1- For conference interpreting , traditional …………
A- Bilingual or multilingual interview, written translation and sight translation.
B- Bilingual translation of textual material into another language.
C- Multilingual written translational activity into another oral translation.
D- Bilingual written summary in another language.

2- Interpreter's personality traits include
A- Hard working, staying up late, remembering task time and quick to translated.
B- Encouraging, helping clients, cooperating with clients.
C- Motivation, coping with stress, quick to recall and fluent.
D- Able to answer exam questions quickly and fluent in his speech.

3- International conference interpreting is
A- An early example of 'a global transaction'.
B- An early example of 'a global frustration'.
C- An early example of 'a global communication'.
D- An early example of 'a global profession'.

4- The most appropriate interpreting of
استطرد المعلم قائلاً: لقد كان رجلاً سعيداً، لم أره يوماً يستسلم لليأس جراء عودته صفر اليدين
A- A teacher went on to say: 'He was a happy man, never seen him return with zero hands'.
B- The teacher went on to say: 'He was a good man, never seen him giving in to despair returning with yellow hands'.
C- The teacher went on to say: : 'He was a happy man, I had never seen him giving in to despair when he returned empty-handed'.
D- The teacher went on to say: 'He was a happy man, I've never seen him giving up hope as he returns home with nothing in his hands'.

5- The spread of international English is likely to
A- Help the market for conference interpreters.

B- Shrink the market for conference interpreters.
C- Expand the market for conference interpreters.
D- Introduce the market for conference interpreters.

6- As far as localized interpreting is concerned,
A- Bilingual meetings tend to involve English and the local dialects.
B- Bilingual meetings tend to involve English and the local language.
C- Bilingual meetings tend to involve English and the local culture.
D- Bilingual meetings tend to involve English and the local accents.

7- The increasing presence of China and other Asian countries on the international stage
A- Tend to have serious implications for interpreting practice and interpreting studies.
B- Tend to have on implications for interpreting practice and interpreting studies.
C- Tend to have implications for interpreting studies only.
D- Tend to have serious implications for interpreting practice only

8- The scope of the interpreter's task
A-is mainly conduct.
B-is mainly process and product.
C- is mainly process.
D- is mainly production.

9- Liaison interpretiong is mainly practiced
A-in courts.
B- in commercial negotiations.
C- in police stations.
D- in hospitals.

10- Sign language in terpreting normally takes place in
A-military barracks.
B- educational institutions.
C- commercial organizations.
D- conference interpreting.

11- The most appropriate interpreting of

'Many Muslims pilgrimage here, so if you are looking for a place to visit, come and visit the kaaba a great time for the family' is

- كثير من المسلمين الحج هنا، لذلك إذا كنت تبحث عن مكان للزيارة، وتأتي زيارة الكعبة وقت كبير مع الأسرة

- كثير من المسلمين يحج هنا ، لذلك إن كنت تبحث عن مكان زيارة، زر الكعبة وأقضي وقت كبير مع الأسرة

ج- يأتي كثير من الناس للحج هنا ، لذلك إذا كنت تبحث عن مكان للزيارة ، قم بالحج وبزيارة الكعبة مع الأسرة

<mark>د- يحج كثير من المسلمين إلى هنا ، لذلك إذا كنت تبحث عن مكان للزيارة ، قم بزيارة الكعبة وأقضى وقتاً ممتعاً مع أسرتك</mark>

12- Bilateral interpreting is modeled
A-as 'one-party interaction'.
B- as 'two-party interaction'.
<mark>C- as 'three-party interaction'.</mark>
D- as 'four-party interaction'.

13- Multilateral communication interpreting is
A-mainly called 'liaison interpreting'.
B- mainly called 'community interpreting'.
C- mainly called 'group interpreting'.
<mark>D- mainly called 'conference interpreting'.</mark>

14- Conference interpreting
<mark>A-emerged during World War I when negotiations were held in French.</mark>
B- emerged during World War II when negotiations were held in French.
C- emerged between World War I & World War II when negotiations were held in French.
D- emerged after World War II when negotiations were held in French.

15- In interpreting, language modality refers to
A-the use of consecutive interpreting.
B- the use of simultancous interpreting.
<mark>C- the use of spoken language.</mark>
D- the use of whispered interpreting.

24- Sight translation is a special form of interpreting
A-that can used as a proficiency test.
B- that can used as an altitude test.
<mark>C- that can used as an aptitude test.</mark>
D- that can used as a general language test.

25- The most appropriate interpreting of
'Local people told journalists they had heard explosions throughout the night, coming from the direction of the garrison town's military camp'

- وقال للصحفيين الناس أنهم سمعوا انفجارات طوال الليل ، قادمة من أنحاء بلدة مخيم الحامية العسكرية

- وقال السكان المحليين للصحفيين أنهم سمعوا انفجارات طوال الليل، قادمة من أنحاء بلدة مخيم الحامية العسكرية.

- وقيل للصحفيين أنهم سمعوا انفجارات طوال الليل ، قادمة من مخيم الحامية العسكرية.

- وقال الصحفويون أن الناس قد سمعوا انفجارا طوال الليل ، قادمة من اتجاه الحامية العسكرية

26)to enhance student presentation in consecutive interpreting
a-training in listening and speaking skills is highly recommended
b- training in planning and organizing research project is highly recommended
c- training in dialogue delivery is highly recommended
d- training in public speaking is highly recommended

27) when taking notes the interpreters trend to use
a-mainly symbol based system
b- mainly …… based system
c- mainly translation based system
d- mainly interpreting based system

28)Interpreting could be define as
a) The oral translation of written message
b) The oral rendering of a spoken message
c) The oral translation of written dialogue
d) The oral translation of tests of general nature

29- what is distinctive about conference interpreting is that it takes place …
a-within particular format of dejection
b- within particular format of reaction
c- within particular format of interaction
d- within particular format of conjunction

30) the most appropriate interpreting of:
مكث عندي شهراً واحداً ، كان يخرج كل ليلة ، وهو يقول : سأذهب إلى العمل ، أما أنت ، فداوم على التأمل وأكثر من الصلاة

a) He stayed one month , it come one every night , the says : I'll go to work ,but you stay meditation and prayer more

b) He stayed with me for a month , he used to go out every night "I am off to work and you stay here mediating and performing more prayer

c) I had him stayed with me and every night he want out said"I am going to work and you are sting here mediating and praying

d) He stayed here for a month, he use to go out every night saying : I want to work and you staying here thinking and praying

31- interpreting main typological parameters are
a- Consecutive , simultaneous , and whispered interpreting
b- Language modality, working mode and directionality
c- Remote interpreting diplomatic interpreting and community interpreting

32- consecutive interpreting is :
a- Closely related to speaking skills
b- Closely related to listening skills
c- Closely related to note-talking skills
d- Closely related to public speaking skills

33 - simultaneous interpreting takes place
a- As the SL text is being presented
b- After the SL text is presented
c- Before the SL text is presented
d- Only where the interpreter works right next to listener

34- one of the interpreting domains is medium , it covers

a- Spoken , conference language and migrant language
b- Speeches debates and face-to-face interpreting
c- Human, machine and computer-aided interpreting
d- Professional, semi-professional or layman interpreter

35- mode is one of the most important domains of interpreting , it covers
a- International conference , media , police and curt setting
b- Consecutive , simultaneous whispered and sight interpreting
c- Equal representative, individual vs institutional representative
d- Simultaneity , memory ,quality , stress, effect and role

36- the most effective approach for training interpreters is
a- Mainly by exercises modeled on real life tasks
b- Mainly by skill training such as computer skills and strategies
c- Mainly by the process of socializing student into a 'community of professional practice '
d- Mainly by reflective practice and cognitive apprenticeship

37- candidates for interpreter training are expected to have a competence profile of the following traits
a- Knowledge , qualifications and skills
b- Knowledge , expertise and personality traits
c- Knowledge , cognitive skills and experience
d- Knowledge , cognitive skills and personality traits

38- interpreter's cognitive skills include
a- Stress tolerance , speed and attention
b- Analysis, attention and memory
c- Attention, language and environment
d- Curiosity , speed and attention

39)availability of new equipment help researchers to make Survey....
A- over the telephone
B- over the internet
C- over video
D- by interviewing people

40) the use of electro-acoustic transmission equipment to allow for simultaneous interpreting
A- happened in the 1940
B- happened in the 1930
C- happened in the 1920
D- happened in the 1950

41) The role of technology tend to have strong repercussions on interpreter training, including
A- The deployment of training stations and web-based source-text archives
B- he deployment of digital training stations and web-based source-text archives

42) one of the most important steps in designing and implement project is to be

A- as implicit and possible

B- as development as possible

C- as explicit as possible

D- as brief as possible

43 - the male steps towards completing an scripting research project are

A- an overview , a model , a topic, a writing list, problem , design

B- an overview , a model , a title , reding list, question. framework

C- an overview , a theory, a topic, a writing list, Answer, design

D- an overview , a model , a topic, a reading list, question, design

44 - in implementing and interpreting research design

A- it is Important to have a problem and various types of data

B- it is Important to collect a process and analysing various types of data

c- it is Important to ask question , answer question about various types of data

45 - shadowing - as an exercise is simultancont verbal processing is -

A- the immediate repetition of auditory input in the same language

B- the immediate repetition of auditory input in the second language

c- the immediate repetition of auditory output in the same language

d- the immediate repetition of auditory output in the second language

46) Technical equipment is essentially used to

a. provide the mixing of source-and Target- language messages in the acoustic channel

b. avoid the mixing of source-and Target- language messages in the acoustic channel

c. enable the mixing of source-and Target- language messages in the acoustic channel

d. protect the mixing of source-and Target- language messages in the acoustic channel

47) Simultaneous interpreting with full technical equipment is

a. very well used in certain context only

b. rarely used nowadays specially in educational settings

c. so widely established today

d. so narrowly established today

فقال الأستاذ: هات ما عندك لأسمع **48) the most appropriate interpreting of**

a. the professor said: what do you have to hear

b . the teacher said: 'give me what you have to listen to

c. the teacher said: ' say whay you have

d. the teacher said: 'speak, I am listening

49)The most appropriate interpreting of ' I know nothing about the Arabic culture be

To Al-Hasa and I really fell in love with it

a'

b .لم أكن اعرف شيئا عن الثقافة العربية قبل ان احضر الى الاحساء ، وانني حقا عشقتها

لم اكن اعرف شيئا عن الثقافة العربية الا بعد ان جئت الى الحسا وانني وقعت في الحب معها

c

. *لم اكن اعرف شيئت عن الثقافة العربية فحضرت الى الحسا وقعت حقا في حبها*

d

* لم اكن اعرف شيئا عن الثقافة العربية قبل الذهاب الى الحسا فوقعت في الحب معها

50) Tactile interpreting is used in communication with

a - The deaf only   .

b- The blind only   .

c- The deaf-blind   .

d- .Neither the deaf nor the blind