Difference Theory

سؤال عن تعريف Reclamation



- (48)..... is when members of ethnic minorities attempt to reduce, or remove, the power of **derogatory ethnic labelling** by using those terms among themselves, as positive markers of group identity.
 (A) Relation
 (B) **Reclamation**
 (C) Redirection
 (D) Relaxation

سؤال عن ما تشير اليه كلمة black



- (50) The word was often linked in the British media with negative signs like *hate, fight, riot*
 (A) **Black**
 (B) White
 (C) Orange
 (D) Red

سؤال جاء في احد النماذج عن المدة الزمنية للاغلبية العرقية والاقلية

3- Choose the correct sentence :

- A. The ethnic minority has established for a longer period of time and the minority groups are the more recent products of migration
- B. The ethnic majority has established for a longer period of time and the minority groups are the more ancient products of migration
- C. The elastic majority has established for a longer period of time and the minority groups are the more recent products of moderation
- D. The ethnic majority has established for a longer period of time and the minority groups are the more recent products of migration

المحاضرة الثامنة

اللغة والعرق. Language and Ethnicity.

Language use as a marker of ethnic identity

Members of an ethnic minority have the desire to acculturate to what is considered mainstream.

أعضاء الأقلية العرقية لديهم الرغبة في التأقلم مع ما يعتبر رئيسي

Ethnic minority members continue to participate in cultural, religious and linguistic practices which mark them as distinctive.

تواصل أعضاء الأقليات العرقية المشاركة في الممارسات الثقافية والدينية واللغوية والتي تميزهم عن غيرهم وفيها تميز لهم .

Language policy in the United States

English only Movement حركة الإنجليزية فقط

Promotes English as the language which unifies America.

نشر اللغة الإنجليزية كون اللغة توحد الامريكان .

اللغة والعمر Language and age

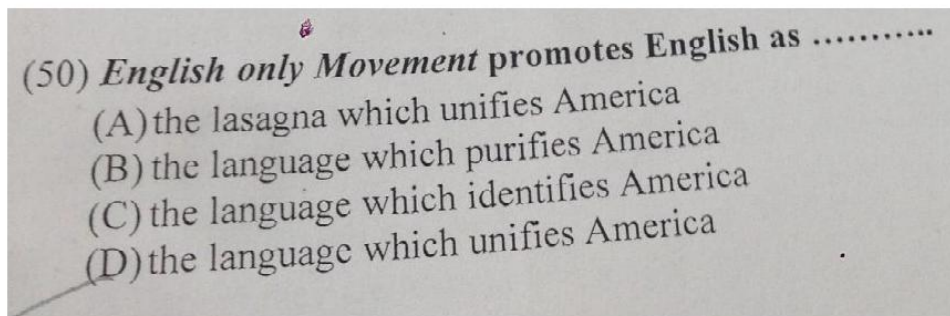
Introduction: what has age got to do with language?

How can a language reflect the status of children and older people?

Labeling age groups

(العودة لتفاصيل المحاضرة الثامنة من المحتوى)

اسئلة عن المحاضرة الثامنة : لم اجد سوى سؤال واحد عن حركة اللغة الإنجليزية فقط ، تكرر في ترمين



(47) English only Movement promotes English as the language which America.

- (A) unifies
- (B) destroys
- (C) invades
- (D) occupies

المحاضرة التاسعة

7.3.1 Language characteristics of the under-fives and over-sixty-fives

خصائص اللغة دون سن الخامسة و أكثر من الخامسة الستين

Language characteristics of the under-fives

خصائص اللغة دون سن الخامسة

1- The pitch of their voice is quite high relative to that of adults.

• درجة صوتهم نسبيا عالية جدا بالنسبة للبالغين.

2- Their early pronunciations of words can be quite different from the adult versions.

• يمكن أن يكون نطقهم في وقت مبكر للكلمات ومختلف تماما عن صيغ البالغين

Language characteristics for the over-sixty-fives.

خصائص اللغة لأكثر من سن الخامسة والستين،

1- The over-sixty-fives are experienced language users.

• يتمتع أكثر من سن الخامسة والستين بخبرة مستخدمي اللغة

2- Older people may require slightly longer processing time to produce and understand complex sentences.

• قد يتطلب الأكبر سنا فترة وقت أطول لإنتاج وفهم الجمل المعقدة.

3- Hearing often becomes less acute as people get older, and this can lead to a reduced understanding of rapid or whispered speech or speech in a noisy environment.

• بكثير من الأحيان يصبح السمع أقل حدة للناس المتقدمين في السن وهذا يمكن أن يؤدي إلى انخفاض سريع للفهم أو همس الكلام والتعبير في بيئة صاخبة

4- The ageing of the vocal cords and muscles controlling breathing and facial movement results in slower speech.

• تسيطر شيخوخة الحبال الصوتية والعضلات على التنفس والنتائج لحركة الوجه بتباطؤ الكلام

Child Directed Language (CDL) اللغة المباشرة للطفل

Child Directed Language is a special style used in speech to young children.

• Characteristics of Child Directed Language.

• خصائص اللغة المباشرة للطفل

• calling the child by name, often using a 'pet' name or term of endearment

• استدعاء الطفل بالاسم غالبا ما تستخدم "الحيوانات الأليفة" كاسم أو مصطلح للتعبير

• shorter, grammatically simpler sentences

• الجمل النحوية الأبسط والأقصر

• more repetition

• أكثر تكرار

• More use of questions or question tags ('That's nice, isn't it?')

• المزيد من استخدام الأسئلة أو علامات استفهام (هذا لطيف، أليس كذلك؟)

• use of 'baby-talk' words

• استخدام عبارة 'حديث الطفل'

• expanding on and/or finishing a child's utterance.

• التوسع على و/ أو إنهاء نطق الطفل

(الرجوع للمحاضرة التاسعة لمزيد من المعلومات)

الاسئلة من الاختبارات
سؤالين احدهما عن خصائص اللغة للاكبر من ٦٥ سنه
وسؤال عن خصائص لغة الطفل المباشرة

32- A Language characteristics for the over-sixty-fives is that the Older people may :

- A. require slightly longer processing time to produce and understand complex sentences
- B. require slightly less processing time to produce and understand complex sentences
- C. require shorter processing time to produce and understand child language
- D. require slightly bigger bedrooms to produce and understand complex sentences

33- Some of the characteristics of Child Directed Language are :

- A. calling the child by name, often using a 'pet' name or term of endearment
- B. shorter, grammatically simpler sentences and more repetition
- C. more use of questions or question tags and the use of 'baby-talk' words
- D. All of the above

موفقين ..

ملاحظة : ملخص المحاضرات مختصر بشكل كبير ولا يعني عن الرجوع للمحتوى..