بسم المله الرحمن الرحيم كويز مادة (الصوتيات والنظام الصوتي) المحاضرة الحادية عشر [أسئلة مراجعة مجهود شخصي - الصوتيات والنظام الصوتي - د.محمود السلمان]

1) The relation between phonemes and their associated phonetic segments is one of
1) The relation between phonemes and their associated phonetic segments is one of
- aspirated - realization - unaspirtaed
2) the phoneme /p/, for instance, is
3) Realizations of a phoneme which are entirely predictable from the context are called its
4) the aspirated /p/ and the unaspirtaed /p are allophones of the /p/ phonetic - dental - phoneme
5) In other languages, such as Korean, the distribution of
6) In other languages, such as Korean, the distribution of aspirated and unaspirated voiceless stops is overlapping: there is at least one place in which either type of sound may occur. This kind of distribution is referred to as

- parallel distribution
- allophones
7) Pairs of words which differ with respect to only one sound are called
- Minimal set
8) if there are more than two words. So, sit, sat, set minimal pairs - Minimal set
9) The distinction between aspirated and unaspirated voiceless stops is
10) The distinction between aspirated and unaspirated voiceless stops is phonemic in Korean and in English. - parallel distribution - phonetic - allophonic
11) The phonemic principle: Two or more sounds are realizations of the same phoneme if:
- (a) they are in complementary distribution - (b) they are phonetically similar - all above
- no thing above
12) The phonemic principle: two or more sounds are realizations of different phonemes if:
- they are in parallel (overlapping) distribution
- they serve to signal a semantic contrast
- all above
- no thing above