

Composition 2  
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Review questions



1. The language that belongs to a country that is not your own

a- Creole

**b- foreign language**

c- Conjugate

d- Proficiency

2. Language is defined as a language that developed from the fusion of two cultures.

**a- Creole**

b- foreign language

c- Conjugate

d- Proficiency

3. Criterion

**a- a quality used to make a judgment**

b- a person who speaks more than one language

c- being very good at something

d- the language you want to learn

4. crucial

a- a school or organization where learning takes place

**b- extremely important**

c- a condition of being very good at something

d- the language you want to learn

5. institute

a- a person who does not speak a second language

b- a person who speaks more than one language

c- a course of learning something you can use very soon

**d- a school or organization where learning takes place**

6. Cabdriver

**a- Taxi driver**

b- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs - Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.

c- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention

d- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one

### 7. Immersion

a- Taxi driver

b- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs - Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.

**c- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention**

d- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one

### 8. Conjugate

a- Taxi driver

**b- Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.**

c- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention

d- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one

### 9. Bargain

a- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs - Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.

b- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention

**c- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one**

d- To be attention on something

### 10. Emphasize

a- Conjugation is something that can only be done to verbs - Means you need to make the verbs fit the noun or word being described.

b- To involve yourself deeply in something so that you give it all your attention

c- An agreement between two people or group about what each of them will do for every one

**d- To be attention on something**



### 11. Experts

**a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something**

b- Separately one by one

c- Booth for using a telephone

d- The ability to do something well.

### 12. Individual

a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something

**b- Separately one by one**

c- Booth for using a telephone

d- The ability to do something well.

### 13. telephone booth

- a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something
- b- Separately one by one
- c- A small enclosure containing a public telephone**
- d- The ability to do something well.

### 14. Proficiency

- a- Person who have special knowledge and skills about something
- b- Separately one by one
- c- Booth for using a telephone
- d- The ability to do something well.**

### 15. Technique

- a- Benefit
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something**
- d- The ability to do something well.

### 16. Dialogue

- a- Discussion between people who have different opinion**
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well.

### 17. Participate

- a- Discussion between people who have different opinion
- b- To share and join**
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well.

### 18. Advantages

- a- Benefit**
- b- To share and join
- c- A particular way of doing something
- d- The ability to do something well.

### 19. private tutoring

- a- Costing a lot of money
- b- Education that not owned for the government( this kind of education is not free you have to pay money )**
- c- An informal talk
- d- A chance to do something that you would like to do.

### 20. Opportunity

- a- Costing a lot of money

b- Education that not owned for the government( this kind of education is not free you have to pay money )

c- An informal talk

**d- A chance to do something that you would like to do.**



### 21. Likely

**a- Has a good chance of being the case or of coming about**

b- Costing a lot of money

c- Education that not owned for the government( this kind of education is not free you have to pay money )

d- An informal talk

### 22. Conversation

a- Discussion between people who have different opinion

b- Costing a lot of money

c- Education that not owned for the government( this kind of education is not free you have to pay money )

**d- An informal talk**

### 23. Expensive

a- Benefit

b- To share and join

c- A particular way of doing something

**d- Costing a lot of money**

### 24. Institute

**a- a school or organization where learning takes place**

b- Costing a lot of money

c- A particular way of doing something

d- The ability to do something well

### 25. Polyglot

**a- A person who speak more than one language**

b- People who speak a language as their first language

c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class

d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

### 26. Native speakers

a- A person who speak more than one language

**b- People who speak a language as their first language**

c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class

d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

### 27. Nonnative

- a- A person who speak more than one language
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language**

### 28. Total immersion

- a- A person who speak more than one language
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class**
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

### 29. Practical program

- a- a course for learning something that you can use immediately ,in a real situation**
- b- People who speak a language as their first language
- c- A way of learning a foreign language in which only the target language is spoken in class
- d- A person who does not speak a language as his or her first language

### 30. Chris is proficient ..... three languages : Spanish, English, and Japanese.

- a- With
- b- At
- c- In**
- d- From



### 31. Jake has made a lot of progress ..... French this year because he attended every class.

- a- With**
- b- At
- c- In
- d- From

### 32. If you want to succeed ..... speaking a foreign language, you must practice, practice, practice!

- a- With
- b- At
- c- In**
- d- From

### 33. Anxiety can keep students .....becoming proficient ..... a foreign language.

- a- With - from
- b- At - in
- c- In - at
- d- From – in**

34. The class had a lot of success ..... the lesson because they did their homework.

- a- With**
- b- At
- c- In
- d- From

35. Ardent

- a- Climb
- b- passionate; enthusiastic**
- c- had a very strong desire
- d- effort; an attempt

36. Ascent

- a- the top of a mountain
- b- had a very strong desire
- c- Climb**
- d- effort; an attempt

37. Endeavor

- a- the top of a mountain
- b- effort; an attempt**
- c- had a very strong desire
- d- the top of a mountain

38. Summit

- a- Famous
- b- obviously not present
- c- the top of a mountain**
- d- had a very strong desire

39. Notably absent

- a- Famous
- b- obviously not present**
- c- the top of a mountain
- d- had a very strong desire

40. Legendary

- a- someone who is the first to explore a new place
- b- far away from civilization

c- person who is competing against another

**d- famous**



**41. Pioneer**

**a- someone who is the first to explore a new place**

b- far away from civilization

c- person who is competing against another

d- famous

**42. Remote**

a- someone who is the first to explore a new place

b- person who is competing against another

**c- far away from civilization**

d- famous

**43. rival**

**a- person who is competing against another**

b- someone who is the first to explore a new place

c- far away from civilization

d- famous

**44. Anonymous**

a- Speaking with confidence

**b- Unknown; not named**

c- Related to or caused by

d- Have control or power over

**45. Assertive**

a- Unknown; not named

**b- Speaking with confidence**

c- Related to or caused by

d- Have control or power over

**46. Associated with**

**a- Related to or caused by**

b- Unknown; not named

c- Speaking with confidence

d- Have control or power over

**47. Dominate**

**a- Have control or power over**

- b- Unknown; not named
- c- Speaking with confidence
- d- Related to or caused by

#### 48. Empathy

- a- Feeling what another person feels**
- b- Results of research
- c- Closeness
- d- Freeing

#### 49. Findings

- a- Feeling what another person feels
- b- Results of research**
- c- Closeness
- d- Freeing

#### 50. Intimacy

- a- Closeness**
- b- Feeling what another person feels
- c- Results of research
- d- Freeing



#### 51. Liberating

- a- Feeling what another person feels
- b- Results of research
- c- Closeness
- d- Freeing**

#### 52. Rapport

- a- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding
- b- Ways of speaking
- c- Connect with; interact with another person**
- d- Stay with

#### 53. Relate

- a- Connect with; interact with another person
- b- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding**
- c- Ways of speaking
- d- Stay with

#### 54. Speech characteristics

- a- Connect with; interact with another person
- b- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding
- c- Ways of speaking**



d- Stay with

**55. Stick to**

**a- Stay with**

b- Connect with; interact with another person

c- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding

d- Ways of speaking

**56. Varying**

a- Connect with; interact with another person

**b- different**

c- Having an understanding with another person ; mutual understanding

d- Ways of speaking

**57. abstract**

a- Show of loyalty

**b- Nonrepresentational**

c- Signs indicating achievement or status

d- Sentenced to die

**58. Show of allegiance to**

a- Nonrepresentational

**b- Show of loyalty**

c- Signs indicating achievement or status

d- Sentenced to die

**59. Badges of honor**

a- Nonrepresentational

b- Sentenced to die

c- Show of loyalty

**d- Signs indicating achievement or status**

**60. Condemned**

a- Nonrepresentational

**b- Sentenced to die**

c- Show of loyalty

d- Signs indicating achievement or status



**61. Emulate**

**a- Copy**

b- Experienced with difficulty

c- Fierceness

d- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one

**62. Endured**

- a- Copy
- b- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one
- c- Fierceness
- d- Experienced with difficulty**

**63. Ferocity**

- a- Fierceness**
- b- Copy
- c- Experienced with difficulty
- d- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one

**64. Fringe cultures**

- a- Copy
- b- Cultures that are outside of the dominant one**
- c- Experienced with difficulty
- d- Fierceness

**65. Indelible**

- a- Impossible to remove**
- b- statement
- c- detailed
- d- Rebellious

**66. Intricate**

- a- Rebellious
- b- Impossible to remove
- c- statement
- d- detailed**

**67. Expression**

- a- Impossible to remove
- b- statement**
- c- detailed
- d- Rebellious

**68. Subversive**

- a- Impossible to remove
- b- detailed
- c- statement
- d- Rebellious**

**69. Don't look a gift horse in the mouth**

- a- Don't bring up that topic

- b- Don't criticize a gift or an opportunity**
- c- Don't take unnecessary chances
- d- Don't exaggerate a situation

**70. Don't make waves**

- a- Don't jump in the water
- b- Don't take unnecessary chances**
- c- Don't exaggerate a situation
- d- Don't make plans before you have all the necessary information



**71. Don't make a federal case out of it**

- a- Don't interfere; don't cause problems
- b- Don't exaggerate a situation**
- c- Don't make plans before you have all the necessary information
- d- Don't let other people see your faults

**72. Don't stick your neck out**

- a- Don't buy expensive stuff
- b- Don't interfere; don't cause problems
- c- Don't give people money.
- d- Don't help people who didn't ask for your help**

**73. Don't wash your dirty linen in public**

- a- Don't listen to what is said in public
- b- Don't let other people see your faults**
- c- Don't listen to other people talking about you
- d- Don't wash your clothes outside your home

**74. Don't count your chickens before they hatch**

- a- Don't count chickens
- b- Don't make plans before you have all the necessary information**
- c- Don't eat eggs
- d- Don't exaggerate a situation

**75. Don't beat around the bush**

- a- Don't let other people see your faults
- b- Don't talk about unrelated issues, get to the point**
- c- Don't bring up that topic
- d- Don't let other people see your faults

**76. Don't go there**

- a- Don't interfere; don't cause problems

- b- Don't bring up that topic**
- c- Don't talk about unrelated issues**
- d- Don't let other people see your faults**

**77. travel at high elevations**

**a- high altitude**

- b- Elevator**
- c- Falling from the top**
- d- High ladders**

**78. figure out a way to**

**a- To discover or decide**

- b- Find the picture**
- c- Elevator**
- d- Falling from the top**