

1) is as a study on large and small populations by selecting samples chosen from the desired population and to discover relative incidence, distribution and interrelations.

- Observation Studies
- **Survey research**
- Correlational Research

2) typically employs face-to-face interviews, telephone interviews or the common approach using questionnaires.

- Correlational Research
- Observation Studies
- **Survey research**

3) the type of used depends on the scope of the research work .

- **survey method**
- Correlational method
- Observation method

4) if a researcher specifies the objective as to compare differences in opinion and practices over time, a would be the ideal method

- cross-sectional survey
- **longitudinal survey**

5) In, a researcher collects information from a sample drawn from a population. It involves collecting data at one point of time. The period of data collection can vary and it depends on the study weightage

- **cross-sectional survey**
- longitudinal survey

6) In, data collection is done at different points of time to observe the changes

- **longitudinal surveys**
- cross-sectional survey

7) Two common types of longitudinal surveys are

- Correlational Studies and Observation Studies

- **Cohort Studies and Panel Studies**

8) Quantitative rely on random sampling and structured that fit diverse experiences into predetermined response categories

- **data collection instruments**

- Panel Studies

9) Types of instruments for collecting quantitative data:

- Interviews

- Questionnaires

- **both**

10) are more structured than in Qualitative research.

- **Interviews**

- Questionnaires

11) The researcher asks a standard set of questions and nothing more.

- **Interviews**

- Questionnaires

12) face-to-face interviews, and Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI).

- Questionnaires

- **Interviews**

13) Yields the highest response rates in survey research .

- **Advantages Face-to-face interviews**

- Advantages Telephone interviews

14) Enables the researcher to establish rapport with potential participants and therefore gain their cooperation .

- Advantages Telephone interviews

- **Advantages Face-to-face interviews**

15) Impractical when large samples are involved .

- Disadvantages Telephone interviews

- **Disadvantages Face-to-face interviews .**

16) Allows the researcher to clarify ambiguous answers and when appropriate, seek follow up information

- Advantages Telephone interviews
- **Advantages Face-to-face interviews**

17) Can be time consuming and expensive .

- **Disadvantages Face-to-face interviews .**
- Disadvantages Telephone interviews

18) Less time consuming and Less expensive .

- Advantages Face-to-face interviews
- **Advantages Telephone interviews**

19) Researcher has ready access to anyone who has a telephone.

- Advantages Face-to-face interviews
- **Advantages Telephone interviews**

20) Can be fully automated using CATI .

- **Advantages Telephone interviews**
- Advantages Face-to-face interviews

21) The response rate is not as high as the face-to-face interview

- **Disadvantages Telephone interviews**
- Disadvantages Face-to-face interviews .

22) 1- Saves time involved in processing the data. 2- Saves the interviewer from carrying around hundreds of questionnaires. is

- Disadvantages (CAPI)
- **Advantages (CAPI)**

23) 1- Can be expensive to set up. 2- Requires that interviewers have computer and typing skills

- **Disadvantages (CAPI)**
- Advantages (CAPI)

24) Questionnaires often make use of and rating scales.

- interview
- **checklist**

25) Questionnaires often make use of checklist and

- **rating scales**
- interview

26) a list of behaviours, characteristics, or other entities the researcher is looking for

- rating scales
- **checklist**

27) is more useful when a behaviour needs to be evaluated on a continuum.

- **rating scales**
- checklist

28) They are also known as Likert scales.

- checklist
- **rating scales**

29) 1- Can be sent to a large number of people. 2- Save the researcher time and money compared to interviewing. 3- Allow the respondent to answer at their leisure.

- **Advantages Mail questionnaires .**
- Advantages Web-based questionnaires

30) 1- This type of research is often quicker and less detailed. 2- Very cost effective.

- Advantages Mail questionnaires .
- **Advantages Web-based questionnaires**

31) Excludes people who do not have a computer or are unable to access a computer

- Disadvantages Mail questionnaires .
- **Disadvantages Web-based questionnaires**

32) 1- Need to have access to email addresses. 2- Many worksites have screening mechanisms in place blocking access to employee emails.

- **Disadvantages Web-based questionnaires**
- Disadvantages Mail questionnaires .

33) Quantitative researchers must ensure when conducting their research.

- **Validity and Reliability**
- Respect and Beneficence

34) refers to the degree to which a study accurately reflects or assesses the specific concept that the researcher is attempting to measure.

- Reliability

- **Validity**

35)is the extent to which an experiment, test, or any measuring procedure yields the same result on repeated trials

- **Reliability**

- Validity

36) is characterized by its aims, which relate to understanding some aspect of social life, and its methods which (in general) generate words, rather than numbers, as data for analysis

- **Qualitative research**

- Quantitative Research

37) (People's experiences of health needs, health care, accessing care and keeping healthy.)

- Examples of Quantitative methodologies

- **Examples of Qualitative methodologies**

38) (Understanding different perspectives, such as those of professionals and patients.)

- Examples of Quantitative methodologies

- **Examples of Qualitative methodologies**

39) (How experiences, attitudes and life circumstances affect health needs and behaviours.)

- **Examples of Qualitative methodologies**

- Examples of Quantitative methodologies

40) كلمتان خفيفتان على اللسان , ثقيلتان في الميزان , حبيبتان الى الرحمن
- سبحان الله وبحمده - سبحان الله العظيم
- استغفر الله العظيم واتوب اليه