Read the text (the passage), and then answer the questions:

People all over the world eat rice. Millions of people in Asia, Africa and South America eat it every day of their lives. Some people eat almost nothing but rice. Rice is a kind of grass. There are more than seven thousand kinds of rice. Farmers grow rice in many countries, even in the southern part of the United States and in eastern Australia.

No one really knows where rice came from. Some scientists think that it started to grow in two places. They think that one kind of rice grew in southern Asia thousands of years ago. Someone in China wrote about it almost 5,000 years ago. Another kind probably grew in West Africa. Other scientists think that rice came from India, and Indian travelers took it to other parts of the world.

There are two main ways to grow rice. Upland rice grows in dry soil. Most rice grows in the wet soil. People in many countries do all of the work of growing rice by hand. This is the same way farmers worked hundreds of years ago. In some countries, people now use machines on their rice farms. The farmers all use fertilizer. Some insects are enemies of rice. Farmers poison them.

People use every part of the rice plant. <u>They</u> make animals feed and rice oil from it. They also make baskets, brooms, rugs, sandals and roofs for their houses. They burn dry rice plants in fires for cooking.

1- Where do people eat rice?

- A-In the southern part of the United States
- B- In eastern Australia
- C- In different parts of the world



2.	How	many	kinds	of	rice	are	there?

- A. More than 5000 kinds
- B. More than 6000 kinds
- C. More than 7000 kinds

3. Where does upland rice grow?

- A. In dry soil
- B. In wet soil
- C. Both A and B

4-What do people do to the dry rice plants?

- A. They eat them.
- B. They burn them.
- C. They feed them to animals.

5- What can people make from the rice plant?

- A. baskets and brooms
- B. rugs and sandals and roofs for their houses
- C. baskets, brooms, rugs, sandals and roofs for their houses

Where did rice come from?

- A. From India.
- B. From China
- C. No one really knows.

2. What kind of plant is rice?

- A. tree
- B. coffee
- C. grass

3. What do the farmers do to some insects?

- A. kill rice
- B. poison them
- C. use them

9. The underlined pronoun "They" refers to:

- A. rice.
- B. insects.
- C. people.

10. Why do people burn dry rice in fires?

- A. for eating.
- B. for making rugs.
- C. for cooking.



Vocabulary Section

. It's hard to	before a test
. It s hard to	Delote a test

4. Anas was born 23 years _____. He is 23 years old.

A. connect يرصل

a. ago

B. relax يستريح

b. stone

C. yawn سِنَائب

c. feed

2- The earth is round. It around the sun.

A. evaporates بتبخر

B. moves تتحرك

يختلط او ينوب C. mix

3-An _____ speaks two languages.

A. hearing-impaired يعاني من مشاكل بالسمع

B. interpreter منرجم

كل للخر C. each other كل للخر

Burn	بحرق	Date palm	شجرة التمر	southern	چنوبي	wood	خثب	leaves	اوراق الشجر
grow	ينمو او يزرع	feed	يطعم	Art museum	متحف فني	ago	قبل او ماضي	wonderful	رائع
basket	سلة	stone	حجر	broom	مكنسة	grass	عثب	probably	ممكن
West	غرب	rice	رز	rug	سجادة	eastern	شرقي	soil	تربة
sandal	صندل	even	حئی	roof	سقف	insects	حشرات	By hand	باليد

half	تصف	produce	ينتج	typically	عادة او غائبا	modern	حدیث او جدید	chance	فرصة او احتمالية
pick	يقطف	protect	يحمي	unfortunately	لسوء الحظ	countries	دول	both	کد
sign	اشارة او لوحة	weigh	يزن	stars	نجوم	stomach	معدة	feeling	شعور

المتضادات (the opposite) المتضادات

High	Low	bored	intereste
Same	Different		d
long	Short	large	small
Big	Small	quickly	slowly
True	False	enemy	friend
Hot	Cold	difficult	easy
Inside	Outside	hate	love
warm	cool	cheap	expensiv
up	down		е
-	ني والتعليم عن بعد	collect	Pass out
D	eanship of E-Learning ar	heat	cold

whole	کل ک
believe	يعتقد او يؤمن
dance	يرقص

southern northern

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There	ic	/ there	are
mere	13	Lilere	arc

- There singular (مفرد) a
- There _____ plural (جمع) are نضع
 - اذا كان في الجملة there is نضع ا
 - اذا كان في الجملة there are نضع

- There a car in the garage.
- A. is B. am C. are
- There _____ some beautiful cars in the garage.
- B. am A.is C. are
- There is a room in my house. is white.
- A. It B. They C. She
- There are some beds in the room. do not have blankets.



B. They C. She

-er person: verb +er

- Keiko is an She speaks both Arabic and English. Interpreter	
- Mr. and Mrs. Clark are They have a large cotton farm. farmers	
- Kadhim Alsaher is a famous He sings in the Arab World. Singer	
 In the morning class, five students speak Arabic. In the afternoon class, there are seven Speakers 	Arabic
- Adel is not a good He talks all the time and does not listen. Listener	
- Messi is a very good soccer player	
Compound Words: word + word = wordword(one word)	
- Gina likes fish and other seafood	
- Read each sentence. Put a circle around the subject the verb. Underline	ž
- Most people work during the Some work at night. daytime	
- Be careful when you drive . If the is red, you must stop. stoplight	
- People eat in the dinning room. They sleep in the hedroom	



Simple Past

عند وجود احد هذه الدلالات في الجملة نستخدم التصريف الثاني للفعل (الماضي).

Last + time (last week/last night/ last month / last year/ last Friday/ last Monday/ last June..... Ago / yesterday / in the past / this morning / in + سنة ماضية (in 2009 / in 1437.....

-يقسم تصريف الفعل الى نوحين : منتظم و غير منتظم - المنتظم فقط نضيف له (ed/d)

work — worked open — opened change — changed

rule 1-1-1 (Plan ______ planned) (shop ______shopped)

الافعال غير منتظمه ليس لها قاعدة

come	came	teach	Taught	make	made	take	took	be	Wasمفرد Wereجمع
become	became	think	thought	eat	ate	grow	grew	win	won

21. Mohammed and Ali	grammar
two days ago.	Felt alail
A. studies	
B. study	
C. Studied	
22. Some people	last year.
A. travel	* 0.175 cut* representes
B. travels	
C. travelled	
23. Bilal	a chocolate cake yesterday.
A. makes	
B. maked	
C. made	
24. We	our mother a birthday
present last year.	
A. gave	
B. give	
C. gives	