

:Research is

- Looking for knowledge only ☐
- Looking for data only ☐
- Looking for new ideas and findings ☒
- Looking for previous studies ☐

An Abstract is

- A summary of the whole thing ☒
- A summary of the whole results ☐
- A summary of the whole literature review ☐
- A summary of the whole methodology ☐

A good classical report will consist of

- Abstract- methodology- results-introduction ☐
- Abstract-literature review- results-introduction ☐
- Abstract-introduction-literature review-methodology-results ☒
- Abstract-results-introduction-literature review ☐

3	درجة المحاولة : 3
3	درجة الواجب الحاصل عليها:

In the introduction

You introduce the results ☐

You introduce the study and its significance ☒

You introduce all previous studies and a critique for them ☐

You introduce all the methods and instruments you used ☐

In the literature review

You talk about the results ☐

You talk about the study and its significance ☐

You talk about all previous studies and a critique for them ☒

You talk about all the procedures used ☐

Plagiarism is

Representing other authors' language and ideas as your own original work ☐

Representing your own language and ideas as your own original work ☐

Representing other authors' language and ideas as their own original work ☒

Representing other authors' language and ideas as a plagiarised work ☐

1-The dependent variable is

a-The variable that is affected by the independent variable

b- The variable that is dependent on the hypothesis

c- The variable that is affected by the abstract

d- The variable that is affected by the results

2-The significant difference has to be at the level of

a- $P = .50$

b- $P = .05$

c- $P = .50$

d- $P = 0.50$

3-If you have one variable in your research, then it is

a- Multivariate

b- Univariate

c- Bivariate

d- factorial

4-We use questionnaires in research as a

a- tool to collect data

b- tool to analyse data

c- tool to generate results

d- tool to design research