(D)	نموذج
$(\mathbf{\nu})$	

اللي مضلل بالوردي وماعليه شرح اشياء ثابته في الملزمة مافيها جدال

- (1) "Busy as a bee" and "quiet as a mouse" are <u>hackneyed</u> phrases they're used all the time. What does hackneyed mean?
  - (A) used everyday
  - (B) rarely be used
  - (C) never be used
  - (D) unknown

اخترنا الاجابة الاولى لأنه يدل عليها الكلام اللي بالأخضر "لعونها حيت"

(2) The old man's hair was <u>sparse</u>. His hair is not thick and tall like it was when he was young. What does <u>sparse</u> mean?

- (A) thin
- (B) thick
- (C) full
- (D) generous

اخترنا الاجابة الاولى لأنه يدل عليها الكلام اللي بالأخضر "لعيونها جيت"

(3) To encourage someone who is telling a story, what should you say?

- (A) this is totally boring
- (B) can we talk about it later on
- (C) Really? and then?
- (D) Stop it please

اذا احد بحكي لك قصبة او حدث او موقف صبار معه ماذا بجب عليك ان تقول في كلمات كثيرة هذي من ضمنها "لعبونها حيت"

(4) <u>"give me your number please."</u> What is the short form of "give me"?

(A) gimme

- (B) give me
- (C) give ma
- (D) giveme
- (5) In either /or questions, the speaker's voice
  - (A) goes down in the first item and up on the second item
  - (B) goes down in the first item and down in the second item
  - (C) goes up on the first item and down in the second item
  - (D) goes up on the first item and up on the second item
- (6) "Would you like coffee or tea?". This statement should like...
  - (A) would like COFFEE or TEA?
  - (B) would like coffee or tea?
  - (C) would like coffee or TEA?
  - (D) would like COFFEE or tea?

هنا خصص كلمة like تود يعنى اترغب ممكن نعم او لا فتکون a و ممکن تکون تخییر فتکون d "لعبونها جبت"

"لعيونها جيت"

هذى قاعدة ثابته اذا شفتوا كلمة

In either /or questions

في السؤال على طول نرفع الاول

ونخفض الثاني

- (7) Yazan always showed <u>animosity</u> toward his teachers by throwing spitballs and mouthing off, but his brother Abdullah was kind and sweet. What does <u>animosity</u> mean?
  - (A) respect (B) kindness
  - (C) lack of respect
  - (D) sweetness

هذي معناها ان يزن دائماً على عداوة مع معلميه فيسأل ايش معنى الكلمة اخترنا c لان معناها <mark>عدم الاحترام</mark> دليل الكلمة اللي بالأخضر "لعيونها جيت"

(8) The crowd rewarded the singer with <u>plaudits</u>, or extreme praise, by clapping and cheering during a standing ovation? What does <u>plaudits</u> mean?

- (A) criticism
- (B) praise
- (C) disrespect
- (D) extreme

هنا ان الحشود هي مكافأة للمغني مع المدح او الثناء الزائد فيسأل معنى الكلمة اخترنا b الثناء دليل الكلمة اللي باللون الاخضر "لعيونها جيت"

(9) its \_\_\_\_\_\_ from many American people to make small talk with strangers.
 (A) Fairly common

- (B) Fairly uncommon
- (C) unusual
- (D) rarely common

- (10) short talks with foreigners seem to be more common in...
  - (A) Busy places
  - (B) Big cities than in small towns
  - (C) Small towns than in big cities
  - (D) None of the above is correct



(11)People in all places are careful to talk with foreigners in ———— situation.

- (A) unsafe
- <mark>(B)</mark> safe
- (C) risky
- (D) None of the above is correct.

الناس في جميع الأماكن حريصون على التحدث مع الأجانب في وضع آمن "لعيونها جيت"

(12)How should you politely ask your professor for a clarification?

- (A) What? What? I don't understand you
- (B) I can't understand you
- (C) Repeat. Repeat.
- (D) How do you spell that, please?

(13)"Are you coming here?". In this statement, the speaker's voice should

- (A) go up one time
- (B) go up two times
- (C) go down one time
- (D) go down two times

هذي اجابتها b السؤال ما يحتمل التخيير بين شيئين يعني ما عندك الا تجاوب بنعم او لا وفي ها لحالة نرفع الصوت في المرتين العيونها جيت"

(14) you should avoid saying \_\_\_\_\_ to old women since it is impolite.

- (A) Lady
- (B) Miss
- (C) Ma'am
- (D) None of the above is correct

هنا من غير المهذب في امريكا ان ننادي المرأة بكلمة لاصح نناديه بكلمة Miss واذا كانت امرأة كبيرة في السن نقول لها Ma'am "لعيونها جيت"

(15)Americans frequently ask a new friend ?

- (A) How old are you?
- (B) Are you married?
- (C) What do you do?
- (D) What is your height?

في امريكا كثيرا ما يسألون الصديق الجديد عن <mark>ماذا يفعل او يعمل</mark> "لعيونها جيت"

- (16)Americans typically don't raise a question like.....
  - (A) What do you do?
  - (B) How much money do you make?
  - (C) Where are you from?
  - (D) Where are you coming from?

كم تتقاضى من المال؟ (يعني كم راتبك) العيونها جيتا"

هذي كمان من الكتاب مذكورة بهذي الصيغة In spoken English, stressed words are Higher, louder and clear than other words

الامريكيون عادة لا يسألون مثلاً

- (17) In spoken English , stressed words are(A) Higher, louder and clear than other words
  - (B) Lower than other words
  - (C) Unclear
  - (D) Vague(not well heard)

(18) We should study and understand reductions of fast speech because it helps us to become......

- (A) a good writer(B) a better listener(C) a better speaker
- (D) both (b)+(c) are correct

هذا زي ماانذكر في الكتاب واحنا معتمدين على الكتاب في الحل Learning to understand reductions will help you become abetter lisener. يعني احنا ندرس ونفهم اختصار الكلام السريع لانه يساعدنا ان نصبح مستمعي جيدين

(19) In American accent, What is the short form of "what's your name?"

- (A) Wat iz your name?
- (B) Watcher name?
- (C) What is your name?
- (D) Wat izya name?

## (20) What does "to think badly of someone" probably mean?

- (A) To admire someone
- (B) To appreciate someone
- (C) To look down on someone
- (D) To respect someone

(21)"When did rami go to college?" What is the short form of "did he"?

- (A) didee
- (B) didya
- (C) didja
- (D) none of the above

(22) if john stops you to give his apology saying "It was my fault", you should politely say....

- (A)<mark>Okay</mark>
- (B) So what
- (C) Keep in touch

(D)None of the above is the correct reaction

لان الجدول اللي في المحتوى الرد يكون That' **ok بس هنا اختصارها** "لعبونها جيت"

- (23) By mistake, you stepped on someone's foot. What is your polite reaction?(A) Have a good day
  - (A) Have a goo (B) I am sorry
  - (C) See you later
  - (D) I appreciate it

(24) If you want to order food in a restaurant, you should firstly say to a waiter....

- (A) What's your name?
- (B) Are you working here for a long time?
- (C) Do you have good dishes and spoons?
- (D) May I see the menu, please?

(25)One should advice his friend to study in order to pass by saying.....

## (A) You must study hard to pass the exam

- (B) You ought to study hard to pass the exam
- (C) Study to pass the exam
- (D) none of the above is true

(26) which one of the following has incorrect stress? (A) I can SPEAK a LANGUAGE. هذي قاعدة احفظو ها زي اساميكم : CANدائماً منخفضة واللي بعدها مرتفع (B) I CAN'T SPEAK a LANGUAGE. و CAN'Tدائماً مرتفعة هي واللي بعدهاً (C) He CAN speak a language. فهنا الغلط c لانها عكس القاعدة (D) He CAN'T RIDE a HORSE. (27) How should you politely call a waiter to order food? (A) Look at me (B) Hey dude, come over her (C) Pardon me (D) You my friend, come here quickly (28) Students, like other people, should pay attention to speakers' tone of voice because it.... (A) Distracts you tell mor than speakers words (B) Launches unclear message مذكور الحل في المحاضرة الثانية (C) Tells more than speakers' words الشريحة ٨ (D) Bothers you (29)You should avoid calling a man — because impolite. (A) sir هذا يطلب الصيغة غيرمهذبة وهي طبعا Mister (B) Mr. Adel لانو من غير اللائق انادي احد بكلمة مستر من دون (C) Mister مااقول اسمو بعدها "لعيونها جيت" (D) None of the above is correct (30) A stereotype is ..... (A) a oversimplification about a group of people. (B) an correct impression في الكتاب مكتوب A stereotype is (C) to correct idea about people A generalization a group of people. (D) none of the above is correct "لعيونها جيت" صورة نمطية : هي تعميم مجموعة من الناس (31) The phrase "mistaken idea" mean: (A) change (B) very sad (C) misconception (D) none of the above is correct

- (32) In America, someone tells you, "what a nice t-shirt, "you should politely say:
  - (A) Thank you,
  - (B) Oh, not really. It's very old
  - (C) Would you like it?
  - (D) It is not of your business

(33)In U.S, your teacher sometimes sits on her desk. You think:

- (A) She's not polite.
- (B) She's not very serious about teaching
- (C) It's not strange
- (D) She does not like to sit on chairs.

من العادات في امريكا استاذك احياناً يجلس على طاولته كنت اعتقد انه <mark>غير غريب</mark> "لعيونها حيت"

(34) In U.S, a friend of yours invited you to a social gathering at 9:00 pm. It's perhaps best to get there:

(A) a few minutes before 9:00

(B) at 9:00 exactly

- (C) a few minutes after 9:00
- (D)15 minutes after 9:00



(35)In US, Samir has a job appointment at 11:00 am. It's probably best to arrive:

(A) at 10:35 to 10:39
(B) at 10:35 to 10:45
(C) at 11:00
(D) 15 minutes after 11

من العادات في العمل ان تأتي على الموعد المحدد او قبلها بشوي هنا ما عندنا في الخيارات الا الوقت المحدد "لعيونها جيت"

(36) When you go out to launch with an American friend who pays?

(A) Your friend should pay because launch was his suggestion.(B) You both pay.

- (C) You pay because you're a little older than your friend.
- (D) No one pays and you both escape away.

(37) What's the short form of "don't know"?

- (A) doncha
- (B) didncha
- (C) dunno
- (D) daaano



(38)In American accent, when someone is happy, his or her voice.....

- (A) goes down on stressed words
- (B) goes up on stressed words
- (C) goes neutral
- (D) stays normal all the way

هنا ردة فعله لما كان <mark>سعيد</mark> يكون الصوت مرتفع بينما لو حزين يكون طبيعي "لعيونها جيت"

(39)sometimes a person thinks that the answer to an English question will be "Yes," but that person isn't right. How do you answer the following?

- (A) Question: don't you have one? Answer: No, I don't
- (B) Question: don't you have one? Answer: Yes, I do
- (C) Question: don't you have one? Answer: Yes, I don't
- (D) Question: don't you have one? Answer: No, I do

C. Sometimes a person thinks that the answer to a question will be "no," but that person isn't right. How do you answer? Example: Question: You don't have one? Answer: Yes, I do. It's very important to stress the affirmative verb in the answer (do in the example). Ask and answer Questions 1-10 from the previous exercise. This time, Person B will answer "yes" and correct Person A.

اخترنا الاولى لان في السؤال قال "Yes," يعني الاجابة <mark>No</mark> ومن الطبيعي اننا بنختار الله, معاها don't انناً بنختار اللَى معاها don't والقاعدة اللي في الصورة قال لا فاخترنا نعم ارجوا انها وضحت الصورة

(40) What does the common prefix "re" like in the word "repeat" mean?

- (A) remake
- (B) midway
- (C) half
- (D) again

(41)What does the common prefix "dis" like in the word "dislike" mean?

- (A) After
- (B) before
- (C) opposite of
- (D) on

(42)What does the common suffix "ic" like in the word "technologic" mean?.

- (A) having property
- (B) act, process
- (C) state of
- (D) without

(43)In real tag-questions, the voice intonation should.....

- (A) go up on the tag
- (B) go down on the tag
- (C) go neutral or normal
- (D) none of the above is correct

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هنا بداية السؤالحدد انه سؤال حقيقي ودائماً السؤال الحقيقي
يكون الصوت فيه مرتفع
"لعيونها جيت"
```

(44) If an American speaker previously knows the respond of a tag question, his or her voice

- (A) go up on the tag
- (B) go neutral
- (C) go down on the tag
- (D) none of the above is correct



(45) If the verb in the main clause is positive, the verb in the "tag"...

(A) Should be positive

- (B) Should be negative
- (C) Must always be positive
- (D) None of the above is correct

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يسأل اذا كان الفعل في الشرط الرئيسي ايجابي فالفعل في
"tag" ...يجب ان يكون سلبي و هذي قاعدة ثابته والعكس
صحيح
"لعيونها جيت"
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الاجابات مؤكدة ۹۹% لا تنسوني من دعائكم

"لعيونها جيت"

أسئل الله لي ولكم التوفيق والسداد إن أصبت فمن الله و إن أخطأت فمن نفسي والشيطان لا تنسوني بدعائك الصالح أبو جمان

مع التمنيات الطيبة بالتوفيق