1	is the study	of how a	listener	recognizes	words and	utterances.
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- a) Linguistics
- b) Psychology
- c) Sociolinguistics ✓
- d) Psycholinguistics
- 2. Applied linguistics is a branch of a linguistics where we study how a listener recognizes words and utterances .
- a) To learn and to teach different languages. ✓
- b) To study different varieties of a certain language .
- c) To make computers more sophisticated.
- 3. is the study of how to make computers more sophisticated
- a) Artificial independence
- b) Art intelligence
- c) Artificial intelligence ✓
- d) Human intelligence
- 4. Language is systematic way of combining smaller units into larger units for the purpose of
- a) Commutating
- b) Computation
- c) Competition
- d) Communication ✓
- 5. When language is used the speaker/writer can expresses his/her feelings or attitudes .
- a) Referentially
- b) Aesthetically
- c) Phatically
- d) <u>Affectively</u>✓
- 6. The affective function of language expresses the speakers' or writers'
- a) Feelings and attitudes ✓
- b) Importance
- c) Intelligence
- d) Falling and failure

أسئلة المباشرات لعلم اللغه الاجتماعي الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٩هـ للدكتور: محمد الهلال

- 7. language is usually used in poetry not in science.
- a) Referential
- b) Affective
- c) <u>Aesthetics √</u>
- d) Phatic
- 8.is the ability of its holders to force compliance or obedience of other people to their will.
- a) Parole
- b) Language
- c) Power ✓
- d) Signifier
- 9. Ferdinand de Saussure (1857-1913) was alinguist
- a) Syrian
- b) Swiss√
- c) British
- d) American
- 10. Saussure dividend language into two parts: language and
- a) Paradox
- b) Pardon
- c) <u>Parole</u>√
- d) Grammar
- 11...... is the actual use of language in both speech and writing
- a) Power
- b) Langue
- c) <u>Parole √</u>
- d) Bail
- 12. The link between the signified and the signifier is
- a) Arbiter
- b) Artery
- c) Arbitrary ✓
- d) Artistry
- 13. Signs do not exist in isolation, but in systems of relationship.
- a) Social
- b) Society
- c) Assertive
- d) <u>Associative √</u>

- 14.....is 'our [innate] knowledge of the systematic correspondences between sound and meaning which make up our language
- a) Langue ✓
- b) Teaching
- c) Learning
- d) Parole
- 15. According to the sapir- whorf hypothesis, there is a link between culture and language.
- a) Captive
- b) Active
- c) Causative ✓
- d) Causal
- 16......is any set of beliefs which, to people who hold them, appear to be logical and natural.
- a) Geology
- b) Doxology
- c) Eulogy
- d) Ideology ✓
- 17......is concerned with power; the power to make decisions, to control resources, to people's behavior and values.
- a) Politics ✓
- b) Politeness
- c) Polysemy
- d) Polylines
- 18. Physical coercion is associated with......
- a) Legal laws
- b) <u>Dictatorial regimes √</u>
- c) Persuasion and consent
- d) Democratic regime
- 19.....is the background assumption embedded within a sentence or phrase.
- a) Imply
- b) Implication
- c) <u>Presupposition √</u>
- d) Implicature

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للدكتور: محمد الهلال

20.The	prevailing way	that a culture	talks about or	represents s	omething is called
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- a) The domino discourse
- b) The dominant discourse ✓
- c) The doming discourse
- d) The committed discourse
- 21...... is the art of using language so as to persuade or to influence others "
- a) Retroflex
- b) Orthotic
- c) Rhetoric ✓
- d) Restock
- 22. Which sentence involves a simile
- a) this room is an Oven
- b) her hair was golden silk
- c) the room was like an oven ✓
- d) the sun was a diamond in the sky
- 23. Euphemism is a rhetorical device which uses language to make something seem more positive than it actually appears
- a) Bold and abusive
- b) Difficult
- c) Offensive ✓
- d) Mild or inoffensive
- 24. The term MEDIA can refer to
- a) The press
- b) Television
- c) World wide web
- d) All the above
- 25. Media can represent a powerful source in society because it
- a) Can select what counts as news
- b) Can decide who gets on the television, radio or newspaper
- c) Has become an integral part of most people's lives
- d) All the above ✓

- 26...... refers to the accent used by the educated and the wealthy; it gives no indication of what part of the country the speaker came from.
- a) Advanced RP ✓
- b) Mainstream (RP)
- c) Vernacular al pronunciation
- d) Dialectal pronunciation
- 27.....refers to the account which sounds less formal than advanced RP and is the one that most people in Britain generally hear when they listen to newspaper on national television.
- a) Vernacular al pronunciation
- b) Dialectal pronunciation
- c) Advanced RP
- d) Mainstream (RP) ✓
- 28...... is the way that language can systematically vary according to the situation in which it used .
- a) Registration
- b) Registrar
- c) Register ✓
- d) Resister
- 29..... refers to the rules that attempt to control social interaction in the virtual world (cyberspace) .
- a) Nitrite
- b) Netiquette ✓
- c) Etiquette
- d) Nebulas
- 30.....represents women and men unequally
- a) English language
- b) Saxophone language
- c) Sexist language ✓
- d) Insisting language
- 31...... terms refers to anything which deviates from the norm
- a) Marker
- b) Maker
- c) Marques
- d) Marked ✓

- 32. Back channel support is the verbal and non-verbal feedback.....
- a) <u>Listeners give to speakers ✓</u>
- b) Listeners give to other listeners
- c) Speakers give to other speakers
- d) Speakers give to listener
- 33.....refers to an accent which sounds less formal than advanced RP and is the one that most people in Britain generally hear when they listen to newsreaders on national television .
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- c) Dialectal pronunciation

د**ونها لک**م ا**خواتک**م : DeemOTB & &

@Jannat_KFU