محدث 1439/08/26هـ



للانضمام له قناة اللغويات التطبيقية في التليجرام .. اضغط هنا ...

تجميع و تصحيح أسئلة اختبارات اللغويات التطبيقية

الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٩ هـ

1- The spread of English has generated intense interest in the study of and of second language acquisition

A. language assessmentB. neurolinguisticsC. lexicographyD. language pedagogy

2- Success was measured in the Grammar translation Approach in terms of the accurate use of grammar and

A. morphology <u>B. vocabulary</u> C. listening D. communication

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

3- First-language explanation and were not possible in the Direct Method

A. communication B. articulation <u>C. translation</u> D. assimilation

4- The Natural Language Learning believed that neither explicit nor conscious learning had any effect.

A. hypothesis B. approach C. instruction D. theory

5- In the Communicative Method language learning success is to be assessed by the ability to do things with the, appropriately, fluently, and effectively.

A. purpose <u>B. language</u> C. practice D. teaching

6- English for Specific Purposes (ESP) tries to develop the language and skills.

<u>A. discourse</u> B. paralanguage C. development D. grammar

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عابر

7- pronunciation, grammar and Are called systems of language

A. speaking & listening
B. vocabulary
C. reading & writing
D. translation and literature

8- The phrase " bread and butter " is an example of.....

A. feasibilityB. possibilityC. appropriatenessD. attestedness

A. Theoretical linguistics<u>B. Applied linguistics</u>C. Corpus AnalysisD. semantics

10- Three areas of study which contribute to discourse analysis are paralanguage, pragmatics, and

<u>A. genre studies</u> B. translation C. literature D. stylistics

11- Brochures, prayers, news bulletins, stories, conversations, consultations, lessons, emails, Web pages, and jokes are examples of

A. paralanguage B. pragmatics <u>C. genre</u> D. linguistics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

12- Language Testing is the practice and study of evaluating theof an individual in using a particular language effectively

A. consistency B. proficiency C. deficiency D. frequency

13- The purpose of proficiency test is to test global in a language

A. persistence B. existence C. consistence D. competence

14- tests should elicit information on what students need to work in the future

A. AchievementB. language AptitudeC. ProficiencyD. Diagnostic

15- Achievement tests should be limited to particular material addressed in within a particular time frame

<u>A. a curriculum</u> B. scale C. language D. formula

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

16- The purpose oftest is to predict a person's success to exposure to the foreign language.

A. AchievementB. language aptitudeC. ProficiencyD. Diagnostic

17- In subjective tests the learners ability or performance are judged by opinion and judgment.

A. principals' B. invigilators' C. candidates' D. examiners'

18- questions are moderately easy to write and easily scored

A. Essay B. Multiple-choice <u>C. True or false</u> D. WH

19- Essay questions can be used to measure order cognitive skills.

<u>A. higher</u> B. lower C. alphabetical D. moderate

20- Language competence test is a test that involves of language

A. attempts <u>B. components</u> C. choices D. effects

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

21- The selected in norm-referenced tests is chosen by how well it discriminates among students.

A. format B. style <u>C. content</u> D. answer sheet

22- A test is valid if it tests what it is supposed to

<u>A. test</u> B. share C. mark D. master

23- If a test gives result it is reliable

A. persistent <u>B. consistent</u> C. different D. new

24- Literary Stylistics raises of how there is far more at stake in the use of language than the literal meaning of the words

A. Interests <u>B. awareness</u> C. spirits D. funds

25- If a glass is described as either 'half full' or ' half empty' this an example related to

A. semanticsB. pragmaticsC. Critical Discourse AnalysisD. Linguistics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

26- research concerned itself with both explaining and describing the process of acquiring a second language

A. Genre analyzingB. Corpus linguisticsC. PragmaticsD. Second Language Acquisition

27- In structural linguistics Only "publicly observable response" could be subject to

A. information<u>B. investigation</u>C. simulationD. standardization

28- The was interested not only in describing language but also in arriving at an explanatory level of adequacy in the study of language

<u>A. generative linguist</u>
B. psycholinguist
C. sociolinguist
D. behavioral psychologist

29- Social constructivism emphasizes the importance of social interaction and in constructing both cognitive and emotional images of reality

A. Evaluation<u>B. cooperative learning</u>C. acquisitionD. development

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

30- Tabula rasa is a clean slate bearing no preconceived notions about the world or about

A. society <u>B. language</u> C. paralanguage D. context

31- the underlying of the system of a language competence

A. behavior B. interaction <u>C. knowledge</u> D. pattern

32- Cognitive information is usually conveyed by means of devices

A. Affective <u>B. linguistic</u> C. Positive D. assertive

33- the relatively permanent incorporation of incorrect linguistic forms into a person's second language competence has both

A. Stabilization

- **B.** Imitation
- C. Realization

D. Fossilization

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

34- Applied linguistics Is the academic discipline concerned with the relation of knowledge about language to in the real world.

<u>A. decision making</u> B. recruitment C. speech D. writing

35- is in many ways a natural phenomenon beyond conscious control.

A. TeachingB. Language useC. studyingD. Description

36- first language education when a child studies their home or languages.

A. language B. country C. land D. society

37- is the study and treatment of speech and communication impairments, whether hereditary developmental, or acquired (through injury, stroke, illness, or age)

A. SociolinguisticB. LexicographyC. Corpus linguisticD. Clinical linguistic

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

38. is the study of the relationship between linguistic choices and effects on literature

A. GenreB. literature stylisticC. Error AnalysisD. Discourse Analysis

39- is the planning and compiling of both monolingual and bilingual dictionaries and other language reference works such as thesauri.

A. Corpus linguistics
B. Theoretical linguistics
<u>C. Lexicography</u>
D. Discourse Analysis

40- Noam Chomsky introduced the term in 1950s onward.

A. Generative Linguistics B. Lexicography C. Psycholinguistics D. Forensic Linguistics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

الفصل الاول ١٤٣٩ هـ

1- Is at the heart of human life. Without it, many of our most important activities are inconceivable.

<u>A. Language</u> B. Applied linguistics C. Syntax D. Linguistics

2- Language Testing is the assessment and evaluating of language achievement and, both in first and additional languages, and for both general and specific purposes.

A. advocated B. Autonomy C. tendency D. proficiency

3. In the Direct Method, And First-language explanation were not possible. "

A. communication B. articulation <u>C. translation</u> D. assimilation

4- Neither explicit instruction nor conscious learning had any in the Natural Language learning approach "

A. hypothesis B. approach <u>C. effect</u> D. theory

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

5- Language planning is the making of decisions, often supported by legislation, about the official status of and their institutional use, including their use in education."

<u>A. languages</u> B. literature C. people D. letters

6- English for specific purposes (ESP) tries to develop the and discourse skills.

<u>A. Language</u> B. practice C. development D. teaching

7- The formal system of language are pronunciation,

A. speaking & listening
<u>B. grammar and vocabulary</u>
C. reading & writing
D. translating and literature.

8- Forensic linguistics is the deployment of linguistic in criminal and other legal investigations, for, example, to establish the authorship of a document, or a profile of a speaker from a tape-recording."

A. choices <u>B. evidence</u> C. series D. uses

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

9- In the late the sociolinguist Dell Hymes developed the communicative competence model

A. 1960s B. 1970s C. 1980s D. 1990s

10- successful communication according to Dell Hymes can be achieved by possibility, feasibility, and attestedness.

A. consciousness <u>B. appropriateness</u> C. limitedness D. objectiveness

11- Possibility means weather an instance conforms to the rules ofand pronunciation.

A. pragmatics B. phonology C. syntax D. grammar

12- Proficiency tests, diagnostic tests, Achievement tests, and language aptitude tests are examples of tests which are based on

A. purposes B. b- orientation and the way to test C. c- score interpretation D. d- response

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عابر

13- <u>TOEFL</u> and <u>IELTS</u> test are tests.

A. achievementB. placementC. diagnosticD. proficiency

14- In norm referenced tests, the selected is chosen by how well it discriminates among student.

A. format B. style <u>C. content</u> D. answer sheet

15- Which category of error treatment the example is talking about: " Learner: When I have 12 years old Teacher: No, not have, You mean, "When I was 12 years old"

A. clarification request B. metalinguistic feedback <u>C. explicit correction</u> D. elicitation

16- Linguistics favor description (saying what does happen) over , (saying what ought to happen)

A. demonstration B. application <u>C. prescription</u> D. prediction

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

17- Is speaking a new variety of English which depends neither on childhood acquisition nor on cultural identity, and is often used in communication in which no native speaker is involved.

A. English as a Second Language

B. English as a First Language

C. English as a Lingua France

D. English as an Additional Language

18- The way into the new language in the was always through the student's own first language.

A. Natural Language LearningB. Grammar Translation ApproachC. Direct MethodD. Communicative Method

19- The Was advocated in which the student's own languages were banished and everything was to be done through the language under instruction.

A. Communicative MethodB. Grammar Translation ApproachC. Natural Language LearningD. Direct Method

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٨ هـ

1- Lexicography is the planning and compiling of both monolingual and bilingual and other language reference works such as thesauri.

A. documents B. archives <u>C. dictionaries</u> D. references

2- Noam Chomsky introduced the term Generative Linguistics in onward.

A. 1960s B. 1980s C. 1950s D. 1990s

3- Linguistics is bound to represent idealization of language rather than the way it is experienced in the real world.

A. a solid B. a concrete C. a stable D. an abstract

4- Linguists' concern is knowledge as an end in itself rather than with action based upon that

<u>A. knowledge</u> B. prescription C. phenomenon D. activity

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

5- Native Speakers are considered to be people who acquired the language naturally and effortlessly in

A. adulthood <u>B. childhood</u> C. brotherhood D. neighborhood

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<u>A. discourse</u> B. paralanguage C. development D. grammar

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A. speaking & listening
<u>B. vocabulary</u>
C. reading & writing
D. translating and literature

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

13- In Chomsky's view, the newborn infantalready contains a Universal Grammar (UG).

<u>A. brain</u> B. exposure C. intelligence D. tongue

14- The sociolinguist Dell Hymes offeredin the late 1960s

- A. communicative competence B. Genre Theory C. Structuralism
- D. Behaviorism

15- Successful communication according to Dell Hymes can be achieved by possibility, feasibility, appropriateness, and

A. consciousness <u>B. attestedness</u> C. limitedness D. objectiveness

16- possibility means whether an instance conforms to the rules of grammar and

- A. Pronunciation B. Phonology.
- C. Syntax.
- D. Pragmatics.

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

17- A communicatively competent speaker may know the rules, be capable of following them, but nevertheless them deliberately

<u>A. break</u> B. understand C. apply D. amend

18-is a psychological concept concerned with limitations to what can be processed by the mind.

A. Consciousness B. Possibility <u>C. Feasibility</u> D. Attestedness

19- The man the girl the child saw talked to was from Saudi Arabia, is an example of

A. feasibility B. possibility C. appropriateness D. attestedness

20- The phrase " bread and butter " is an example of.....

A. feasibilityB. possibilityC. appropriatenessD. attestedness

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

A. Theoretical linguisticsB. Applied linguisticsC. Corpus AnalysisD. semantics

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تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

25- The purpose of proficiency test is to test global in a language

A. persistence B. existence C. consistence D. competence

26- Diagnostic tests should eliciton what students need to work in the future

A. conversation B. observation <u>C. information</u> D. confirmation

27- Achievement tests should be limited to particular material addressed in within a particular time frame

A. a curriculum B. scale C. language D. formula

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تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

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30- questions are moderately easy to write and easily scored

A. Essay B. Multiple-choice <u>C. True or false</u> D. WH

31- Essay questions can be used to measure order cognitive skills.

<u>A. higher</u> B. lower C. alphabetical D. moderate

32- Language competence test is a test that involves components of language such as vocabulary, and pronunciation

A. listening B. grammar C. writing D. Spelling

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

33- The selected in norm-referenced tests is chosen by how well it discriminates among students.

A. format B. style <u>C. content</u> D. answer sheet

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36- Literary Stylistics raises of how there is far more at stake in the use of language than the literal meaning of the words

A. Interests B. awareness C. spirits D. funds

37- If a bottle of milk is described as either '90% fast-free' or ' 10% fat' this an example related to

A. semanticsB. pragmaticsC. Critical Discourse AnalysisD. Linguistics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

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B. psycholinguist
C. sociolinguist
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A. Evaluation<u>B. cooperative learning</u>C. acquisitionD. development

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

42- Tabula rasa is a clean slate bearing no preconceived notions about the world or about

A. society <u>B. language</u> C. paralanguage D. context

43- competence is one's underlying of the system of a language

A. behavior B. interaction <u>C. knowledge</u> D. pattern

44- Cognitive information is usually conveyed by means of devices

A. Affective <u>B. linguistic</u> C. Positive D. assertive

45- is defined as the relatively permanent incorporation of incorrect linguistic forms into a person's second language competence

A. Stabilization

- **B.** Imitation
- C. Realization
- D. Fossilization \checkmark

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

46- Is the academic discipline concerned with the relation of knowledge about language to decision making in the real world.

A. Language PlanningB. Applied LinguisticsC. SyntaxD. Linguistics

47- Language use is in many ways a natural beyond conscious control.

A. knowledge B. study C. theory D. phenomenon

48- when a child studies their home language or languages.

A. first language education

B. second language education

C. foreign language education

D. additional language education

49- Clinical linguistics is the study and treatment of, whether hereditary developmental, or acquired (through injury, stroke, illness, or age)

A. speech and understanding

B. communication

C. speech and error analysis

D. speech and communication impairments

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

50. Literary stylistics is the study of the relationship between linguistic choices and effects on

A. language <u>B. literature</u> C. people D. letters

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٧ هـ

1- In the..... teachers and materials designers were urged to identify things learners need to do with the language (i.e. conduct a needs analysis) and simulate these in the classroom.

A. Grammar Translation Approach

B. Direct Method

C. Natural Language Learning

D. Communicative Method

2- in Task-Based instruction (TBI),is organized around tasks related to real-world activities

<u>A. Learning</u> B. acquisition C. development. D. Evaluation

3- According to, we are born with considerable preprogrammed knowledge of how language works

A. Applied LinguisticsB. Theoretical LinguisticsC. Language Testing.D. d-Forensic Linguistics

4- possibility means whether an instance conforms to the rules of grammar and

A. Pronunciation B. Phonology. C. Syntax. D. Pragmatics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

5. Feasibility is a concept concerned with limitation to what can be processed by the mind

A. Sociological.B. Psychological.C. biological.D. historical.

6- observes that a person who had only linguistic competence would be quite unable to communicate

<u>A. Dell Hymes.</u> B. Noam Chomsky. C. Henry sweet. D. John Swales.

7- A communicativelyspeaker may know the rules , be capable of following them, but nevertheless break them deliberately.

A. Competent B. Discontent C. Consistent D. Component

8- concern the relationship of language or behavior to context.

A. AttestednessB. PossibilityC. FeasibilityD. Appropriateness

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عابر

9- paralanguage means that when we speak we do not only communicate through.....

A. Words

B. Minds

C. Souls

D. Shapes

10-is term introduced by john swales

A. interferenceB. Conversation AnalysisC. Discourse AnalysisD. Genre

11- placement tests are examples of tests which are based on

<u>A. purposes</u> B. orientation and the way to test C. score interpretation D. response

12- Subjective & Objective tests are tests which are based on.....

A. purposesB. orientation and the way to testC. score interpretation

D. response

13. offer a checklist of features for the teacher to use in discovering difficulties

A. Achievement tests
B. Placement test
<u>C. Diagnostic test</u>
D. Proficiency test

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

14- Objective test refers to how well an individual can learn a foreign language in a given amount of

A. time

B. scale

C. formula

D. curriculum

15- the purpose of achievement tests is to do determine whether course object have been met with skills acquired by the end of a period of

•••••

<u>A. instruction</u> B. hypothesis C. theory D. approach

16- Multiple-choice tests are an example of

A. Objective tests B. Subjective tests C. Language Aptitude tests D. Speed tests

17- True or False question are limited primarily to testing of information and they are easy to guess correctly on many items.

A. activity <u>B. knowledge</u> C. phenomenon D. prescription

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

18- Essay questions are time consuming to administer and score, difficult to identify reliable criteria for scoring ,and only a limited range ofcan be sampled during any one testing period

A. format B. style <u>C. content</u> D. answer sheet

19- and performance language tests are examples of tests which are based on orientation the way to tests

A. Proficiency tests
<u>B. Language competence test</u>
C. Placement tests
D. Diagnostic tests

20- Direct testing is a test that the process to elicit students uses basic skill.

A. persistence B. existences C. consistences D. competences

21- Criterion-referenced tests determine what test takers, can do and what they know, not how theyothers

A. see each B. deal with each C. understand each D. compare to

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

22- A test which consisted of only three multiple choice items would not convince students of its face

A. reliabilityB. validityC. practicalityD. generalizability

23- Classical and operant conditioning, rote verbal learning, instrumental learning, discrimination learning are examples of

A. behavioral psychology B. cognitivism C. constructivism D. structural linguistics

24- in the decade of the 1960s emerged through the influencee of Noame Chomsky and a number of his followers.

A. generative transformational linguistics B. cognitive psychology C. biological D. historical

25- instead of focusing rather mechanistically on stimulus-response connections, cognitivists tried to discover principles of organization and functioning.

A. sociological <u>B. psychological</u> C. biological D. historical

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

26- A refreshing characteristic of is its integration of linguistic, psychological, and sociological paradigms?

A. behaviorismB. cognitive psychologyC. structuralismD. constructivism

27- one of the most popular concepts advanced by was the notion of the a zone of proximal development (ZPD) in every learner

A. Noam Chomsky <u>B. Vygotsky</u> C. Henry Sweet D. John Swales

28. L: I Lost my road.T: Oh ,yeah, i see ,you lost your way. and then what happened?This type of feedback is referred to as.....

A. metalinguistic feedbackB. elicitationC. clarification requestD. recast

29- Applied Linguistics is the academic discipline concerned with the relation of knowledge about language to.....in the real world.

A. decision making B. recruitment C. speech D. writing

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

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تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

38- Native speakers are considered to be people who acquired the language and effortlessly in childhood.

A. similarly B. manually <u>C. naturally</u> D. verbally

39- Linguists favor (saying what does happen) over , prescription (saying what ought to happen)

A. demonstration B. application <u>C. description</u> D. prediction

40- English as a Lingua France is speaking a new variety of English which depends neither on childhood acquisition nor on cultural, and is often used in communication in which no native speaker is involved.

A. authority B. affinity <u>C. identity</u> D. ambiguity

41- The way into the newin the Grammar Translation Approach was always through the students own first language.

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تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

42- the Direct Method was advocated in which the students own languages wereand everything was to be done through the language under instruction

A. taught B. encouraged C. allowed D. banished

43- in the Natural Language learning an adult learner can repeat the route toof the native speaking child.

A. deficiency B. agency <u>C. proficiency</u> D. occupancy

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

الفصل الاول ١٤٣٧ هـ

1- English for Specific Purposes (ESP) tries to develop the language andskills.

<u>A. discourse</u> B. paralanguage C. development D. grammar

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9- First-language explanation and were not possible in the Direct Method

A. communication B. articulation <u>C. translation</u> D. assimilation

10- is the planning and compiling of both monolingual and bilingual dictionaries and other language reference works such as thesauri

A. Corpus linguistics
B. Theoretical linguistics
<u>C. Lexicography</u>
D. Discourse analysis

11- say questions can be used to measure order cognitive skills

A. higher B. lower C. alphabetical D. moderate

12- questions are moderately easy to write and easily scored

A. Essay B. Multiple-choice <u>C. True or false</u> D. WH

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

13- In subjective tests the learners ability or performance are judged by opinion and judgment.

A. principals' B. invigilators' C. candidates' D. examiners'

14- competence is one's underlying of the system of a language

A. behavior B. interaction <u>C. knowledge</u> D. pattern

15- is in many ways a natural phenomenon beyond conscious control

A. Teaching <u>B. Language use</u> C. Studying D. Description

16- In Chomsky's view, the newborn infantalready contains a Universal Grammar (UG)

<u>A. brain</u> B. exposure C. intelligence D. tongue

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

17- Language competence test is a test that involves components of language such as vocabulary , and pronunciation

A. listening B. grammar

C. writing

D. Spelling

18- research concerned itself with both explaining and describing the process of acquiring a second language

A. Genre analyzingB. Corpus linguisticsC. PragmaticsD. Second Language Acquisition

19- Success was measured in the Grammar translation Approach in terms of the accurate use of grammar and

A. morphology B. vocabulary C. listening D. communication

20- Diagnostic tests should eliciton what students need to work in the future

A. conversationB. observation<u>C. information</u>D. confirmation

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

21-is a psychological concept concerned with limitations to what can be processed by the mind.

A. Consciousness B. Possibility <u>C. Feasibility</u> D. Attestedness

22- Linguists' concern is as an end in itself rather than with action based upon that knowledge

A. knowledge B. activity C. prescription D. phenomenon

23- first language education when a child studies their home

A. language B. country C. land D. society

24- Noam Chomsky introduced the term in 1950s onward.

A. Generative Linguistics B. Lexicography C. psycholinguistics D. Forensic Linguistics

25- The purpose oftest is to predict a person's success to exposure to the foreign language

A. Achievement <u>B. language aptitude</u> C. Proficiency D. Diagnostic

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

26- Possibility means weather an instance conforms to the rules of grammar and

A. pronunciation B. phonology C. syntax D. pragmatics

27- The sociolinguist Dell Hymes offered in the late 1960s

A. communicative competence B. Genre Theory C. Structuralism D. Behaviorism

28- The spread of English has generated intense interest in the study of and of second language acquisition

A. language assessmentB. neurolinguisticsC. lexicographyD. language pedagogy

29- is the study and treatment of speech and communication impairments, whether hereditary developmental, or acquired (through injury, stroke, illness, or age)

A. SociolinguisticB. LexicographyC. Corpus linguisticsD. Clinical linguistics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

30- selected in norm-referenced tests is chosen by how well it discriminates among students.

A. format B. style <u>C. content</u> D. answer sheet

31- Achievement tests should be limited to particular material addressed in within a particular time frame.

A. a curriculum B. scale C. language D. formula

32- Tabula rasa is a clean slate bearing no preconceived notions about the world or about

A. society <u>B. language</u> C. paralanguage D. context

33- is the study of the relationship between linguistic choices and effects on literature

A. Genre
<u>B. Literary stylistic</u>
C. Error analysis
D. Discourse analysis

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

34- The man the girl the child saw talked to was from Saudi Arabia, is an example of

<u>A. feasibility</u> B. possibility C. appropriateness D. attestedness

A. similarly B. manually <u>C. naturally</u> D. verbally

36- In structural linguistics Only "publicly observable response" could be subject to

A. informationB. investigationC. simulationD. standardization

37- The phrase " bread and butter " is an example of.....

A. feasibilityB. possibilityC. appropriatenessD. attestedness

38- A communicatively competent speaker may know the rules, be capable of following them, but nevertheless them deliberately

<u>A. break</u> B. understand C. apply D. amend

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

39- Literary Stylistics raises of how there is far more at stake in the use of language than the literal meaning of the words

A. Interests <u>B. awareness</u> C. spirits D. funds

40- If a glass is described as "half full" or "half empty" this is an example related to......

A. Semantics
B. Pragmatics
<u>C. Critical Discourse Analysis</u>
D. Linguistics

41- Successful communication according to Dell Hymes can be achieved by possibility, feasibility, appropriateness, and

A. consciousness <u>B. attestedness</u> C. limitedness D. objectiveness

42- The formal systems of language are pronunciation, grammar and

A. speaking & listening
<u>B. vocabulary</u>
C. reading & writing
D. translating and literature

43- If a test gives result it is reliable

A. persistent B. consistent C. different D. new

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

44- In The Natural Language Learning believed that neither explicit nor conscious learning had any effect.

A. hypothesis B. approach <u>C. instruction</u> D. theory

45- A test is valid if it tests what it is supposed to

<u>A. test</u> B. share C. mark D. master

46- Language Testing is the practice and study of evaluating theof an individual in using a particular language effectively

A. consistency <u>B. proficiency</u> C. deficiency D. frequency

47- The was interested not only in describing language but also in arriving at an explanatory level of adequacy in the study of language

<u>A. generative linguist</u>B. psycholinguistC. sociolinguistD. behavioral psychologist

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

48- is defined as the relatively permanent incorporation of incorrect linguistic forms into a person's second language competence

A. StabilizationB. ImitationC. RealizationD. Fossilization

A. Theoretical linguistics<u>B. Applied linguistics</u>C. Corpus AnalysisD. Semantics

50. Three areas of study which contribute to discourse analysis are paralanguage, pragmatics, and

A. genre studies B. translation C. literature D. stylistics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

الفصل الاول ١٤٣٧ هـ

1- tries to develop the language and discourse skills

A. English for Academic Purposes (EAP)

B. English for Specific Purposes (ESP)

C. English for Special Purposes (ESP)

D. English for Occupational Purposes (EOP)

2- Linguistics is bound to represent idealization of language rather than the way it is experienced in the real world.

A. a solid B. a concrete C. a stable D. an abstract

3- The purpose of is to test global competence in a language.

A. proficiency test B. placement test C. c achievement test D. diagnostic test

4- Is the academic discipline concerned with the relation of knowledge about language to decision making in the real world

A. Language Planning<u>B. Applied Linguistics</u>C. SyntaxD. Linguistics

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

5- Social constructivism emphasizes the importance of social interaction and cooperative learning in constructing both cognitive and images of reality

A. representationalB. personalC. fictionalD. emotional

6- In the, Language learning success is to be assessed by the ability to do things with the language, appropriately, fluently, and effectively

- A. Communicative Method
- B. The Direct Method
- C. Grammar Translation approach
- D. Natural language learning

7- conversations, consultations, lessons, emails, Web pages, brochures, prayers, news bulletins, stories, and jokes are examples of

A. linguistics
<u>B. genre</u>
C. pragmatics
D. paralanguage

8- information is usually conveyed by means of linguistic devices.

A. Negative B. Positive <u>C. Cognitive</u> D. affective

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

9- First-language explanation and translation were not possible in the

A. Natural Language Learning
<u>B. Direct Method</u>
C. Grammar Translation Approach
D. Communicative Method

10- Lexicography is the planning and compiling of both monolingual and bilingual and other language reference works such as thesauri.

A. references <u>B. dictionaries</u> C. archives D. documents

11- Essay questions can be used to measure higher order skills.

<u>A. cognitive</u> B. integrative C. interpretative D. communicative

12- True or false questions are moderately easy to write and easily

- A. understood B. structured <u>C. scored</u>
- D. designed

13- In subjective tests the learners ability or are judged by examiner's opinion and judgment.

A. performance B. look C. style D. system

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

14- is one's underlying knowledge of the system of a language.

A. practice B. interaction <u>C. competence</u> D. performance

15- Language use is in many ways a natural beyond conscious control.

A. knowledge B. study C. theory D. phenomenon

16- In Chomsky's view, the newborn infant brain already contains a

A. General intelligenceB. Universal Grammar (UG)C. Learning abilityD. Minimal exposure

17- Language competence test is a test that involves components of language such as vocabulary, grammar and

A. spelling B. writing <u>C. pronunciation</u> D. listening

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

18- Second Language Acquisition research concerned itself with both explaining and describing the process of a second language.

A. teaching <u>B. acquiring</u> C. overcoming D. learning

19- Success was measured in the Grammar Translation Approach in terms of the accurate use of

A. syntax and morphologyB. listeningC. grammar and vocabularyD. communication

20- should elicit information on what students need to work in the future

A. Achievement testsB. Proficiency testsC. Placement testsD. Diagnostic tests

21- Feasibility is a concept concerned with limitations to what can be processed by the mind.

A. grammatical B. sociological <u>C. psychological</u> D. morphological

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

22- Linguists' concern is knowledge as an end in itself rather than with action based upon that

<u>A. knowledge</u> B. prescription C. phenomenon D. activity

23- when a child studies their home language or languages.

A. first language education B. second language education C. foreign language education D. additional language education

24- Noam Chomsky introduced the term Generative Linguistics in onward.

A. 1960s B. 1980s <u>C. 1950s</u> D. 1990s

25- The purpose of language aptitude test is to a person's success to exposure to the foreign language

A. assess <u>B. predict</u> C. match D. estimate

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

26- Possibility means weather an instance conforms to the rules of

- A. grammar and pronunciation B. pragmatics
- C. phonology
- D. syntax and morphology

27- The sociolinguist Dell Hymes offered communicative competence in the late

A. 1980s B. 1990s C. 1970s D. 1960s

28- The spread of English has generated intense interest in the study of language pedagogy and of

A. First language learning

B. first language acquisition

C. second language learning

D. second language acquisition

29- Clinical linguistics is the study and treatment of, whether hereditary developmental, or acquired (through injury, stroke, illness, or age).

A. speech and understandingB. communicationC. speech and error analysis

D. speech and communication impairments

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

30- Content selected in norm-referenced tests is chosen by how well it among students.

A. communicate B. achieve <u>C. discriminates</u> D. refers

31- should be limited to particular material addressed in a curriculum within a particular time frame.

A. Diagnostic testsB. Proficiency testsC. Placement testsD. Achievement tests

32- is a clean slate bearing no preconceived notions about the world or about language.

A. Lingua francaB. ParalanguageC. Second Language AcquisitionD. Tabula rasa

33- Literary stylistic is the study of the relationship between linguistic choices and effects on

A. language <u>B. literature</u> C. people D. Letters

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

34- The cheese the rat the cat the dog the man beat saw chased ate was green is an example of

A. possibilityB. attestednessC. appropriatenessD. feasibility

35- Native Speakers are considered to be people who acquired the language naturally and effortlessly in

A. adulthoodB. childhoodC. brotherhoodD. neighborhood

36- In Only "publicly observable response" could be subject to investigation

A. structural linguistics B. cognitivism C. behavioral psychology D. constructivism

37- The phrase "chips and fish" is an example of

A. feasibilityB. possibilityC. appropriatenessD. attestedness

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

38- A communicatively competent speaker may know the, be capable of following them, but nevertheless break them deliberately.

A. steps <u>B. rules</u> C. ideas D. problems

39- raises awareness of how there is far more at stake in the use of language than the literal meaning of the words

A. Literary Stylistics B. Psycholinguistics C. Applied Linguistics D. Sociolinguistics

40- If a glass is described as "half full" or "half empty" this is an example related to.....

A. Critical Discourse Analysis

B. Semantics

C. Pragmatics

D. Linguistics

41- Successful communication according to Dell Hymes can be achieved by.....

A. appropriateness, and attestedness

B. possibility, and feasibility

C. possibility, feasibility, and appropriateness

D. possibility, feasibility, appropriateness, and attestedness

42- The formal systems of language are

A. translation and literatureB. pronunciation, grammar and vocabularyC. speaking & listening

C. speaking & instering

D. reading & writing

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

43- If a test gives consistent result it is

A. Valid B. Practical

C. Reliable

D. Useful

D. Useful

44- The believed that neither explicit instruction nor conscious learning had any effect.

A. Direct MethodB. Communicative MethodC. Grammar translation ApproachD. Natural Language Learning

45- A test is if it tests what it is supposed to test.

<u>A. valid</u> B. practical C. reliable D. useful

46- is the practice and study of evaluating the proficiency of an individual in using a particular language effectively.

A. Language Teaching B. Language Planning C. Language Learning D. Language Testing

تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر

47- The generative linguist was interested not only in describing language but also in arriving at an explanatory level of in the study of language.

<u>A. adequacy</u> B. importance C. discovery D. observation

48- The relatively permanent incorporation of incorrect linguistic forms into a person's second language competence has been referred to as

A. imitationB. fossilizationC. stabilizationD. realization

49- In order to give a systematic description of context, Applied linguistics has drawn upon, and also developed

A. corpus analysis
<u>B. discourse analysis</u>
C. sociolinguistics
D. semantics

50- Three areas of study which contribute to discourse analysis are

A. applied linguistics, pragmatics, and literature

B. paralanguage, pragmatics, and stylistics

C. linguistics, translation, and genre studies

D. paralanguage, pragmatics, and genre studies





تنسيق و اشراف: مجرد عآبر