

## Prosthodontics

1. Rehabilitation of unhealthy tissues under full dentures is by application of -----.
  - a) Tooth paste.
  - b) Impression material.
  - c) Tissue conditioning material.
  - d) Metal framework.
2. Aluminum Crowns are used for -----.
  - a) Anterior teeth.
  - b) Molars.
  - c) Anterior and posterior teeth.
  - d) Premolars only.
3. When temporary Crowns are used, the patient is instructed to avoid -----.
  - a) Sticky food.
  - b) Soft drinks.
  - c) Cold food.
  - d) Sweets.
4. Direct dental restorations are completed in ----- visit.
  - a) Three.
  - b) Two.
  - c) One.
  - d) Five.
5. ----- is a full metal crown covered with thin layer of tooth colored material.
  - a) Three quarter crown.
  - b) Porcelain fused to metal crown.
  - c) Preformed polymer crown.

- d) Provisional crown.
6. The remaining tooth structure supporting an overdenture is protected with-----.
- a) Coping.
  - b) Amalgam.
  - c) Temporary cement.
  - d) Composite cement.
7. In three quarter crown the unchanged surface after preparation is-----
- a) Facial surface.
  - b) Proximal surface.
  - c) Occlusal surface.
  - d) Mesial half.
8. The 8 % epinephrine-containing cord for tissue packing may prove hazardous for some patients because of its -----.
- a) Local caustic action upon the gingival tissue.
  - b) Vasoconstriction action systemically.
  - c) Propensity for allergic response.
  - d) Astringent action locally.
9. Placing cords in the gingival sulcus and removing them prior to making impression should accomplish which of the following -----
- a) Gingival margins of cavity preparations should be visible.
  - b) Blanching of tissue.
  - c) Control of bleeding from crevice.
  - d) All the above.
10. Direct dental restorations are -----.
- a) Inlays.
  - b) Veneers.
  - c) Crowns.

d) None of the above.

11. -----restoration is relatively inexpensive.

- a) Amalgam.
- b) Composite.
- c) Compomere.
- d) Porcelain.

12. Occlusion of provisional coverage is checked by-----.

- a) Articulating paper.
- b) Cotton roll.
- c) Temporary cement.
- d) None of the above.

13. Less cervical area is shown of the artificial teeth of a denture in case of -----.

- a) Old patients.
- b) Younger patients.
- c) Children.
- d) Young adults.

14. Excess cement during the cementation of temporary crowns at the contact areas is removed by-----.

- a) Amalgam carrier.
- b) Dental floss.
- c) Tooth brush.
- d) Elevator.

15. -----crowns have an identification tab on their occlusal surface.

- a) Aluminum.
- b) Preformed polymer.
- c) Preformed polycarbonate.
- d) Porcelain.

16. At the try in appointment the dentist evaluates -----.
- a) Fit, comfort and function.
  - b) Function only.
  - c) Comfort only.
  - d) b & c are correct.
17. Stress breaker of a partial denture is advised for teeth having ----- in the alveolar bone.
- a) High support.
  - b) Rigid roots.
  - c) Long roots.
  - d) None of the above.
18. In special situations as ----- a cast restoration may be cemented initially with temporary cement.
- a) Sensitive tooth.
  - b) Loose tooth.
  - c) Short teeth.
  - d) All of the above.
19. During healing of extraction space ----- dentures will act as a bandage to protect the surgical area.
- a) Partial.
  - b) Complete.
  - c) Immediate.
  - d) Over.
20. Shade color selection is done before tooth -----.
- a) Preparation.
  - b) Impression.
  - c) Dry.
  - d) Restoration.
21. Crown preparation margins are known as -----.
- a) Bevel.

- b) Chamfer.
- c) Shoulder.
- d) All of the above.

22. Post and core can be used in case of ----- tooth.

- a) Non vital.
- b) Vital.
- c) Large.
- d) Young.

23. Vasoconstrictor agent is the active astringent in ----- retraction cord.

- a) Twisted.
- b) Impregnated.
- c) Vasoconstrictor.
- d) Mechanical.

24. Gingival retraction cord is removed just ----- the impression is taken.

- a) After.
- b) Before.
- c) While.
- d) None of the above.

25. In the final crown cementation the cement is applied only in the --  
----- surface of the crown.

- a) Anterior.
- b) Pressure.
- c) Internal.
- d) Facial.

26. In selection of a removable prosthesis, extra oral and -----  
-----factors are to be considered.

- a) Cervical.
- b) Intra oral.

- c) Mental.
- d) Inter oral.

27. Contraindications of removable partial denture includes -----.

- a) Adult patient.
- b) Rampant caries.
- c) As splint.
- d) One missing tooth.

28. A metal projection in a partial denture that acts to prevent its movement in a gingival direction is called -----.

- a) Retainer.
- b) Artificial teeth.
- c) Rest.
- d) Major connector.

29. At the try in stage the artificial teeth are set in -----.

- a) Rubber.
- b) Acryl.
- c) Wax.
- d) Compound.

30. Occlusion is checked to avoid pressure and -----.

- a) Bone resorption.
- b) Sore spots.
- c) Wear.
- d) All the above.

31. Retention of a maxillary complete denture depends on suction seal known as -----.

- a) Post dam.
- b) Base.
- c) Connector.
- d) Metal framework.

32. Final impression of complete dentures is usually done in -----  
----- trays

- a) Custom.
- b) Provisional.
- c) Stalk.
- d) Metal.