

Experiencing Nature

In This Chapter

Conversation:

Story:

Getting Meaning from Context: Talking About Seasons

Real-World Tasks:

Vacation Plans

Camping

Listening to a Weather Forecast

“In every walk with nature, one receives far more than he seeks.”

—John Muir
American naturalist (1838–1914)

Connecting to the Topic

- 1 Look at the photo. What do you see? Would you like to be in this place? Why or why not?
- 2 What kinds of outdoor activities do you enjoy?
- 3 What is your favorite kind of weather? Why?



Part 1

Conversation: Vacation Plans

3

Before You Listen



1 **Prelisting Questions** Look at the photo. Answer the questions with a partner.



Jack and Peter

1. What are Jack and Peter thinking about?
2. Describe your perfect outdoor vacation. Where would you go? What would you do there?



2 Previewing Vocabulary Listen to these words and phrases from the conversation. Complete the sentences with these words and phrases.

Nouns

chance of
degrees
weather forecast

Verb

get a tan

Adjectives

extra
freezing
sick of (verb + -ing)

Expressions

how come
it's raining cats and dogs

- A:** Wow. How come you're all wet?

B: Because it's raining cats and dogs outside, and I forgot my umbrella.
- In the summer, I love to lie in the sun and get a tan.
- The weather report in the newspaper says there's a 90 percent chance of snow tomorrow. Be sure to dress warm.
- It's 20 degrees Celsius* outside. You don't need a sweater.
- When are we going to get to Las Vegas?
We've been on the road for six hours.
I am sick of driving.
- A:** Did you hear the weather forecast for tomorrow on the news?

B: Yes. It's going to be sunny and warm. A perfect day for the beach!
- A:** Why don't you turn on the heater?
It's freezing in this room!

B: It's broken. We'll have to sleep in our coats tonight.
- Do you have an extra jacket? I forgot mine at home.



▲ it's raining cats and dogs.

**Listen**

3 Listening for Main Ideas Jack, Peter, and Bruce are talking about weather and vacations. Close your book as you listen. Prepare to answer these questions.

- Why does Peter want to go on vacation soon?
- Where does Bruce prefer to go on vacation?
- What do Jack and Peter agree about?

Compare and discuss your answers with a partner.



4 Listening for Details Listen again if necessary. Write *T* if a statement is true and *F* if it is false.

- _____ 1. It is almost the end of the school year.
 _____ 2. Jack has never tried skiing.
 _____ 3. The weather isn't going to be better tomorrow.

Stress

CD 1, Track 25



5 Listening for Stressed Words Listen to the conversation again. Some of the stressed words are missing. During each pause, repeat the phrase or sentence. Then fill in the blanks with words you hear.

Peter: Wow. Look. It's raining cats and dogs— again ! I
hate this weather. When does winter
break start?

Jack: Winter break? It's only October

Peter: I know, but I'm sick of of studying. I want to go someplace
warm and lie on the beach for a week.
 Someplace where it's sunny and dry. Florida or Hawaii,
 maybe?

Jack: Yeah. Where we can go swimming and snorkeling and get a
 great tan. Now that's my idea of a
 perfect vacation.

Bruce: Not mine. I can't swim very well, and I don't like lying in
 the sun.

Peter: Oh, yeah? How come?

Bruce: I don't know. I just prefer the mountains, especially in winter.
 I love snowboarding. In fact, I'm planning
 to go to Bear Mountain with some friends in December. Do
 you want to come?

Jack: No thanks. I went there last year. I was
freezing the whole time. Anyway, I don't know how to
ski very well. Last year I fell about
 a hundred times.

Culture Note

In North America, the school year begins in September, and there is a long vacation in December called "winter break." In most cases, school starts again after the New Year.

Bruce: Peter, how about you?

Peter: Sorry, I'm like Jack. I don't want to go anyplace where it's below 70 degrees.

Jack: By the way, what's the weather forecast for tomorrow?

Bruce: The same as today. Cloudy, cold, and a 90 percent chance of rain.

Jack: Oh, no! I left my umbrella at the library.

Bruce: You can borrow mine. I've got an extra one.

Now read the conversation with two other classmates. Practice stressing words correctly.

Reductions

CD 1, Track 26



6 Comparing Unreduced and Reduced Pronunciation The following sentences come from the conversation. Listen for the difference between unreduced and reduced pronunciation. Repeat both forms after the speaker.

Unreduced Pronunciation

1. It's raining cats and dogs.
2. I want to go someplace warm.
3. We can swim.
4. I'm going to go to Bear Mountain.
5. How about you?
6. I don't want to go.

Reduced Pronunciation*

- It's raining cats 'n' dogs.
I wanna go someplace warm.
We kin swim.
I'm gonna go ta Bear Mountain.
How bouchu?
I donwanna go.

CD 1, Track 27



7 Listening for Reductions Listen to the following conversation. You'll hear the reduced pronunciations of some words. Repeat each sentence during the pause. Then write the unreduced forms of the missing words in the blanks.

Jack: Hi, Bruce. Hi, Peter.

Bruce and Peter: Hey, Jack.

Bruce: What's happening?

Jack: I'm going to the campus recreation center. Do
you want to come?

Bruce: What are you going to do there?

Jack: Well, it's a nice day. We can swim and lie in the sun.

(7)

Bruce: Thanks, but I don't want to go.
I'm too tired.

Jack: How about you, Peter?

Peter: I can't. I've got to stay at home
and study. Maybe tomorrow.

With a partner, repeat the dialogue. Practice reduced pronunciation.

After You Listen



8 Using Vocabulary Discuss the following questions with a partner. Use the underlined vocabulary in your answers.

1. When you are sick of studying, what do you do to relax?
2. In your hometown, what is the coldest temperature, and what is the hottest temperature? (Use the word degrees in your answer.)
3. What is a safe way to get a tan?
4. Are you afraid to drive if it's raining cats and dogs? How much extra time do you give yourself when you drive in bad weather?
5. What is the chance of rain tomorrow in the area where you live?
6. What's the best place to get the weather forecast: TV, newspaper, or Internet?
7. Which is worse for you: to be freezing or to be too hot?

Pronunciation

CAN OR CAN'T

Notice the difference between the pronunciations of *can* and *can't* in the following sentences.

I *can* meet you tomorrow.

I *can't* meet you tomorrow.

Can is unstressed, so the vowel is reduced. It sounds like "kin." Stress only the main verb:

can meet.

Can't is stressed, so the vowel is not reduced. Stress both *can't* and the main verb:

can't meet.





9 Distinguishing Between *Can* and *Can't* Listen and repeat each statement. Circle *Can* if the statement is affirmative and *Can't* if the statement is negative.

- | | | | |
|--------|-------|---------|-------|
| 1. Can | Can't | 6. Can | Can't |
| 2. Can | Can't | 7. Can | Can't |
| 3. Can | Can't | 8. Can | Can't |
| 4. Can | Can't | 9. Can | Can't |
| 5. Can | Can't | 10. Can | Can't |

Using Language Functions

TALKING ABOUT ABILITIES

You can use *can* and *can't* to talk about abilities.

Example Bruce can ski, but he can't swim.

Here are some other expressions for talking about what you can and can't do:

- I'm (not) able to (+ verb)
- I (don't) know how to (+ verb)
- I wish I could (+ verb)
- I'm (not) good at (+ verb + -ing)
- I'm (not) really good at (+ verb + -ing)

Strategy

Graphic Organizer: T-Chart

T-charts can help you organize and compare two different sides of a topic.

For example:

- You can compare the advantages and disadvantages of an idea to help you make a decision.
- You can compare facts and opinions.
- You can list the strengths and weaknesses of an idea or of something you read or listen to.

Advantages/Disadvantages T-Chart

Topic: _____

Advantages

Disadvantages

| | |
|--|--|
| | |
|--|--|