

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم
كويز أسئلة اختبار ظهور الرواية الفصل الاول 1439 هـ ..
[أسئلة اختبار - ظهور الرواية - د/ وصفي الشقيرات]

1) Happened between 1789 and 1799, its motto was: liberty, equality and fraternity

- **The French Revolution**
- The Scientific Revolution
- The Bolshevik Revolution
- The Industrial Revolution

2) During the eighteenth century continental Europe, and North America were scenes of four enormous revolutions.

- Mexico
- **Britain**
- Bulgaria
- India

3) - " We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" The above quote is taken from

- **The American Declaration of Independence**
- The Bible
- The Federalist Papers
- The Independent Journal

4) England, according to many historians was a purely rural and agricultural society in the

- 20th Century
- **Middle Ages**
- Restoration Age
- Victorian Age

5) One of the following points is Not a passive effect of the Industrial revolution

- environmental pollution
- poor health conditions
- Materialism
- **interest in education**

6) Where was no creativity in the Middle Ages; people were told everything needed by the Church

- Protestant
- Presbyterian
- **Catholic**
- Anglican

7) by the end of the Middle Ages , had gradually started to replace religion in explaining the different phenomena of the universe.

- Mythology
- literature
- **science**
- magic

8) - In his poem " Ode on -----" alexander pops summarizes the time before the 18th century saying:" happy man whose wish and care a few paternal acres bound , content to breathe his native air , in his own ground "

- **solitude**
- Seclusion
- Loneliness
- Isolation

9) The ages, as intellectual movement in Europe, advocated reason as the primary basis of authority

- Restoration
- **Enlightenment**
- Romantic
- Elizabethan

10) Augustan literature witnessed a rapid development of the -, the mutation of drama , and the evolution of poetry.

- Short story
- epic
- novella
- **novel**

11) The Augustan period show less literature of religious controversy than the Restoration. However, there were few puritan writers like

- **Daniel Defoe**
- Joseph Conard
- Jonathan Swift
- Lawrence Sterne

12) in the political philosophy, ideology, social outlook stresses " the moral worth of thy individual " .

- Collectivism
- Socialism
- **individualism**
- Realism

13) when Robins Crusoe deals with anyone , we understand that his own good desire come first and that he does not listen even to the evidence of his

- **parents**
- friends
- teachers
- priests

14) Throughout the west, and in other parts of the world as well, the novel has been the most popular literary form of the last years.

- 150
- **250**
- 450
- 550

15) The novel was established as literary form in England in the 18th century through the work of Daniel Defoe , Samuel Richardson, and

- Charles Dickens
- Jane Austin
- **Henry Fielding**
- Thomas Hardy

16) The English novel as literary form has two major dimensions: one sociological, the other.....

- economical
- political
- religious

- **psychologically**

17) almost all of the greatest English novels of 18th century can be described as stories

- **love**

- nature

- religion

- science

18) In the English novel tradition, a sense of-----prevails, virtue is rewarded and the vice is punished

- conflict

- plot

- **poetic justice**

- emotion

19), frictionality, length and prose are the four main features related to the novel as a genre

- Artificiality

- Measurability

- **Originality**

- Objectivity

20) The characters in a/an are sketched broadly _handsome prince, beautiful princess_ and my include larger than life figures, such as giants and wizards.

- Novel

- Drama

- Epic

- **Romance**

21) Due the influence of Ian Watt's seminal study in literary sociology, The Rise of the novel: studies in Defoe ,Richardson and Fielding(1957) is considered to be the first English novel.....

- **Robinson Crusoe**

- Moll Flanders

- Oroonoke

- Pamela

22) A Thousand and One Nights in a/an Considered as one of the major precursors to the novel

- Greek epic
- **Oriental Tales**
- Medieval romance
- Elizabethan prose fiction

23) The English novel emerged in the early 18th century and took shape during period of convulsive social ,political,and economic change.That period, developed the world's first capitalist economy.

- France
- America
- **England**
- Spain

24) In the 18th century, the English society was a ,with clear divisions between rich and poor, but those at the top were able and willing to accept responsibility for the welfare of those at or near the bottom.

- radical
- democratic
- Communist
- **hierarchical**

25) Pamela's ending was a-----one; The ending of the novel suggests that Richardson was hoping not merely to reflect social change but also to influence it.

- cruel
- **comedic**
- tragic
- complex

26) By 1750, it was clear that a new literary form had begun to take shape in England. Although critics did not agree on what to call the new form, they believe that it was distinguished by its use of situations and setting

- **realistic**
- romantic
- metaphysical
- virtual

27) A novel is an early form of novel, usually a first person narrative , relating the adventure of a rouge or lowborn adventurer

- satirical
- regional
- historical
- **picaresque**

28) The historical novel usually attempts to convey a sense of historical

- anachronism
- allusion
- **verisimilitude**
- irony

29) (1764) is a gothic novel written by Horace Walpole

- **The Castle of Otranto**
- Tristram Shandy
- Gulliver's Travels
- Waverley

30) - In 1800 , the population of London was around That number would swell to 4.5 million by 1880

- **one million**
- half a million
- two million
- three million

31) Early in the Victorian Era, The merchants and manufacturers of the middle class promoted

- socialism
- **laissez faire**
- humanism
- feminism

32) The falling action of Great Expectations happened in the period following Magwitch's capture in chapter.....

- 36
- 50

- 59

- **54**

33) The of great Expectations is comic, cheerful, satirical, and wry

- foreshadowing

- **tone**

- setting

- point of view

34) To help his family, Dickens was sent to work in a This job seemed to scare something in the young Dickens perhaps showing him how easily one's hopes and ambitions could be cast aside by circumstances

- court

- prison

- **factory**

- farm

35) What does pip come across in the churchyard .

- A snake

- His brother in law

- **An escaped convict**

- His teacher

36) What happened when Mrs, Joe is attacked

- Joe wants revenge on her attackers

- **She gets being damage and is disabled**

- she died on the spot

- Joe gets into a fight with Orlick

37) What is pip's Christian name ?

- Peter Philips

- **Philip Pirrip**

- Pipper Phillips

- Paul pirrip

38) Why does miss Havisham rise up Estella

- Estella is the daughter of Miss Havisham's dead friend

- Estella is an lonely

- **Miss Havisham want to take revenge of all men**

- Miss Havisham loves children

39) The Aged parent kind, and very deaf, old father

- **Wemmick's**

- Pip's

- Orlick's

- Joe's

40) Compeyson is tied to Miss Havisham as being considered

- **her old fiancé**

- her old friend

- Estella's uncle

- Her half-brother

41) Matthew Pocket is frazzled of pip , but he is kind hearted In London .

- driver

- janitor

- gardener

- **tutor**

42) one of the following is a major character in Great Expectations

- Biddy

- Jaggers

- **Trabb**

- Mr. Joe

43) By the end of the novel, pip comforts Magwitch by tilling him about-1

- he is thankful for his financial help

- **his daughter Estella is alive**

- he will go after Compeyson

- he will talk to the judge to save his life

44) - In chapter (31) of Great Expectations, Mr. Wopsle appears in a play acts as
..... ,the prince of Denmark.

- **Hamlet**

- Othello

- Macbeth

- Lear

45) one of the following is not a main theme in Great Expectations

- **Colonialism**

- Crime and guilt

- Social class

- Self-improvement

46) is an inn in Pip's village where he often stays on his visits home

- **The Blue Boar**

- Walworth

- The Temple

- Hammersmith

47) Great Expectations boasts a carefully designed structure in emergent stages. The simplicity of childhood memories in story reflected the generally direct narrative style.

- four

- five

- two

- **three**

48) It would have been of Miss Havisham, horribly cruel, to practice on thy susceptibility of a poor boy, and to torture me through all these years with a vain hope and an idle pursuit. The missing word of the above quote from Great Expectations is...

- harsh

- **cruel**

- painful

- tough

49) Why are Mrs. Joe and Pumblechook existed for Pip to play at Havisham's sister's house?

- They think that Miss Havisham will entertain him

- They think that Miss Havisham will let him marry Estella

- They think that Miss Havisham will educate him

- **They think that Miss Havisham will make him rich**

50) By the end of the novel, Pip comforts Magwitch by telling him about-

- he is thankful for his financial help
- **his daughter Estella is alive**
- he will go after Compeyson
- he will talk to the judge to save his life

51) تم بفضل الله الانتهاء من كتابة الكويز , ان اصبت فمن الله و ان اخطأت فمني و من الشيطان , و بالتوفيق للجميع , و فالكم +A ..

- سبحان الله

- الحمد لله

- لا اله الا الله

- الله اكبر

- سبحان الله و الحمد لله و لا اله الا الله و الله اكبر