

English 101

Lecture (13)

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Unit

Celebrations

In Unit 4, you learn how to . . .

- use going to and the present continuous to talk about the future.
- use indirect object pronouns.
- talk about birthdays, celebrations, and favorite holidays.
- use "vague" expressions like and everything.
- give "vague" responses like Maybe and It depends.









Lesson A

In this lesson

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- give "vague" responses like Maybe and It depends.

New vocabulary

1) Graduation:

The time when you complete a university degree course or your education at a high school.



2) Engagement:

an agreement between two people to marry, or the period of time they are engaged.



New vocabulary

3) Wedding:

A marriage ceremony, especially one with a religious service.



4) Birth:

the time when a baby comes out of its mother's body.



New vocabulary

5) Retirement:

When you stop working, usually because of your age.



6) Public holiday:

A special day when people do not go to work or school.



Dates and Months

Dates & Months

January May September February June October March July November April August December

Cardinal Numbers

1 one	17 seventeen
2 two	18 eighteen
3 three	19 nineteen
4 four	20 twenty
5 five	21 twenty-one
6 six	22 twenty-two
7 seven	23 twenty-three
8 eight	24 twenty-four
9 nine	25 twenty-five
10 ten	26 twenty-six
11 Eleven	27 twenty-seven
12 twelve	28 twenty-eight
13 thirteen	29 twenty-nine
14 fourteen	30 thirty
15 fifteen	31 thirty-one
16 sixteen	

Days of the month ▼ 1st first 17th seventeenth 2nd second eighteenth 18th 3rd third nineteenth 4th fourth 20th twentieth 5th fifth 21st twenty-first 6th sixth 22nd twenty-second 7th seventh 23rd twenty-third eighth 8th 24th twenty-fourth 9th ninth 25th twenty-fifth 10th tenth 26th twenty-sixth eleventh 27th twenty-seventh 11th 28th twenty-eighth 12th twelfth 13th thirteenth 29th twenty-ninth fourteenth 30th thirtieth 14th fifteenth 15th 31st thirty-first

16th sixteenth

Lesson A

Special occasions

Isabel Mrs. Baker's retiring on the thirty-first, remember? She's going to be 65.

Sara Oh, that's right. What are we going to get her?

Isabel We're going to buy her something special, like a coffee table book on art.

Sara Mmm, nice. Are we going to have a gathering to wish her well?

Isabel Right. Let's, um, get some cake and drinks. We can do all that on Thursday, the nimi

Sara OK. And what about a retirement gathering for you?

Isabel Yeah, thanks. That's going to be in about 30 years.



B Complete the sentences with the correct numbers.

- January is the <u>first</u> month of the year.
- March is the third month of the year.
- June is the sixth month of the year.
- 4. July is the __seventh _ month of the year.
- 5. October is the __tenth ___ month of the year.
- 6. December is the twelfth month of the year

Grammar Present continuous for the future; going to



You can use the present continuous or going to to talk about plans.

The present continuous is often used for plans with specific times or places.

What are you doing for New Year's Eve?
We're going to The Sea Grill for dinner.

We're meeting friends there at 8:30.

What are you going to do for New Year's Eve?

We're going to go somewhere for dinner.

We're going to meet some friends at a restaurant.

You can also use going to for predictions.

It's going to be fun. (NOT It's being fun.) It's going to snow tomorrow. (NOT It's snowing tomorrow.)



Going to....

Read this sentences. Pay attention to the use of going to.

- I am going to eat out tonight.
- Mr. Wolfe is going to stay home. What are you going to do tomorrow?
- I'm going to visit my grandmother. How are you going to get there?

I'm going to walk through the forest.

Please be careful!

We use the future with "GOING TO" to talk about plans

POSITIVE FORM

Subject	Verb To be	Going to	Infinitive	
I	Am		dance Study	
He / She / It	Is	Going to		
We / You / They	Are		Go shopping	

Examples:

- Maria's going to travel this holiday.
- They're going to go to a very expensive restaurant.
- I'm going to come home late.

NEGATIVE FORM

Subject	Verb To be + not	Going to	Infinitive	
	Am not		Clean Cook travel	
He/She/It	Is not (isn't)	Going to		
We / You / They	Are not (aren't)			

- I'm not going to go to the party.
- Juan isn't going to work today.
- They aren't going to stay at that hotel.

QUESTION FORM

Question Word	Verb To Be	Subject	Going to	Infinitive
What	Am not	I		Do
Where	Is not (isn't)	He / She / It	Going to	Go
	Are not (aren't)	We / You / They		travel

Examples

- What are you going to do later?
- What is she going to cook?
- Are they going to attend the meeting?
- Where is Maria going to study?

Indirect Object

Sarah is going to buy her father a new mobile.

What is Sarah going to buy?

a new mobile

Who is Sarah going to buy the new mobile for?

her father

The answer to "what" is called a direct object

The answer to "who" is called an indirect object

I'm going to buy my father something special. Sarah isn't going to give Kirsten anything. Let's send Mom and Dad a card.

Indirect object pronouns:

me, you, him, her, us, them

I'm going to buy him something special. Sarah isn't going to give her anything. Let's send them a card.

Exercise: going to

Complete the questions using going to.

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1. _Are you _ going to _ do anything special this weekend?
2. _Are_ you _ going to _ invite your friends over for a gathering?
3. _____ someone ____ going to ___ bake you a special cake?
4. _Are_ your parents __ going to __ buy you something nice?
5. When are your parents going to go on vacation?
6. What __are_you __going to __give your brother at Eid?
  How about your sisters? And your nieces and nephews?
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