



### King Faisal University e- Learning Deanship & Distance Education

Course: Grammatical Rules and Systems Instructor: Abdulrahman A. Alsayed

### **Exercises "Lectures 1-14"**

السآحر: by



### **Grammatical Rules and Systems-** Exercises

#### 1 - Identify the type of each of the following sentences.

1. How often do y a. statement	you come here? b. question	c. command	d. exclamation
2. How interestin a. statement	g this article is! b. question	c. command	d. exclamation
3. Hurry up befor a. statement	e the train's depar b. question		d. exclamation
4. How interestin a. statement	g is this article? b. question	c. command	d. exclamation
5. This article is v a. statement	very interesting. b. question	c. command	d. exclamation

### 2 - Identify whether <u>the underlined verb</u> is the main verb or the helping verb of each sentence below:

1. Students <u>like</u> fast food. a. main verb b. helping verb

2. He <u>has</u> enough money for the trip. a. main verb b. helping verb

3. Khaled <u>does</u> not want to go to school today. a. main verb b. helping verb

4. He is <u>helping</u> me wash the dishes.a. main verbb. helping verb

5. He <u>will</u> arrive shortly. a. main verb b. helping verb

### 3 - Decide whether the underlined verbs are:

1. The student <u>needs</u> a a. intransitive	pen. b. monotransitive	c. ditransitive
2. Ali <u>told</u> his friend a a . intransitive	joke. b. monotransitive	c. ditransitive
<ol> <li>Students <u>study</u>.</li> <li>a. intransitive</li> </ol>	b. monotransitive	c. ditransitive
4. Students <u>study</u> book a. intransitive	s. b. monotransitive	c. ditransitive

### 4 - Identify the type of the underlined NP.

1. <u>The children went to bed late</u>.

a. noun b. nominal group c. pronoun d. pronominal group

2. I made this cake **myself**.

a. noun b. nominal group c. pronoun d. pronominal group

3. Ahmed owns <u>an expensive car</u>.a. noun <u>b. nominal group c. pronoun d. pronominal group</u>

### 4. **Khaled** bought a book.

a. noun b. nominal group c. pronoun d. pronominal group

5. The book is <u>his</u>.

a. noun b. nominal group c. pronoun d. pronominal group

### 6. <u>Someone in our office</u> forgot to lock the door.

a. noun b. nominal group c. pronoun d. pronominal group

### 5 - Identify whether the underlined noun is:

1. Mohammed gave me a **pen**.

a. a common noun (example of a class)

b. a common noun (generic) c. a proper noun

2. A **<u>pen</u>** is an instrument used for writing.

a. a common noun (example of a class)

b. a common noun (generic) c. a proper noun

3. Khaled's **car** is new. a. a common noun (example of a class) b. a common noun (generic) c. a proper noun 4. **Khaled** has a new car. a. a common noun (example of a class) b. a common noun (generic) c. a proper noun 5. **Fruit** is good for you. a. a common noun (example of a class) b. a common noun (generic) c. a proper noun **6** - Decide whether the following NPs can be followed by: 1. Ahmed's young brother a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 2. his family a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 3. juice a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 4. the company a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 5. men a. a singular verb b. a plural verb c. both are possible 7 - In the following phrases, decide which of the underlined words is: 1. a big store a. the head b. a post-modifier c. a pre-modifier 2. the **store** manager a. the head b. a post-modifier c. a pre-modifier 3. the leader of the group a. the head b. a post-modifier c. a pre-modifier

4. <b>the</b> group leader				
a. the head	b. a post-modifier	c. a pre-modifier		
	•	-		
5. <u>someone</u> in my office				
a. the head	b. a post-modifier	c. a pre-modifier		

# 8 - Identify the type of the underlined determiner in the following sentences:

	ccise is easy. b. demonstrative c. possessive	d. quantifier
2. <u>Their</u> frie a. article	end is here. b. demonstrative c. possessive	d. quantifier
3. <u>The</u> visit a. article	or came early. b. demonstrative c. possessive	d. quantifier
4. <u>Many</u> pe a. article	ople watch the show every week. b. demonstrative c. possessive	d. quantifier
5. <u>These</u> set a. article	ntences are interesting. b. demonstrative c. possessive	d. quantifier

### 9 - Choose the appropriate pronoun:

1. 1st person plural pronoun a. he b. we c. they d. you

2. 3rd person singular masculine pronoun a. they b. it c. you d. he

3. 2nd person singular pronouna. youb. Ic. wed. she

### 10 - What is the form of the finite verb in each sentence?

1. The manager talked to the employees.a. base formb. 3rd person singular formc. past form

2. <u>He</u> drinks coffee every morning. a. base form b. 3rd person singular form c. past form 3. Ahmed and Khaled usually <u>study</u> together. a. base form b. 3rd person singular form c. past form 4. I went to the mall yesterday. b. 3rd person singular form a. base form c. past form 5. At eight o'clock every morning, my father **goes** to work. a. base form b. 3rd person singular form c. past form **11 - Decide whether the underlined verbs are:** 1. He was able to **walk** after physical therapy. b. non-finite a. finite 2. He is **making** a chair out of wood. a. finite b. non-finite 3. He <u>made</u> a chair yesterday in his workshop. a. finite b. non-finite

4. You should <u>spend</u> more time studying. a. finite <u>b. non-finite</u>

5. They **<u>spend</u>** time together every Thursday morning. a. finite b. non-finite

# 12 - Choose the correct order for each verbal group:1. a. have seen couldb. could seen havec. could have seend. seen could have

- 2. a. have should been doingb. doing should have beend. should have been doing
- 3. a. has been studying c. been studying has
- b. studying has been d. studying been has

### **13 - Decide whether the type of the verbal group in each sentence is:**

 The machine was fixed.
 Type 1 (modal +infinitive) participle)
 Type 3 (be +present participle)

2. He can fix any machine.a. Type 1 (modal +infinitive) participle)c. Type 3 (be +present participle) b. Type 2 (have +past

d. Type 4 (be +past participle)

b. Type 2 (have +past

d. Type 4 (be +past participle)

3. He is fixing the machine.
a. Type 1 (modal +infinitive) participle)
c. Type 3 (be +present participle)

4. He has fixed the machine.a. Type 1 (modal +infinitive)participle)c. Type 3 (be +present participle)

b. Type 2 (have +past

d. Type 4 (be +past participle)

b. Type 2 (have +past

d. Type 4 (be +past participle)

### 14 - Decide whether the underlined verb is:

<ol> <li>They <u>do</u> not come here often.</li> <li>a main verb operator</li> <li>not an operator</li> </ol>	b. a helping verb operator
<ul><li>2. I <u>have</u> not seen this movie yet.</li><li>a. a main verb operator</li><li>c. not an operator</li></ul>	b. a helping verb operator
<ul> <li>3. Do you <u>have</u> a copy of the movie</li> <li>a. a main verb operator</li> <li>c. not an operator</li> </ul>	e? b. a helping verb operator
<ul><li>4. He <u>is</u> not here.</li><li>a. a main verb operator</li><li>c. not an operator</li></ul>	b. a helping verb operator

5. He isn't going, <u>is</u> he?a. a main verb operatorc. not an operator

b. a helping verb operator

### **15** - Choose (a) if the given term refers to a form and (b) if it refers to a function.

1. pronominal group a. form b. function

2. indirect object a. form b. function

3. complement a. form b. function

4. subject a. form b. function

5. noun phrase a. form b. function

### 16 - Choose the correct function for the underlined NPs:

His father gave him <u>some important advice</u>.
 a. Subject <u>b. Object</u> <u>c. Complement</u> <u>d. Appositive</u>

2. <u>Ahmed's uncle lives in Riyadh.</u>a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

3. Ahmed's uncle is <u>a successful businessman</u>.a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

4. Khaled has a lot of books in <u>his room</u>.a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

5. The teacher gave <u>the students</u> exercises. a. Subject <u>b. Object</u> c. Complement d. Appositive

6. My brother <u>Saleh</u> studies at King Faisal University. a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive 7. The manager found him <u>a hard working employee</u>. a. Subject b. Object c. Complement d. Appositive

### 17 - Decide whether the appositive in the following sentences is restrictive or non-restrictive:

1. The shopkeeper Othman is a hard working man. a. restrictive b. non-restrictive

2. Dr. Omar, my Linguistics professor, published a book.a. restrictiveb. non-restrictive

3. Majid and Saleh, my cousins, will visit us tomorrow.a. restrictiveb. non-restrictive

# **18 - Choose the meaning expressed by the Prepositional Phrase in the following sentences:**

1. My office is located <u>on Riyadh Road</u>. a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

2. He graduated college **with a good GPA**. a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

3. He fixed the door with a hammer. a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

4. They will visit us <u>on Monday</u>.a. place <u>b. time</u> c. manner d. instrument

5. The artist finished the sculpture **with great talent**. a. place b. time c. manner d. instrument

19 - Choose the correct function for the underlined PP.
1. We finished our exam in 2 hours.
a. complement of subject+BE
b. complement of an adjective
c. adjunct
d. post-modifier in an NP

We visited the big shop <u>in the mall</u>.
 a. complement of subject+BE

c. adjunct

b. complement of an adjective	d. post-modifier in an NP		
<ul> <li>3. Mohammed is fluent in English.</li> <li>a. complement of subject+BE</li> <li>b. complement of an adjective</li> </ul>	c. adjunct d. post-modifier in an NP		
<ul> <li>4. Ahmed was <u>in his uncle's house</u>.</li> <li>a. complement of subject+BE</li> <li>b. complement of an adjective</li> </ul>	c. adjunct d. post-modifier in an NP		
5. Ahmed's uncle has a big TV <u>in his ho</u> a. complement of subject+BE b. complement of an adjective	o <u>use</u> . c. adjunct d. post-modifier in an NP		
20 - Decide whether <u>the underlined ad</u> attributively, only predicatively or bot			
<ol> <li>He is a <u>smart</u> student.</li> <li>a. only attributively b. only predicatively</li> </ol>	vely c. both		
<ul><li>2. The child is <u>asleep</u>.</li><li>a. only attributively</li><li>b. only predicative</li></ul>	vely c. both		
3. One of the <u>main</u> causes of lung cancer a. only attributively b. only predicative			
4. Are you <u>afraid</u> of the dark? a. only attributively b. only predicative	vely c. both		
<ul><li>5. This runner is <u>fast</u>.</li><li>a. only attributively</li><li>b. only predicatively</li></ul>	vely c. both		
<b>21 - Identify the function of each of <u>the underlined adjective</u> phrases below.</b>			
1. The driver <u>responsible</u> for the accident paid the fine. a. complement <u>b. modifier in NP</u> c. head of NP			
<ul><li>2. The driver was <u>careless</u>.</li><li>a. complement</li><li>b. modifier in NP</li><li>c. h</li></ul>	head of NP		
3. He is a <u>careless</u> driver. a. complement b. modifier in NP c. h	head of NP		

4. The police found the driver <u>guilty</u>.a. complement b. modifier in NP c. head of NP

5. The <u>elderly</u> must be respected. a. complement b. modifier in NP c. head of NP

22 - Identify the form of <u>the underlined adverbials</u>.1. He visited me <u>in my house</u>.

a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause
2. He is studying to pass the exam.
a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause
3. Ali has an exam this morning.
a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause

4. I will give you my homework <u>after it is done</u>. a. NP b. PP c. finite clause d. non-finite clause

5. They walked together, <u>smiling widely</u>.a. NP b. PP c. finite clause <u>d. non-finite clause</u>

### 23 - Choose the type of the underlined adverbials.

1. He <b>always</b> drinks tea in the morning.			
a. adverbial of frequency b. adverbial of manner	c. adverbial of degree d. adverbial of relative time		

2. The climbers <u>barely</u> made it to the top of the mountain.
a. adverbial of frequency
b. adverbial of manner
c. adverbial of degree
d. adverbial of relative time

3. He finished the exam **<u>quickly</u>**.

a. adverbial of frequency	c. adverbial of degree
b. adverbial of manner	d. adverbial of relative time

4. My friends <b>just</b> arrived from	n their trip.
a. adverbial of frequency	c. adverbial of degree
b. adverbial of manner	d. adverbial of relative time

5. They <u>bravely</u> climbed the mountain.
a. adverbial of frequency
b. adverbial of manner
c. adverbial of degree
d. adverbial of relative time

### 24 - Identify the function of each of the underlined adverbials.

1. Are you <b><u>absolutely</u></b> sure? a. adjunct b. complement	c. object	d. modifier
2. The child followed his fath a. adjunct b. complement	ner <u>very closely</u> . c. object	d. modifier
3. He told him <u>when</u> to come a. adjunct b. complement		d. modifier
4. The show ended <u>very</u> quic a. adjunct b. complement	c. object	d. modifier
5. It was <u>all right</u> . a. adjunct b. complement	c. object	d. modifier

25 - Which of <u>the underlined elements</u> is NOT a necessary element of the following clauses? If all elements are necessary, then choose "d".

1. He <u>was</u> <u>in my home yesterday</u> .			
(1) a. (1)	(2) b. (2)		(3) d. all elements are necessary
2. <u>Maha</u>		ood stu	dent.
	· · /	(3) c. (3)	d. all elements are necessary
3. The <u>angry</u> man waited impatiently. (1) (2) (3)			
a. (1)	, , ,	(3) c. (3)	d. all elements are necessary

### **26 - Identify the basic clause structure type for each of the following simple sentences.**

1. Faisal wrote a a. BE + C +C		c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
2. He is a good w a. BE + C +C		c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
3. He gave me th a. BE + C +C		c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
4. I found the boo a. BE + C +C	6	c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO
5.The book is in a. BE + C +C	•	c. Vt +iO +dO	d. Vt +dO

### 27 - Choose the type of conjunction in the sentences below:

- 1. My brother and sister went to Dammam.
- a. Coordinating Conjunction
- b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction
- 2. They are <u>both</u> polite <u>and</u> friendly.
- a. Coordinating Conjunction
- b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction
- 3. I not only like swimming but also diving.
- a. Coordinating Conjunction
- b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction
- 4. I like swimming <u>but</u> not diving.
- a. Coordinating Conjunction
- b. Correlative Coordinating Conjunction

### 28 - Decide whether the following sentences are:

My neighbor and his family are going on a trip.
 a. simple sentences
 b. compound sentences

2. My neighbor is going on a trip <u>but</u> his family are not going with him.

a. simple sentences b. compound sentences

3. Either I lost my wallet or someone stole it.a. simple sentencesb. compound sentences

4. The wallet was either lost or stolen.a. simple sentencesb. compound sentences

### 29 - Decide whether the subject in the second clause is:

1. My neighbor is going on a trip and his family are going with him too.

a. Optional (can be deleted) b. Obligatory (cannot be deleted)

2. My neighbor is going on a trip and <u>he</u> will take his family with him.

a. Optional (can be deleted) b. Obligatory (cannot be deleted)

3. Sara will study hard for the exam, and <u>she will</u> try to get high grades.

a. Optional (can be deleted) b. Obligatory (cannot be deleted)

4. Sara will study hard for the exam, and Maha will do the same.a. Optional (can be deleted)b. Obligatory (cannot be deleted)

### **30 - Decide whether the underlined clause is:**

It was obvious to everyone <u>that he wanted to leave</u>.
 a. dependent b. independent

2. <u>He wanted to leave</u> and this was obvious to everyone.a. dependentb. independent

3. My friends came to visit me when I was in Dammam.a. dependentb. independent

4. My friends came to visit me, but <u>I was in Dammam</u>.a. dependentb. independent

### 31 - What is the function of the underlined clause?

1. The fact is that no one could do it. a. subject b. object c. complement d. appositive 2. What he discovered was important for science. b. object a. subject c. complement d. appositive 3. The fact that no one could do it disappointed me. b. object a. subject c. complement d. appositive 4. Everyone knows that he made a great discovery. a. subject b. object c. complement d. appositive 5. The workers rely on what the manager has to say. a. subject b. object c. complement d. appositive

# **32** - Which of the subordinate clauses in each of the following sentences is a relative clause?

1. The machine <u>which makes plastic</u> bottles is broken. a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

2. The manager is upset about <u>what the worker told him</u>.a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

3. The problem is <u>that he didn't oil the machine</u>. a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

4. The worker <u>that forgot to oil the machine</u> is speaking with the manager.

a. relative clause b. not a relative clause

5. They called a technician who could fix the machine. b. not a relative clause a. relative clause

**33** - Which of the following is a pronoun? b. talk d. nice a. man c. he

#### 34 - Which of the following is NOT an article?

b. the a. them c. a d. an

#### 35 - What is the function of the underlined phrase?

"The students are attending a lecture." a. subject b. direct object c. indirect object d. complement

<b>36 - "H</b>	e will come to	morrow." The adjui	nct in this sentence is:
a. He	b. will	c. come	d. tomorrow

### 37 - Nouns which cannot be preceded by "one" and have no plural form are called:

a. count noun c. mass noun b. countable noun d. collective noun

### 38 - The name of someone or something that is usually imagined to be unique is called:

a. proper noun c. common noun b. generic noun d. collective noun

### **39** - Which of the underlined pronouns in the following sentences is a reflexive pronoun.

a. <u>He</u> is here.	c. I did the homework myself.
b. This car is mine.	d. Everyone came on time.

### 40 - Which of the following is NOT one of the types of pronouns?

a. personal pronounsb. generic pronounsc. reflexive pronounsd. indefinite pronouns

d. indefinite pronouns

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## 41 - Which of the following that-clauses has an obligatory subordinating conjunction.

a. <u>That they had an exam last week</u> was reason enough for the students not to go on the trip.

b. The students didn't know that Ahmed was not notified about the time of the exam.

c. The reason is that no one told him about it.

d. They all noticed that he did not attend the exam.