اختبار ماده الانجليزى ١٤٣٢هــ الدكتور غسان الدكتور غسان الاختبار قطعتين وعليها اسئله والاسئله الباقى اختيارات والاسئله من المحتوى

Part One: Reading [ 20 questions]

I. Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow.

(Questions 1-15)

My name is Elena Sanchez. I am from Mexico, but now I live in California. I'm a student <u>here</u> in English language classes at a small college.

I live in an apartment building. It's on the corner of Olive Street and Sycamore Avenue. My address is 2201 Olive Street. There's a big olive tree in front of the building. There's a park across the street. There are a lot of oak trees in the park. The trees are beautiful in the summer.

A lot of my neighbors are from different countries. The people next to me are from Indonesia. The family across from the Indonesian family is from Colombia.

The stores in this neighborhood are always busy. There's a Korean drugstore and an Armenian flower shop.

There are three restaurants on Olive Street: One Mexican, <u>one</u> Japanese, and one Moroccan-Italian-American.

I like my neighborhood, but I ask myself one question. Where are the Americans?!!!

1. Where is Elena from? She is from
A. California
B. England
C. Mexico
D. Colombia 2. Why does she live now in California? Because she
A. teaches English
B. studies English
C. works in an airport
D. loves the city
3. What kinds of trees are there in California?
A. Olive trees only
B. Orange trees only
C. Oak trees only
D. Olive and oak trees

· <del></del>	_ 4. When are
the trees beautiful?	
A. In Summer	
B. In Autumn	
C. At night	
D. On Friday	
5. Which country are the people who live next to Elena from?	
A. Indonesia	
B. Mexico	
C. America	
D. Korea	
6. What does a Korean store sell?	
A. medicine	
B. flowers	
C. olive oil	
D. oak trees	

7. Who is from Colombia?
A. The family next to Elena
B. The family across from the Indonesian family
C. Elena
D. All Elena's neighbors
8. How many restaurants are there on Olive Street?
A. Thirteen
B. Thirty
C. Three
D. Thirty three
9. What is in front of the building?
A. An English college
B. An oak tree
C. a beautiful park
D. An olive tree
10. Where does Elena go if she wants to buy flowers?
A. To Korean drugstore
B. To the restaurant
C. To the Armenian flower shop
D. To her English College

to
A. Mexico
B. California
C. Colombia
D. Korea
12. The underlined word " one" Line 10 refers to
A. a store
B. an olive street
C. a restaurant
D. a building
13. The underlined pronoun " me" Line 6 refers to
A. an American girl
B. one of the neighbors
C. Elena's father
D. Elena
14. One of the following is not on Olive Street. It is
A. an Armenian restaurant
B. a Japanese restaurant
C. a Mexican restaurant
D. a Moroccan-Italian-American restaurant

15. Where are the oak trees? They are
A. in the college
B. in the park
C. in the building
D. in the apartment
II. Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions that follow. (Qs 16- 20)
Families in almost every country are changing. This is true in rich countries and poor <u>ones</u> . It is true in Africa, the Americas, Asia and Europe. All over the world, families are getting smaller.
In North Africa, in the past, many people lived in extended families. Fifty to hundred people lived together in a group of houses. <u>These</u> were all family members- grandparents, aunts, uncles, cousins, children, and grandchildren. But now this traditional family is breaking into smaller groups.
The traditional family in Mexico was also big. One generation ago, the average Mexican woman had seven children. Today, she has an average of only 2.5 children. Now, without so many children, families don't need to spend so much money on basics, such as food, clothing and housing.
16. The underlined word "ones" line 1 refers to
A. families
B. countries
C. children
D. Americas

17. Food and clothing are
A. grandchildren
B. families
C. members
D. basics
18. The underlined pronoun "she" Line 7 refers to
A. a brother
B. an aunt
C. a Mexican woman
D. a family
19. How many children did a Mexican woman have? children.
A. 2.5
<u>B. 7</u>
C. 4
D. 3
20. What happened to the traditional family?
A. Getting larger
B. Breaking into smaller groups
C. Becoming rich
D. Having many children

Part Two: Vocabulary [Questions 21-40 ]
Choose the most appropriate answer a, b, c or d
21. The word that has the same meaning as" not ****ed" is
A. boiled
B. fried
C. raw
D. ugly
22. Sometimes people lose weight fast, but they usually it back again.
A. eat
B. gain
C. give
D. help
23. A person between 13 and 19 years old is called
A. a teenager
B. an adult
C. a child
D. a baby

	Internet connection. I can surf the
net very easy.	
A al ass	
A. cheap	
B. old	
D. Olu	
C. slow	
D. fast	
	" is closest in meaning to the phrase
" work for free".  A. Volunteer	
B. Entertain	
C. Commute	
D. Excavate	
26 A strong fooling such as love	anxioty and joy is called
26. A strong feeling such as love "".	, anxiety and joy is called
A. assumption	
B. symptom	
C. emotion	
D. detergent	
D. detergent	
27. The opposite meaning of the	word " wide" is
·	
A. narrow	
B. tall	
C. dangerous	
D. low	

28. The party wasn't	It is too boring. No one enjoyed it.
A. boring	
B. interesting	
C. difficult	
D. valuable	
29. Doctors always advice people to up"	give up smoking. The phrase " give
means	
A. start	
B. help	
C. study	
D .quit	
30. The <u>men, women and children</u> in generous. The	Saudi Arabia are very kind and
underlined words are closest in mea	aning to the word
A. vehicles	
B. visitors	
C. soldiers	
D. people	
31. The phrase "look for" is closest	in meaning to the word
A. search	
B. buy	
C. need	
D. eat	

word " except".	all words	_ the
A. expect		
B. except		
C. accept		
D. receipt		
33. The word "	_" means separated from others	<b>5.</b>
B. busy		
C. sick		
D. alone		
34. The phrase "marriage ceremon".  A. wedding	y" is closest in meaning to the	word "
B. branch		
C. average		
D. generation		
35. The word "accent"	_" is closest in meaning to the	word"
A. blog		
B. team		
C. dialect		
D. picnic		

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36. All members inone house.	_ families were living in
A. rich	
B. traditional	
C. nuclear	
D. bad	
37. The phrase "Lines on one's skin" means	
A. beverages	
B. toes	
C. streets	
D. wrinkles	
38. My friend suffers fromtoo fat.	He is now
A. wealth	
B. poorness	
C. overweight	
D. hard work	
39. The word "" is closest in mean even once"  A. never	ning to the phrase "not
B. always	
C. sometimes D. rarely	
40. The word "" is closest in proof". A. essence B. evidence	n meaning to the word "
C. appearance	
D. reference	

Part Three: Structures [Questions 41 - 70]	
41. Are you a student at King Faisal University? No,	
A. l'mn't	
B. amn't	
C. lam	
D. I'm not	
42. My uncle here yesterday.	
A. is	
B. were	
C. are	
D. was	
43. When I went to the mall, I sawsome friends.	_shopping with
A. him	
B. his	
C. he	
D. she	
44 children usually play in the garden.	
A. Those	
B. This	
C. That	
D. Here	

45. The planes		_slow. They are very fast.
A. are		
B. isn't		
C. aren't		
D. is		
46	_ your father at home?	•
A. Are		
B. Is		
C. Aren't		
D. Is he		
47	_ ant is	_ insect.
<u>A. An / an</u>		
B. An / a		
C. A / an		
D. A / a		
48. How	is the hospital fro	m your house? – It's 12 kms.
A. long		
B. often		
C. far		
D. old		
49. Our doctor usual the board.	lly starts a lesson by v	vriting the date
A. in		
B. under		
C. over		
D. on		

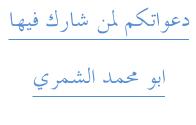
50	car is that? It's mine.
A. Who	
B. Whose	
C. Whom	
D. Who's	
51. Will Rashed	at university tomorrow?
<u>A. be</u>	
B. is	
C. was	
D. been	
52	_the homework yesterday, Reena?
A. Did you	
B. Do you do	
C. Did you do	
D. Can you do	
53. Ahmed and Hisham	the English textbooks.
A. hasn't	
B. haven't	
C. doesn't have D. don't have	

54. All students don't go to universityFriday.
A. at
B. in
<u>C. on</u>
D. for
55. Sabah usually at 11 p. m every night.
A. is sleeping
B. sleeps
C. don't sleep
D. sleep
56 Hamad always come late?- He lives outside the city.
A. Where does
B. Why did
C. When does
D. Why does
57. The underlined letter "s"/ in the word " leaks" is pronounced the same as the
underlined letter "s" in the word "".
A. hats
B. toys
C. catches
D. rain <u>s</u>

58. I can't go with you Marwa. I _ now.	my homework
A. did	
B. have done	
C. am doing	
D. do	
59. Najlaa	meat with rice now.
A. isn't liking	
B. doesn't like	
C. is liking	
D. like	
D. IIRE	
60. Hasan speaks English	than I do.
A. quicker	
B. quickly	
C. quick	
D. more quickly	
64 Iom ours that	otudonto will page the test It
is very easy.	students will pass the test. It
A. few	
B. many	
C. Much	
D. little	
62. I haven't seen <u>A. any</u>	one inside because of the darkness.
B. some	
C. many	
D. few	

63. Ahmed clever.	gets full mark in the tests. He is very
A. never	
B. sometimes	
C. always	
D. rarely	
64. We tl	ne final test next month.
A. took	
B. have taken	
C. didn't take	
D. will take	
65. The underlined letters " <u>ed</u> "/ is same as the	n the word " play <u>ed</u> " is pronounced the
underlined letters "ed" in the wo	rd "".
A. decid <u>ed</u>	
B. enjoyed	
C. talk <u>ed</u>	
D. help <u>ed</u>	
66. My father gave me twostudy.	about my university
A. advice	
B. advices	
C. pieces of advice	
D. pieces of advices	

67. Mohammad made a terrible accident. He his car fast .
A. should drive
B. shouldn't drive
C. should have driven
D. shouldn't have driven
68. Don't go swimming. The water is cold.  A. too b. to C. two D. toe
69. While The men, it rained heavily.
A. work B. worked
C. were working
D. was working
70. "They didn't eat anything". This sentence can be written as the following:
They
A. eat nothing
B. ate nothing
C. ate nobody
D. ate anything



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