

جامعة الملك فيصل
KING FAISAL UNIVERSITY



أسئلة على محاضرات مقرر

الفكر والثقافة الانجليزية

English Thought and Culture

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إعداد/ H
تنسيق/ سكرتير الخير

لا يراك الله الا محسنا

تلقوا <https://telegram.me/EnglishKFU>

- 1- What are the origins of English language and where was it first spoken?
English is a West Germanic language, English language was first spoken in England
- 2- Mention some nations that their inhabitants were spoken English as a first language ?
United Kingdom, the United States, Canada, Australia, Ireland, New Zealand and a number of Caribbean nations
- 3- What is the third most common native language in the world ?
English
- 4- Fill the gaps :

The English language is the ***third*** most common native language in the world
The first most common native language in the world is ***Mandarin Chinese***
The second most common native language in the world is ***Spanish***
- 5- What is the official language of the European union, many commonwealth and United Nations?
*** English language***
- 6- Circle the correct answer : English language is the official language....
- in schools all over the worlds
- in the developing countries
- **in many world organizations**
- 7- What is the language that people learn as a second.....language?
*** English***
- 8- Where did English language arise in the world ?
*** English arose in the Anglo-Saxon kingdoms of England***

9- Fill the gaps:

- what is called now south-east Scotland , it was kingdom of ***Anglo-Saxon*** in England
- English arose in the ***Anglo-Saxon*** kingdoms of England and what is now ***south-east Scotland***

10- What is the main influence that have helped English language to become propagative in the world ?

The extensions of powerful countries like Great Britain and the United Kingdom 17 – mid 20 th century and of the United States since the mid-20th century

11- What are the countries that its extension helped the spread of the English language and ,caused the spread of the English language to become a leading language in the world ?

** Great Britain , the United Kingdom and the United States**

12- What is the Definition of thought ?

- Generally refers to any mental or intellectual activity involving an individual's subjective consciousness
- Refer either to the act of thinking or the resulting ideas or arrangements of ideas
- Similar concepts include cognition, consciousness, and imagination
- Thought underlies almost all human actions and interactions

13- What are the similar concepts to thought?

** Cognition, consciousness, and imagination **

14- Fill the gaps:

- Because thought underlies almost all human ***actions*** and ***interactions***, understanding its ***physical*** and ***metaphysical origins***.

15- Circle the correct answer- **Thought:**

- **Generally refers to any mental or intellectual activity**
- Complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, law, morals, custom
- Make sense of or model the world in different ways

16- What is the characteristic of thinking ?

- Make sense of or model the world in different ways, and to represent or interpret it in ways that are significant to them
- Make sense of the world accord with their needs, attachments, objectives, plans

17- What is the definition of culture ?

*Culture is "that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, law, morals, custom, and any other capabilities and habits acquired by man as a member of society"

18- Culture is "that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, law, morals, custom, and any other capabilities and habits acquired by man as a member of society ,**Who is the person that defined this definition from his view ?**

Edward B. Tylor

19- Circle the correct answer. **Culture:**

- make sense of or model the world in different ways
- * Any capabilities and habits acquired by man as a member of society*
- Underlies almost all human actions and interactions

20- What are factors influencing the English Thought & Culture?

- Invasions
- Roman & Greek teachings
- Religions
- Theories, Movements, & Revolutions Media & Technology
- Geography and location.
- Contributions of other nations and cultures

المحاضرة الثانية

- 1- The entry by Germanic and Normans to others' land considered as
 - **Invasions factor.**
 - Religions factors.
 - Contributions of other nations.
 - Contributions of other cultures.

- 2- Who did **invade Britain and in which area?**
 - **Germanic invaders entered Britain on the east and south coasts.**

- 3- When did the invaders entered in to Britain?
 - **In the 5 th century.**

- 4- Fill the gap :
 - In the **5** century the **Germanic** invaders overran the **east** and **south** coasts of **Britain** .
 - Many cultural, social, economic, military and political events led to the development of English from its **Germanic roots.**

- 5- In which events did the Germanic develop in English ?
 - **In cultural, social, economic, military and political events.**

- 6- Fill the gap
 - People of Britain talked Old English in **Anglo-Saxon** era.
 - Some people in England talked the Middle English in **Normans** period .

- 7- **MENTION** the tribes of Germanic who invaded the Britain?
 - **Angles, Jutes and Saxons .**

- 8- The 3 tribes who conquered east and south coast of Britain in 5 century are ...
 - **Germanic**
 - Normans
 - French
 - Scotch

9- The Angles , Jutes and Saxons tribes were spoken of

-**Germanic origin**

-Franch

-Greek

-All of above

10- Words like: be , strong , water and mine its roots from

- Angles.

- **Germanic origin – old English.**

- French.

- Roman.

11- What is the name of the Duke of Normandy ?

William.

12- When William did conquered England?

In 1066.

13- The Duke of Normandy invaded:

-**England .**

-Britain .

-France.

14- The conquerors in 1100 -1500 era called:

- Germanic

- **Normans**

- British

15- What kind of language did the Normans bring with them when they invaded England ?

French language.

16- The French language was used by a specific class who were they ?

The Royal Court, and the ruling and business classes.

- 17-** In the Middle English period there was linguistic class division , How ?
 In that period there was the lower classes spoke English and the upper classes spoke French.
- 18-** During Middle English era in English there was a period that characterized by
- all people spoke English and French.
 - Many civil war occurred .
 - The lower classes spoke French .
 - **The lower class spoke English and the upper spoke French.**
- 19-** What kind of language was dominating in 14 century in Britain ?
 English
- 20-** In which century became the English language dominant in Britain ?
 In 14 century.
- 21-** Fill the gap :
 In the 14th century English became dominant in Britain again, but with many French words added.
- 22-** What are the characteristics of Early Modern English period ?
- (the Great Vowel Shift) started, with vowels being pronounced shorter and shorter.
 - The British had contact with many peoples from around the world.
 - The Renaissance of Classical learning.
 - Many new words and phrases entered the language.
 - The invention of printing.
 - There was a common language in print.(WHICH WAS ENGLISH)
- 23-** In which era did the Early Modern English occur :
- 1100 -1500
 - 1500-1800***
 - 450-1100
 - 14 century
- 24-** What did make the English language a common language in 16 century ?
 The invention of printing.

25- The invention of printing contributed to the development of many things

give examples >>

- Books became cheaper.
- More people learned to read.
- Printing also brought standardization to English.
- Spelling and grammar became fixed.
- The dialect of London, where most publishing houses were became the standard.
- In 1604 the first English dictionary was published. .

26- When was the first English dictionary published ? and where ?

In 1604 , in Britain .

23- When did the late modern English start ?

- 1800

-1600

- 1500 - 1800

27- What is the main difference between Early Modern English and Late Modern English?

Is vocabulary , late Modern English has many more words.

28- What did make Late Modern English has many more words than Early Modern English?

There are 2 main principal factors:

Firstly, the Industrial Revolution and technology created a need for new words,
Secondly, the British Empire at its height covered one quarter of the earth's surface, and the English language adopted foreign words from many countries.

29-The reason behind the plenty of words that the Late Modern English have is :

- Many schools and scholars were speared around the Britain .
- **The Industrial Revolution and technology created a need for new words.**
- Because of printing .

30- Fill the gap :

- American English is more like the English of **Shakespeare** than modern British English is.
- British called the expressions of the English colonization of North America "**Americanisms**"
- Some "Americanisms" are **original British** expressions like ,(trash for rubbish) but British lost them and the colonization of North America preserved them .

- 31- Which the one of these languages had an influence on American English:
- Greek
 - **Spanish**
 - Arabic
- 32- What did make the Spanish language entered to the English was :
- **The settlement of the American West.**
 - The scholarships that given to scholars.
 - The invasion of Spanish.
 - Through the slave trade.
- 33- What did make the French words entered to the English was :
- Through the slave trade.
 - The settlement of the American West.
 - **Through Louisiana .**
 - Through the goods trade.
- 34- What did make the West African words entered to the English was:
- The settlement of the American West.
 - The scholarships that given to scholars .
 - **Through the slave trade.**
 - Industrial Revolution and technology.
- 35- What is the most type of English language that has influencing these days ?
American English.
- 36- What is the main reason that led the American English to have a particular influence?
Because USA's dominance of cinema, television, popular music, trade and technology (including the Internet).
- 37- Mention some other varieties of English language except American English ?
Australian English, New Zealand English, Canadian English, South African English, Indian English and Caribbean English.