أسئلة 1440 هـ الفصل الأول- علم اللغة الاجتماعي

1)	Applied linguistics a branch	of	Where we	study how	to learn and	d to teach
	different languages.					
	3					

✓ Linguistics

اللغوبات التطبيقية هي فرع من اللغويات حيث ندرس كيفية تعلم وتعليم لغات مختلفة

علم اللغة الاجتماعي دراسة العلاقة بين اللغة والمجتمع

- 2) The study of relation between language and society
 - a. **Sociolinguistics**
 - b. Artificial Building
 - c. art intelligence
 - d. Artificial intelligence
- 3) the sound of our language?
 - ✓ Phonemes

أصوات لغتنا ؟ الصوتيات

4) refers to Grammatical rules which determine how words can be combined into phrase and sentence.

a. Syntax

- b. Phonemes
- c. Lexical items

يشير إلى القواعد النحوية التي تحدد كيفية دمج الكلمات في العبارات والجمل

بناء الجملي

- 5) the purpose is to transmit accurate or non-ambiguous information
 - d. Referential

الغرض هو نقل معلومات دقيقة أو غير غامضة -المرجعين

- 6) Choose the example that expresses the affective use of language:
 - a. It is very hot to day.
 - b. Wow, she is very beautiful
 - c. Go to the end of the road.
 - d. Put those books on the table

اختر المثال الذي يعبر عن الاستخدام العاطفي للغة:

واو ، إنها جميلت جدا

- 7) There is more than one of English: , e.g Indian English, American English
 - a. Variety
 - b. Language

c. Verb

d. Terminology

هناك أكثر من مجموعة متنوعين من الإنجليزية مثل. الهندية الإنجليزية، الانجليزية الأمريكية

تجميع الأسئلة من ملف ،مجرد عابر

ترجمة: مزون

8) power is the ability of its holder to Other people to their will.					
✓ Force compliance	القوة هي قدرة أصحابها على إجبار الأخرين على الطاعة بإرادتهم				
	er to stop criminals or thieves and make them				
✓ comply with the law	يمكن لمكتب الشرطة استخدام القوة لوقف المجرمين أو اللصوص وجعلها متوافقة مع القانون				
10) Ferdinand de Saussure (1a. <u>Swiss</u>b. Syrian	857-1913) was alinguist کان فردیناند دي سوسير (1857-1913) لغويا سويسريا				
c. British d. American					
	owledge of the Between sound and meaning				
which make up our language ✓ Systematic Correspon	ا اکتسان اللفة به معافتنا الفطانة العماسلات الاختلف قا				
a. Power b. Langue c. Parole d. Bail	f language in both speech and writing ممارست اللغة مو الاستخدام الفعلي للغة في كل من الخطابة والكتابة				
13) Signs do not exist in isolation, but in systems of a. Associative relationship b. Social relationship					
c. Society relationshipd. Assertive relationship	لا توجد إشارات في العزل، ولكن في أنظمة العلاقة الترابطية				
14) language affects the ✓ thought processes	of its speakers اللغة تؤثر على عمليات التفكير لدى المتحدثين بها				
15) example presupposes that	at the listener has really killed his wife?				
✓ why did you kill your v					
16) example presupposes that	at people are not currently free?				
✓ We want to set people	على سبيل المثال يفترض أن الناس ليسوا أحرارا حاليا؟				
ترجمت: مزون	تجميع الأسئلة من ملف ،مجرد عابر				

17) implicature depends on Between the speaker and the hearer

√ Shared knowledge

يعتمد المضمون على المعرفة المشتركة بين المتحدث والمستمع

18) rhetoric: is group of rules that speakers/writers adhere to so that express

themselves with

البلاغة: هي مجموعة من القواعد التي يتبعها المتحدثين / الكتاب للتعبير عن أنفسهم بهلاغت

✓ Eloquence

19) metaphor is a way comparing between two Concept.

✓ Different

الاستعارة هي طريقة للمقارنة بين مفهومين مختلفت

20) example of metaphor?

a. He was a lion in battle

b. The room was like an oven

c. Her hair is golden silk

d. He was like a lion in the battle

مثال على الاستعارة؟ كان أسد في المعركة

21) example of personification?

a. Germany is the conductor of the orchestra

b. This room is an Ove

c. Her hair was golden silk

d. The room was like an oven

مثال على التجسيد؟ ألمانيا هي قائد الأوركسترا

22) Euphemism in which we uses mild or inoffensive language to

a. make something seem more negative than it actually appears

b. make everything seem less positive than it actually appears

الكناية هي اداة بلاغية وهي تستخدم لغة لطيفة وغير مؤذية **لجعل الشيء يبدو اكثرإيجابي** أكثر مما هو عليه في الواقع

- c. make something seem more positive than it actually appears.
- d. make something seem less positive than it actually appears

23) the term Is used to hide the fact of forcing civilians to move out of their homes because they belong to specific ethnic group

a. Flaming debate

b. Passing away

c. Non-ethnic cleaning

d. Ethnic cleansing

مصطلح "التطهير العرقي" يستخدم لإخفاء حقيقة إجبار المدنيين على الخروج من منازلهم لأنهم ينتمون إلى مجموعة عرقية محددة

a. The rule of three b. Euphemism c. Parallelism. d. Paralysis 25) Politicians usewhen they want to draw attention to a particular part of their message ✓ parallel structures 26) pronouns are device which can be used by either to emphasize or to obscure 7 Responsibility 27) "he told me later that" this example of third hand source of information because the ✓ Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify 18) which of the following jobs is gender – eneutral? a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Chairperson d. Chairman 29) which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	24) rhetorical device where a statement is divided into three parts or point						
c. Parallelism. d. Paralysis 25) Politicians usewhen they want to draw attention to a particular part of their message ✓ parallel structures 26) pronouns are device which can be used by either to emphasize or to obscure		قانون الثلاثة: هي أدارة بلاغية حيث يقسم التصريح إلى ثلاثة أجزاء ونقاط					
d. Paralysis 25) Politicians usewhen they want to draw attention to a particular part of their message Parallel structures	•	3 3.					
25) Politicians usewhen they want to draw attention to a particular part of their message / parallel structures 26) pronouns are device which can be used by either to emphasize or to obscure Responsibility 27) "he told me later that" this example of third hand source of information because the / Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify [الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل							
message / parallel structures 26) pronouns are device which can be used by either to emphasize or to obscure							
26 pronouns are device which can be used by either to emphasize or to obscure and agency. ** Responsibility** ** Responsibili	25) Politicians usewhen	they want to draw attention to a particular part of their					
26) pronouns are device which can be used by either to emphasize or to obscure	message	يستخدم السياسيون هياكل موازية عندما يرغبون في لفت الانتباه إلى جزء خاص من رسالتهم					
and agency. Responsibility The told me later that" this example of third hand source of information because the Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify Which of the following jobs is gender — eneutral? a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Chairperson d. Chairman Which of the following job is gender-specific? Policeman Policeman Policeman Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify Which of the following jobs is gender — eneutral? a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Policeman Policeman Policeman Policeman Policeman Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify Which of the following jobs is gender — eneutral? Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	✓ parallel structures	<u> </u>					
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## told me later that" this example of third hand source of information because the ## Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify ### Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify #### ### Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify ##### ############################		الضمائر هي الجهاز الذي يمكن استخدامه إما للتأكيد أو لحجب المسؤولين والوكالة					
the Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify Reported information is difficult to retrieve or verify Which of the following jobs is gender — eneutral? a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Chairperson d. Chairman 29) which of the following job is gender-specific? Policeman Policeman Policeman 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	<u>Responsibility</u>						
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### which of the following jobs is gender — eneutral? a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Chairperson d. Chairman ###################################	-						
على المناف التالية هي محايدة للجنس؟ a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Chairperson d. Chairman 29) which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	✓ Reported information is	s difficult to retrieve or verify					
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a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Chairperson d. Chairman 29) which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation 9, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 9, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 9, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 9, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 9, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 9, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 9, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ↑ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ↑ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ↑ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ↑ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ↑ Policeman 10, which of the following job is gender-specific? ↑ Policeman 10, which of the follo	عنها يصعب استرجاعها او التعصق منها	قابي في في وقت سابق هذا المثال مصدر المعلومات الثالث في المعلومات الثاني في المعلومات الثاني في المراج بالر					
a. Waitress b. Saleswomen c. Chairperson d. Chairman 29) which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation 9 years a sale in the limit of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation							
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c. Chairperson d. Chairman 29) which of the following job is gender-specific? ✓ Policeman 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation							
d. Chairman 29) which of the following job is gender-specific? √ Policeman 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation		اي من الوظائف التالية هي محايدة للجنس ؟					
على المنطق التالية معددة حسب الجنس؟ Policeman Polic	<u></u>	رئيس					
الشرطي أي من الوظائف التالية محددة حسب الجنس؟ 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	d. Chairman						
الشرطي المنافف التالية محددة حسب الجنس؟ 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	29) which of the following job is	s gender-specific ?					
الشرطي: عرب الجنس؟ 30)refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation							
indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	<u> </u>	أي من الوظائف التالية محددة حسب الجنس؟					
indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation		الشرطي					
indication of what part of the country the speaker came from. a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation							
a. Advanced RP b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation	•						
b. Classical Arabic c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation		country the speaker came from.					
c. Vernacular d. Dialectal pronunciation		النطق المتقبل يشير إلى اللهجة المستخدمة من قبل المتعلمين					
d. Dialectal pronunciation		والأثرباء. ولم تعط أي إشارة إلى البلد الذي ينتمي إليه المتكلم					
تحميد الأسئانة منه ماف عمد عادر	a. Dialectal profitation						
تحميد الأسئلة منه ماف محمد عاد							
تحميد الأسئلة منه مافي وحدد عادر							
تحميد الأسئلة منه مافي بمحرد عادر							
تحميم الأسئلة منه ماف بهجره عادر							
	ترجمت: مزون	تجميع الأسئلة من ملف ،مجرد عابر					

- a. People whose voices and opinions are usually head on television
- b. People whose voices have always dominated the media

أحد أسباب السماح للجمهور بالمشاركة في وسائل الإعلام هو فتح المجال للوصول إلى نطاق عام هام للأشخاص الذين لا يتم عادة سماع أصواتهم وأرائهم على التلفزيون

- c. People whose voices and opinions are not usually heard on television
- d. The voice of institutional representatives to be privileged over the voices

32) while the term "sex" refers to a biological category, the term "gender" refers to a category, which is associated with certain behavior

- a. Political
- b. Economic
- c. **Social**
- d. Religious

بينما يشير مصطلح "جنس" إلى فئة بيولوجية ، يشير مصطلح "نوع" إلى الفئة **الاجتماعين**، التي ترتبط بسلوك معين

33) The most Common stereotypes about women's speech is that

- a. men talk a lot
- b. women talk a little
- c. women talk a lot
- d. women talk quickly

أكثر الصور النمطية الشائعة حول خطاب المرأة هي أن النساء يتحدثن كثيرًا

34) when used before the name of female, the title "...." does not reveal martial status

- a. Miss.
- b. **Ms.**
- c. Mrs.
- d. Madame

عندما تستخدم قبل اسم الإناث ، فإن اللقب "MS" لا يكشف عن الحالة الاجتماعية

35) The use of modal auxiliary verbs , e.g. should , would , could , may and might can be used to indicate that one

- a. Wants to sound completely certain about something
- b. Doesn't want to make grammatical mistakes when you speak or write

استخدام الأفعال المساعدة الشرطية ، مثل. (ينبغي ،سيكون ، يمكن ، ، ربما) يمكن أن تستخدم للإشارة إلى أن المرء لا يريد أن يبدو

متأكدا تماما من شيء ما

- c. Doesn't want to sound as belonging to a specific minority group
- d. Doesn't want to sound completely certain about something

36) While ethnic majority refers to......, ethnic minority refers to members of minority groups.

a. A group which has a socially subordinate culture

b. A group which has a socially oriented lecture

- c. A subgroup which has dominant agriculture
- d. A group which has a socially dominant culture

وبينما تشير الأغلبية العرقية إلى مجموعة ذات ثقافة مهيمنة اجتماعياً، فإن الأقلية العرقية تشير إلى أفراد مجموعات الأقليات.

37) An example ofIs 'a small islander " which refers to people who have migrated from poorer and smaller islands.

- a. Positive labeling
- b. Relative spelling
- c. Negative labeling
- d. Causative expelling

مثال على العلامات السلبيت هو "جزيرة صغيرة" حيث نشير إلى الأشخاص الذين هاجروا من جزر أفقر وأصغر حجما.

38) The "English First" movement views multilingualism as.......

- a. Cheap and effective
- b. Lofty and infective
- c. Costly and ineffective
- d. Faulty and imperfective

حركة "الإنجليزية الأولى" تعتبر تعدد اللغات مكلف وغير فعال

39) child directed language (CDL) can sometimes be called

- a. old mama talk or factories
- b. Baby talk or motherese
- c. Baby chalk or ministries
- d. Baby folk or smoothies

يمكن أن تسمى لغة الأطفال المباشرة (CDL) في بعض الأحيان حديث الطفل أو الأم

40) one characteristic of.....is calling the child by name, often using a 'pet name or term of endearment

- a. The over-sixty-fives
- b. Male teenagers
- c. Child directed language
- d. Chairwomen

إحدى خصائص لغم الطفل المباشرة في استدعاء الطفل بالاسم، وغالبا ما تستخدم اسم "الحيوانات الأليفة" أو مصطلح التحبيب

41) Experiments have shown that speakers with an 'elderly' voice tend to be rated as

.....more often than speakers with younger voice:

✓ <u>vulnerable</u>, forgetful and incompetent

أظهرت التجارب أن المتكلمين الذين يتمتعون بصوت "مسن" يميلون إلى تصنيفهم على أنهم ضعفاء ونسيان وغير كفء بين أكثر من المتكلمين الذين لديهم أصوات أصغر سنا.

42) accent which differ only in, dialects differ in their grammatical

✓ Pronunciation

اللهجات التي تختلف فقط في **النطق**، تختلف اللهجات في بنائها النحوية

ترجمة: مزون

تجميع الأسئلة من ملف ،مجرد عابر

43)	in hamlet, Shakespeare shows that hamlet's speech is much more poetic than that
0	of the gravediggers hamlet poetic language suggests a character's

- a. Uneducated background and socially inferior position
- b. Economic background and religiously superior institution

يظهر شكسبير في مسرحية هاملت أن خطاب هامليت شاعري أكثر من خطاب حفاري القبور. فاللغة الشاعرية تدل على شخصية ذو خلفيت متعلمت ومكانتها الاجتماعية الراقية

- c. Educated background and socially superior position
- d. Emigrated background and syntactically interior position

44)	The giving of a	. can indicate	the acceptance	of an	individual	into a	particular
CI	ulture.						

- a. Fame
- b. Game
- c. Name
- d. Aim

إعطاء اسم يمكن يشير إلى قبول الفرد في ثقافة معينة.

45) Children's playground practice of ,calling someone names' a powerful resource for a dominant group to enforce their dominance and......others

- a. Maximize
- b. Memories
- c. Marginalize
- d. Modernize

ممارسة الأطفال في الملاعب ، أو الاتصال بأسماء شخص ما ، تعد مصدرًا قويًا لمجموعة

مهيمنة لفرض سيطرتهم وتهميش الآخرين

- 46) According to sacks 1995, we do not always control the categories people use to define our.....
 - a. Indemnity
 - b. Inequity
 - c. Integrity
 - d. **Identity**

وفقاً لساك لعام 1995 ، فإننا لا نتحكم دائمًا في الفئات التي يستخدمها

الأشخاص لتحديد هويتنا

- 47) Accent can be used to denote lack of intelligence with the stereotypical image of the "country bumpkin"
 - ✓ Countryside

يمكن استخدام لهجات الريف للدلالة على عدم وجود ذكاء مع الصورة النمطية للبلد الريفي.