

1. Dammam is _____ amazing city.
A. a
B. an لأننا نتكلم عن شيء جميل بشكل عام ولم نخصص شيء بعينه ولأن الحرف الأول عله
C. the
D. Zero Article.
2. An elephant _____ larger than a cat.
A. is اسم مفرد
B. are
C. have
D. was
3. Syria and Turkey _____ neighboring countries.
A. is
B. are اسمين مفردين تأتي بصيغة جمع
C. have
D. was
4. They _____ the lesson now.
A. are understanding
B. is understanding
C. understand فعل لا يمكن يأتي بصيغة استمرارية أي لا يمكن يكون مستمر والزمن مضارع بسيط
D. understood
5. How _____ water do you drink?
a. many
b. few
c. a few
d. much لأن الماء اسم غير معدود
6. Unluckily, I can't get the newest smartphone. I've got _____ dollars.
a. few انطباع سلبي مع اسم معدود
b. a few
c. little
d. a little
7. They _____ their launch when we stopped by for a visit.
A. eating
B. were eating في الزمن الماضي المستمر لوجود فعل ماضي بسيط مرتبط فيه
C. was eating
D. eaten
8. I know that she is _____ his brother.
A. smarter than مقارنة بين اثنين
B. the smartest
C. more smart than
D. smart
9. The dictionary is _____ the drawer.
A. in لأنه داخل الدرج
B. on
C. between
D. are

10. The baby sat _____ the car-seat too early.
 a. in
b. on
 c. between
 d. are
11. A: _____?
 B: Yes, it's.
A. Is the Sun the biggest body in the solar system?
 B. Are the Sun the biggest body in the solar system?
 C. Does the Sun the biggest body in the solar system?
 D. The sun is the biggest body in the solar system?
12. A: _____?
 B: Yes, They are.
 A. Is tomatoes vegetables?
 B. The tomatoes are vegetables?
C. Are tomatoes vegetables?
 D. Was tomatoes vegetables?
13. Are you ready to learn English?
 A. Yes, he is.
 B. No, she is
 C. Yes. they are
D. No, I am not
14. _____ is he? in my office.
A. Where
 B. How
 C. Why
 D. Who
15. _____ is the English class? It's right over here.
 A. Why
B. Where
 C. When
 D. What
16. Mohammed got 2 out of 10 in Arabic Quiz. So, he is _____.
 A. excited
B. sad
 C. smiling
 D. happy
17. Rami got his driving license. He is _____ of his achievement.
 A. sleepy
 B. hating
C. proud
 D. greedy
18. It often seems that you are not concerned with _____ viewers.
 A. his
 B. its
 C. their
D. your

المخاطب هو أنت وبالتالي الضمير لابد أن يعود عليك

19. Jad and Jawad go to _____ school twice a week.

- A. his
- B. her
- C. they
- D. their**

الضمير يعود على جواد وجاد

20. I don't like small t-shirts. I like _____ ones.

- A. difficult
- B. large**
- C. married
- D. hungry

21. The car is not expensive. In fact, it is _____.

- A. safe
- B. cheap**
- C. healthy
- D. easy

22. The capital of Jordan is _____ Amman.

- A. a
- B. an
- C. Zero Article**
- D. the

لأن عمان اسم مدينة لا يحتاج أداة تعريف

23. I went in a big mall. _____ mall is quit new.

- A. a
- B. an
- C. Zero Article
- D. the**

لأنه يقصد mall الموجود في الجملة الأولى

24. My family and his live in _____ North Carolina State.

- A. a
- B. an
- C. Zero** لأنها لا تأتي قبل أسماء الولايات
- D. the

للتبويه: كلمة live فعل وبالتالي من الخطأ وجود his قبلها والأصح كتابة My family and I live in

25. His country borders are on _____ Atlantic Ocean.

- A. a
- B. an
- C. Zero Article
- D. the**

لأنها جاءت قبل اسم محيط

26. Do _____ travel a lot?

- A. he
- B. she
- C. it
- D. you**

27. This magazine is hers. That magazine is _____.

- A. you
- B. yours**
- C. your
- D. you're

ضمير ملكية يعود عليك لأنك أنت المخاطب في الجملة

28. _____ are interesting books over there on the third shelf.

- A. This
- B. That
- C. These
- D. Those**

للإشارة لأشياء بعيدة عنك وتستخدم مع الجمع

29. His brother will _____ here after almost 2 hours.

- A. are
- B. were
- C. been
- D. be**

الفعل يعود لأصله بعد أفعال المودل

30. We _____ going to the sea now. It is raining outside.

- A. has
- B. aren't**
- C. wasn't
- D. isn't

في الزمن المضارع المستمر

31. I _____ a breakfast with the manager tomorrow.

- A. has
- B. have**
- C. had
- D. having

هنا جاءت كفعل أصلي في الجملة وبالتالي تبقى بدون أي تغيير

32. Salim and Rashid _____ an exam now

- A. has
- B. don't have**
- C. doesn't have
- D. had

لأن الفاعل جمع فإنها أصح الخيارات

33. Riham _____ always her best to get full mark.

- A. do
- B. does**
- C. did
- D. done

الفاعل مفرد في الزمن المضارع البسيط

34. Her father was borne _____ 1956.

- A. on
- B. at
- C. into
- D. in**

قبل أسماء السنوات

35. In America, Students don't have school _____ Saturday.

- A. on**
- B. in
- C. into
- D. at

قبل أسماء الأيام

36. Snow rarely _____ in Saudi Arabia.

- A. fall
- B. falls**
- C. fell
- D. falling

مضارع بسيط والفاعل مفرد

37. Pardon me, _____ she speak English?

- A. do
- B. don't
- C. does**
- D. doing

الفاعل مفرد

The camel can go without water for a long period of time. Some people think it stores water in its hump. This not true. It stores food in its hump. The camel's body changes the food into fat. Then the fat is stores in the hump. A camel cannot store the fat all over its body. Fat all over an animal's body keeps the animal warm. Camels live in the desert They don't want to be warm during the day.

The desert is very hot. The camel gets hotter and hotter during the day. It stores this heat in its body because the nights are cool.

The Arabian camel has one hump. The Bactrian camel of Central Asia has two humps. It also has long, thick hair, because the winters are cold in Central Asia.

There is a lot of sand in the desert. The camel has long eyelashes. The eyelashes keep the sand out of the camel's eyes. Arabic has about 150 words to describe a camel. Many people who speak Arabic need all these words because the camel is very important to them.

38. The camel can go without _____ for a long time.

- A. food
- B. water**
- C. fat
- D. heat

39. Camel stores _____ in its hump.

- A. water
- B. heat
- C. food**
- D. hair

40. The _____ camel has one hump.

- A. Arabian**
- B. Bactrian
- C. desert
- D. fat

41. Long _____ keep sand out of the camel's eyes

- A. thick hairs
- B. humps
- C. eyelashes**
- D. ears

42. The Bactrian camel has long, thick hair because _____.

- A. it lives in a hot desert
- B. stores fat in its hump
- C. winters are cold in Central Asia.**
- D. the sand gets in its eyes

43. The word “cool” means

- A. hot
- B. very hot
- C. cold
- D. a little cold**

يعني برودة بسيطة ولا تصل لدرجة التجمد في Cold
Cold أبرد من Cool

44. How many kinds of camels this passage talks about?

- A. two**
- B. three
- C. four
- D. five

45. The underlined pronoun (it) refers to.....

- A. The Arabian camel
- B. The Bactrian camel**
- C. desert
- D. hump

46. The word “ a lot of” means....

- A. very few
- B. very little
- C. many**
- D. not at all

47. The underlined pronoun “these” refers to.....

- A. Arabic
- B. camels
- C. people
- D. words**

48. The underlined pronoun “them” refers to.....

- A. Arabic
- B. camels
- C. people**
- D. words

49. The opposite (or contrast) meaning of “ long” is.....

- A. big
- B. tall
- C. difficult
- D. short**

50. The superlative form of the word “warm” is.....

- A. warmer
- B. the warmest**
- C. the warming
- D. the most warm

انتهت الأسئلة
GOOD LUCK !!

تم بحمد الله



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