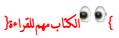
## Non fictional prose

Non – fictional – prose:= English Academic reading not literatural texts. Not stem suffix (related to)



We'll study two main ideas:

- Inferencing the main idea.
- More suffixes and prefixes.
- Book page(16-23)

-تمرین ۱ صد ۱۹

- Part 2: My Country:
- Before you read:
- Getting the meaning of words from context and structure\_

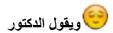
### التمرين الاول اطلع معنى الكلمات كتبت لكم الجواب ع طول

- Endless = stretching out in all directions.
- Vastness = large size .
- Observant = looks around.
- Make up = character.
- Melting pot = people coming from different places.
- Humidity = wetness.
- A new comer = has just arrived.
- Uprising = big revolution.
- Lawmen = sheriffs &policemen.
- Outgoing = not shy.
- French style = in the French way.

#### 17صـ

Finding implied main idea of a paragraph Not clear

في هل تمرين اختار الفكرة الرئيسيه لكل برجراف



#### I promise I'll not bring such items



- 1. What is the main idea of the paragraph "A"? Choice (B)
- 2. What is the main idea of the paragraph "B"? Choice (C)
- 3. What is the main idea of the paragraph "C"? Choice (C)
- 4. What is the main idea of the paragraph "D"? Choice (B)
- 5. What is the main idea of the paragraph "E"? Choice (C)

# 3- Checking your Comprehension : Go to the book page 21-22 Mark the following statements T (true) or F (false)

1. Choice- F

- 2. Choice- T
- 3. Choice -F
- 4. Choice -F
- 5. Choice -T
- 6. Choice- F
- 7. Choice- F

- 8. Choice -T
- 9. Choice -F
- 10. Choice- F
- 4- Analyzing the prefixes Non- and Anti- using the examples in the Strategy Box above as models, write definitions for the following words: *Goto the book page 22*

- 1. -ation: The suffix -ation means the "process or condition of some action or quality." It makes nouns out of verbs.
- For example : decorating decoration
- 2. -ful: The suffix -ful means "full of or characterized by a certain quality."
- It makes adjectives out of nouns.
- For example : harm harmful
- 3. -ment: The suffix -ment means "something that results from the action of a verb." It makes nouns out of verbs.
- For example : govern government
- 4. -ous: The suffix -ous means "having or being full of some quality."
- It makes adjectives out of nouns.
- For example : glory glorious
- 6- Making New Words by Adding Suffixes: Go to the book

<u>page 23</u> -كلمات نضيف لها السفكس

- 1. (line 23) environsment
- 2. (line 4) imagineation

- 3. (line 64) powerful
- 4. (line 20) moderateation
- 5. (line 46) settlersment
- 6. (line 64) move ment
- 7. (line 14) mountainsous
- 8. (line 51) mysteryous

## كلـمآت من المحاضره مترجمةة لمن يصعب علية فهمها > متعوب عَ هـ/جمله❤ 🤪

suffer	تعاني
heat and humidity	الحرارة والرطوبة
wetness	رطوبة
dryness	جفاف
newcomer	الواقد
has just arrived	وصل للتو
civil war	حرب أهلية
uprisings	انتفاضات
big revolutions	الثورات الكبرى
lawmen	الموظفون المسئولون عن تنفيذ القانون
sheriffs	مدراء الشرطة
author	الكاتب
outgoing	جريء
shy	خجول
loud	جريء
French-style	على الطريقة الفرنسية
prepared	مجهز
herring gull	مجهز نورس الرنجة
winging	
distance	يبحر مسافة\بعد
startles	يباغت
imagination	خيال\تصور
civilization	الحضارة
inhabit	تسكن



pronounced	واضح\صريح
melting	دُوبان
ethnic	عرق <i>ي</i>
traditionally	تقليدي
scheme	مخطط
symbol	رمز\مثال
contrasts	تناقضات
attitudes	المواقف
persist	تستمر يعرض
displays	
outward	خارجي∖ظاهري عاطفة
emotion	
mysterious	غامض
silent	صامت
soul	روح
unique	روح فرید
bilingual	ثنائي اللغة
multicultural	متعدد الثقافات
two official languages	لغتان رسميتان
largest province	اكبر مقاطعة
majority	اغلبية∖اكثرية
complain	يشكو
brand names	الأسماء التجارية
environment	البيئة
	**



Vocabulary	Arabic meaning
Stranger	غريب
Endless	مؤبد
Land	ارض
Stretching	تمتد
Directions	اتجاهات
Vastness	اتساع\ضخامة
large size	حجم کبیر
Beauty	جمال
Observant	يقظامنتبه
looks around	ينظر حوله
variety	متثوعة
makeup	بنية
character	حرف ميزة
melting pot	يڏوب
similar	مشابه
different	مختلف
suffer	تعاني