Read the following passage

those things is how I bent spoons with the energy of my mind. I was at a workshop about not limiting ourselves by our doubts. Each participant had a regular spoon. We were to hold our spoons lightly and then think about making them bend. We were to think about the metal getting soft. The leader told us that when the spoon started to bend, we were to say, "It's bending!" until then we were to say, "Bend! Bend! Bend!" I doubted that a spoon would listen to me.

Then as I was holding the spoon and putting hardly any pressure on it, the spoon began to turn in my hand. To my surprise, the spoon got soft and bent into a 90degree angle. I started to say, "it's bending!" And others looked at me, still saying, "Bend!" I looked around. Suddenly other people's spoons were bending into loops. I picked up another spoon, as the leader asked me, "Why don't you believe?" And this time, the spoon did what I instructed it to do. It bent over double into a full loop and then some. The third time I picked up a fork instead of a spoon. I believed that the metal would get soft, and when it began to bend, I turned it in all ways. twisted it twice and made a corkscrew out of it. It was thrilling to see that a law o nature could be broken, or at least bent.

I saw another really strange thing happen. Four people picked up a fifth person without any strain. The procedure is simple: one person sits on a chair. The fo people can try to pick up the person in the chair by holding onto one chair leg ex and lifting. That way, however, is not easy. The better way is to defy gravity. four lifters put their hands, one on top of the other, on top of the head of the person the chair. Then they press down gently with all eight hands. Then, on the coun three, they remove their hands, and with their index fingers only, lift the person. but their fingers under the person's knees. The other two put their index fingers the person's shoulders, in the armpits. And all lift together. The eight fingers our lifters will raise the person off the chair and into the air.

What is one of the things that are beyond our understanding?

- a) The world
- b) Spoons
- c) Bending the universe
- d) Bending a spoon

a) the title of a workshop
b) a person you doubt
s) the name of a book about energy
d) a lesson on making spoons and forks
3. What did each participant have?
a) A regular fork
b) A silver spoon
c) A regular spoon
d) Soft spoon
* The participants had to hold their spoons
a) brightly
b) rightly
c) lightly
d) thoughtfully
5 What did the participants have to think about?
(a) Making universe bend
(b) Making people think
c) Making spoons bend
d) Making spoons light
When the spoon started to bend, the participants had to say
a) It's getting soft
b) It's not bending
e) Bending, not bending
2 . 3 Sture
that a spoon would listen to me. Wears the
that the snoon Would listell to lilli
at at the enoon Would listell to man
b) is happy that the spoon would listen to him.
b) is happy that the spoon would listen to him. c) is not sure that the spoon would listen to him.
d) is listening to a spoon.
hannened to the spoon in the narrator's hand.
what happened to the spoon in the narrator's hand?  It didn't listened to him.
a) it didn't listelled w
b) It got hard and shiny.
It got soft and bein.
by a few hannened to it.
Nothing happened to it.
To bend the spoon, the narrator
THE POINT WILLIAM
b) puts some pressure on it.
b) puts some present on it.
b) puls some pressure on it.
wast get angry.
d) didn't get angry.

10. What happened to the spoons of the other people?
a) They didn't bend.
b) They bent into loops.
c) They were suddenly picked.
d) They bent but not much.
11. The spoon bent over double into a full loop when the narrator
a) picked it up from the ground
b) looped it slowly
c) instructed it to do so
d) pressed it  Or pressed it trains and made a corkscrew out of it."  It in this sentence refers
12. I (Wision it twice and made a consecutive -
10
a) the spoon
b) the corkscrew
c) the fork
d) metal  13. For the narrator, breaking the law of nature was
a) Twisting
b) Thrilling
c) Not exciting
d) Not thrilling
4. What was the other thing the narrator saw?
a) Four people picking up a fifth person.
b) Five people picking up four persons.
c) Picking up a person with a strain.
d) Strange people.
5. The four lifters lift a person with their
a) middle fingers
b) right hands
c) index fingers
d) index cards
The person was raised off the chair from the person's
a) armpits
b) shoulders and fingers
c) knees
d) knees and shoulders

II- Read the following passage and then answer the questions below.

Read the following passage and The most ancient artifacts in our possession today were made out of clay many to account of clay many about cultures of a country many The most ancient artifacts in our per thousands of years ago. In fact, much of what we now know about of clay many thousands of years ago. In fact, much of what we now know about cultures of the pass. 240 A 124 Daily 240 thousands of years ago. In fact, interthousands of years ago. In fact, in we learned by studying pieces of the passes of the passes

Objects made from clay came to be called ceramics from the Greek word Keramos, Objects made from cray came which means "potter's clay." Ceramics are divided into many different kinds based on the clay is fired. The most common types of which means "potter's clay. Certained the type of clay used and how the clay is fired. The most common types of ceramics are and porcelain. To make pottery for example, clay is fired. the type of clay used and now the pottery for example, clay is fired at about 1200 °C becomes stoneware. When white clay is fired at about pottery, stoneware, and porcelain. Sooo C becomes stoneware. When white clay is fired at about 500 °C. Clay fired at about 1200 °C becomes porcelain. Baking the clay at such high even higher temperature, it becomes porcelain. Baking the clay at such high temperatures actually changes the structure of the clay so that it becomes permanently

The art of making pottery developed in many places around the world. Some of the earliest pieces of pottery were probably made when people tried to strengthen baskets woven from grass and sticks. Some archaeologists think that early potters in China may have covered the inside of woven baskets with clay so that the baskets would hold water. When the baskets were either placed on a fire or left there by mistake, the fire burned the grass away and turned the baskets into hard, durable pots.

17. Baking the clay at high temperatures makes it	
a) soft	
b) hard	
c) large	
d) destructible	
18. We know about old cultures from	
a) the dishes	
b) ancient studying	
c) ancient artifacts	
d) books	
19. You make porcelain from	
a) baking temperatures	
b) baking white clay	
e) firing any clay	
d) baskets	other materials.
20. Clay figures survive	
a) less than	
b) more than	
e) earlier than	
d) exactly the same as	

ALL AND	
ay elay	
b) stoneware	
e) seructure	
22. In China, people covered baskets woven of grass and sticks with	
a) clay	
b) trees	
e) potters	
d) tree leaves	
23. The word ceramics comes from the Latin word for	
a) potter's clay	
b) artifacts	
c) objects	
d) Greek	
24. When clay is fired at 1200 C, it becomes	
a) pottery	
b) porcelain	
c) stoneware	
d) soft	
28, What are ceramics?	
a) Objects made from clay	
b) Greeks	
c) Objects made from porcelain.	
d) Common objects	
26. What are two types of ceramics?	
a) Clay and pottery	
b) Stoneware and keramos	
e) Porcelain and pottery	
d) Porcelain and white clay	
7. Baking the clay at high temperatures makes it	
a) structural	
b) destructible	
c) indestructible	
d) changeable	
early potters covered the Inside of baskets with	HAY:
a) Japanese	
b) Chinese	
c) Egyptians	
d) Ancient places and	

****	
	the rolf the transferts were consumed by close to their
30 Where i	
	by he ligger
	es la many places armad dus mong
SEE WASHING MINER	ning is cleaned to the underlined work to mach?
d) to be	
a) Lanc	
34. We 188	
a) Sac	
	an analysis of fluids in his or her an
	a processed have a coole, there is <u>no preventation of fluids</u> in his or her di

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44 Companies that pan neutrot vane bands from cold
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4) This father charact in his sea, "Thom can you go menine my wishes."
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6) Theft 6) Steam 30 If you full a love spect on your body, it will stop hunting and you will feel bester.
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ký Polis
6) Stelly
if therefore the makes the execute of food for the human body.
in Veneralise provide valuable elements of food for the human body.
a) Salte
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ET CERTIFIE
di biornicata
They are stilling in the waiting room.
a) Public system
to Leampe
6) Atole sent
Anna's house was always perfectly clean. It was always
Aiths s thouse was account and
a) ebells
to thereing
E) powerful
The heat betries are round and full of juice.
as Wild
to thick
E) 80H
ill thilling
I do not believe that this story in the newspaper is true.
e) Undermand
b) Deubl
ET ARRIVE VAN
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45 My grandfather has	2m - F		100
a) Bend	an ache all over his body.	Los	
b) Loop		**** · *** · *** · **** · ****	
c) Pain			
d) Circle			
46. Turkeys made a lot	of noise,		
a) Day			
b) Dark			
c) Dairy			
d) Din			
47. The jeans I bought	were made of a thick coars	P plast	
		S. S. LINE	
b) Burlap			
e) Grass			
d) Paper			
48. The dates were re	ady for picking		
a) Green			
b) Ripe			
c) Sour			
d) Sweet			
49. This book is noth	ing special; it is a normal d	lictionary,	
a) Regular			
b) Unusual			
e) Mysterious			
A) Fine			
50 The family owne	ed a trailer to attach to the	back of the car.	
a) Hitch			
b) Scrape			
c) Collect			
d) Send	air		
51. Our house is alv	vays arry.		
a) Dusty			
b) Light and op	en		
c) Damp and co	old		
c) Dainp and sh	inv	er in the bank	
d) Light and sh	their valuable things in	a sale in the man.	
52. My parents kee	iny p their valuable things in		
a) Box			
b) Vault			
o) vaute		a meandany.	
c) Durne bag		minds is beyond our understationing.	
d) Knapsack	the energy of our	lillings is any	
53 To bend spoot	is Willi the	minds is beyond our understanding.	
Duh			
a) Rub			
b) Force			
c) Twist			
d) Place			
a) riace			
		Ď	

- a) To live close
  - b) To plan a picnic
  - c) To cook
  - d) To swim
- 36. She looked at me with anger. She looked at me with
  - a) surprise in her eyes
  - b) daggers in her eyes
  - c) pride
  - d) tears in her eyes
- 57. To preserve apples, you must remove their skins.
  - a) Peel them
  - b) Cook them
  - c) Scrape them
  - d) Clean them
- 58. I washed and polished all the knives, forks, and spoon.
  - a) Rags
  - b) Pots and pans
  - c) China
  - d) Silverware
- 59. When the weather is extremely cold, water turns solid.
  - a) Freezes
  - b) Scrapes
  - c) Boils
  - d) Fries
- 60. There were three thick pillows on the sofa.
  - a) Chairs
  - b) Rags
  - e) Cloth
  - d) Cushions
- 61. I want to promise you that I will help you.
  - a) Assure
- 62. Our teacher was surprised by the good news about one of his students.
  - a) Poisoned
  - b) Ruined
  - c) Shocked
  - d) Unhappy

84344 When I got sick, my friends and relatives were on all tidas of the d) Surrounded Granny kept her things for cooking in her kitchen. b) Dishes and glasses e) Silverware (4) Creating staff

Are write wants her sitting room to sparkle today because she is expecting some guests. (1) Cleaning supplies c) Shine d) Polish 15 thrahim didn't clean his car yesterday. a) Wiped b) Scrubbed el Skipped d) Polished 67. The farmer planted wheat and corn crops. a) Widow b) Fuel c) Grain d) Vegetable 58 The children in the school were polite toward their teacher. a) Powerful b) Respectful c) Beautiful 69 The process of baking a cake is quite simple. a) Procedure b) Pulsing c) Pressure d) Strain 70. Mariam is skilled in fishing. a) To be very lazy b) To be very slow e) To be very good at d) To be very proud